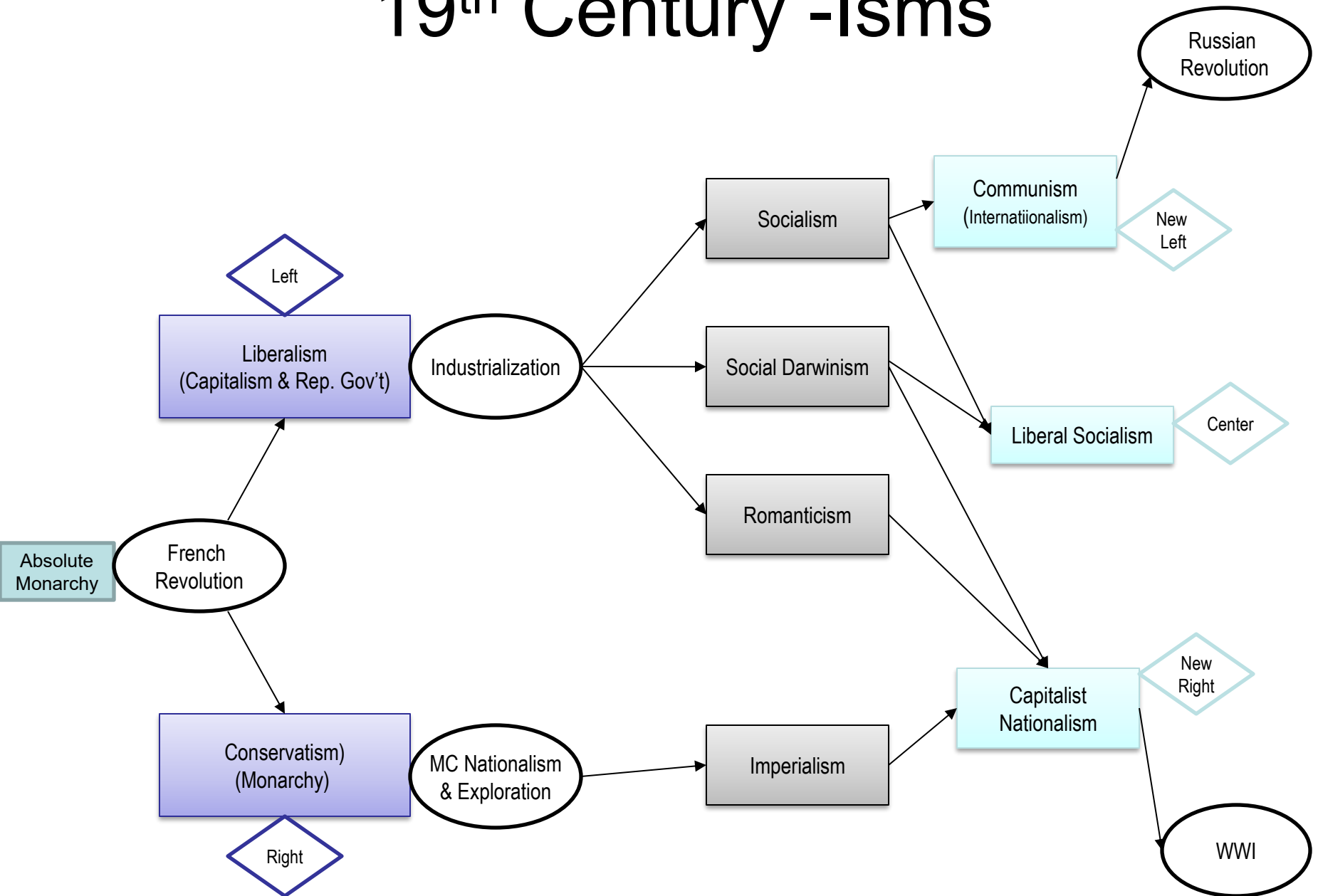


Modern Western Civilization

Professor. John “Kinch” Kincheloe

19th Century -Isms

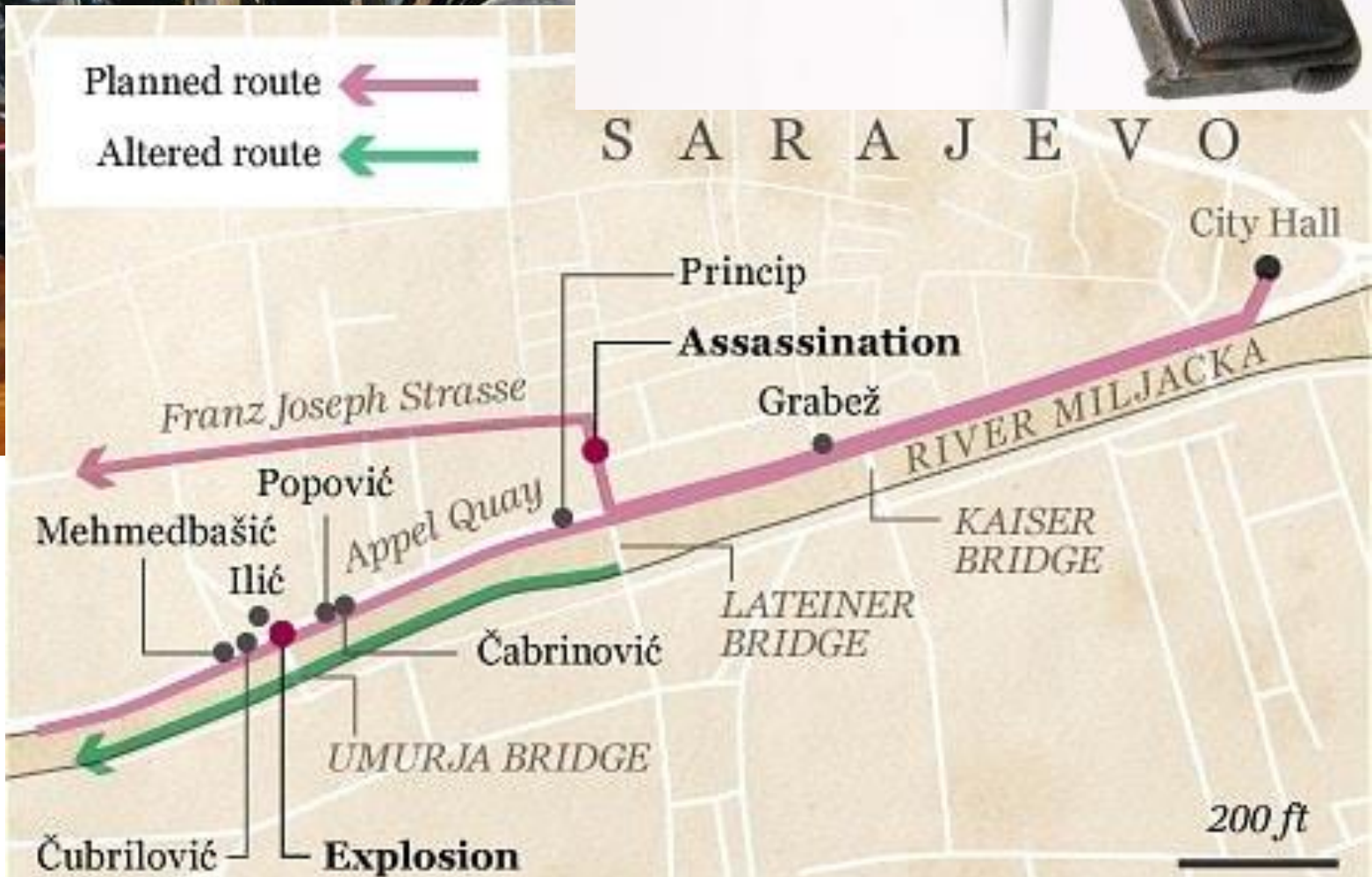
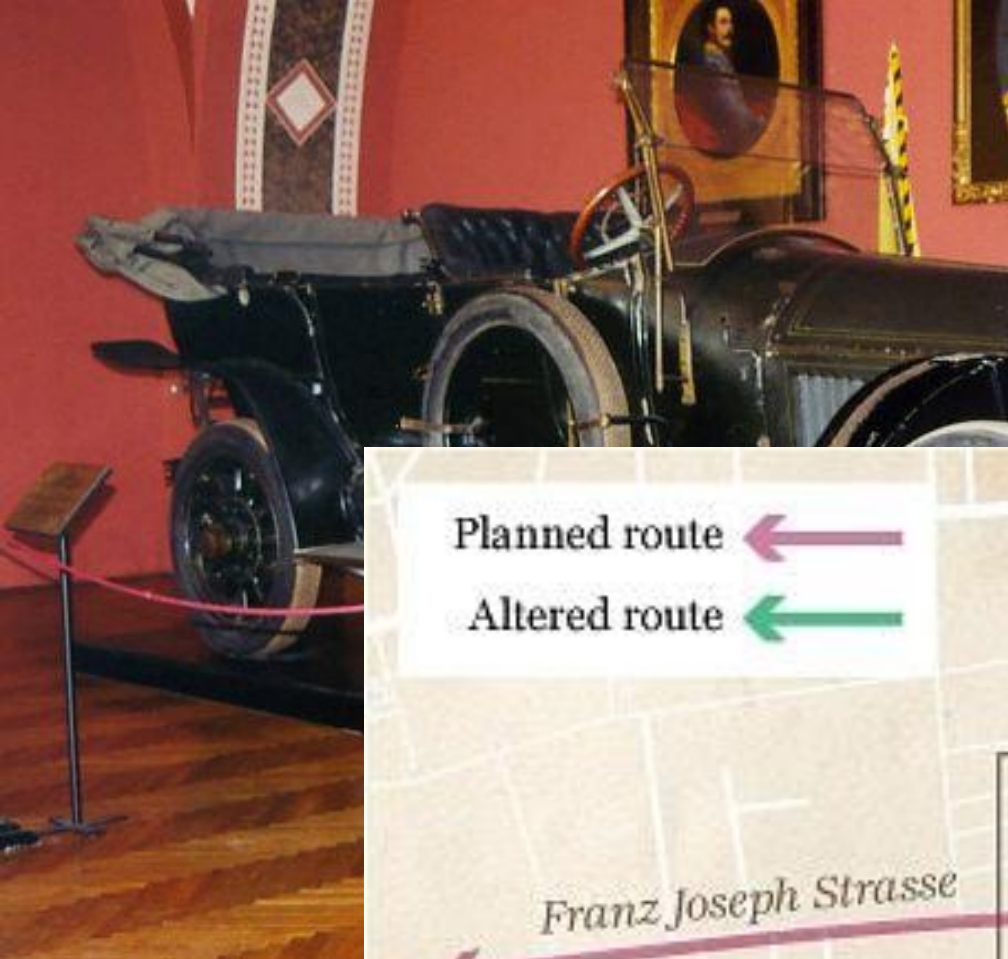


The Great War

- Entangling Alliances
The Generation of 1914
Robert Brooke
Sarajevo, June 28, 1914
Archduke Franz Ferdinand
Gavrilo Princip
BLACKHAND
“Blank Check”
Triple Alliance
Aus-Hungary, Ger, Italy, Ottoman Empire
Triple Entente
France, Great Britain, Russia, Italy
Schlieffen Plan
Race to the Sea
Conscripts
1915-1917: War of Attrition
Spring Offensive (1918)
11am – 11/11 = Armistice day







- Chain of Events that Led to World War 1
 - Archduke of Austria is assassinated
 - Austria blames Serbia for this
 - Serbia refuses to comply with the demands so Austria invades Serbia
 - Russia mobilizes its forces
 - Germany declares war on Russia
 - Germany declares war on France
 - Germany invades Belgium to get into France easily
 - Britain declares war on Germany





The Soldier

by [Rupert Brooke](#)

If I should die, think only this of me:

That there's some corner of a foreign field

That is for ever England. There shall be

In that rich earth a richer dust concealed;

A dust whom England bore, shaped, made aware,

Gave, once, her flowers to love, her ways to roam,

A body of England's, breathing English air,

Washed by the rivers, blest by suns of home.

And think, this heart, all evil shed away,

A pulse in the eternal mind, no less

Gives somewhere back the thoughts by England given;

Her sights and sounds; dreams happy as her day;

And laughter, learnt of friends; and gentleness,

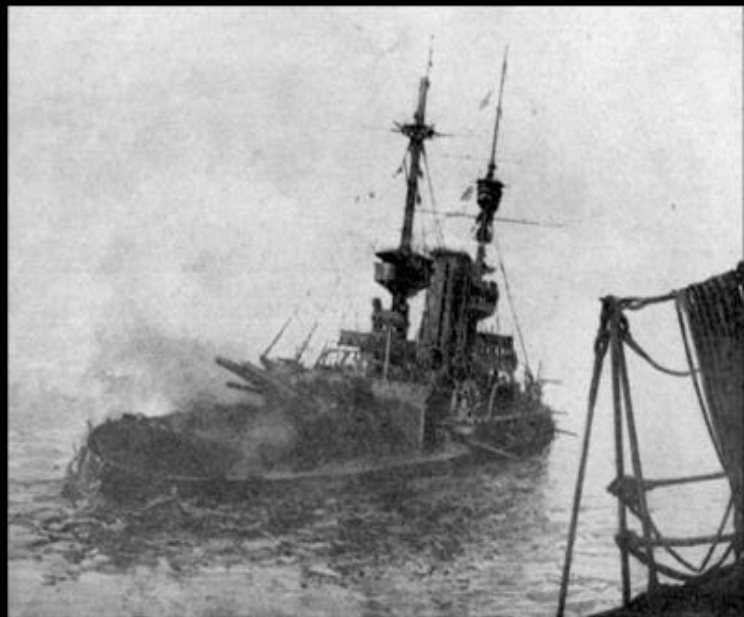
In hearts at peace, under an English heaven.

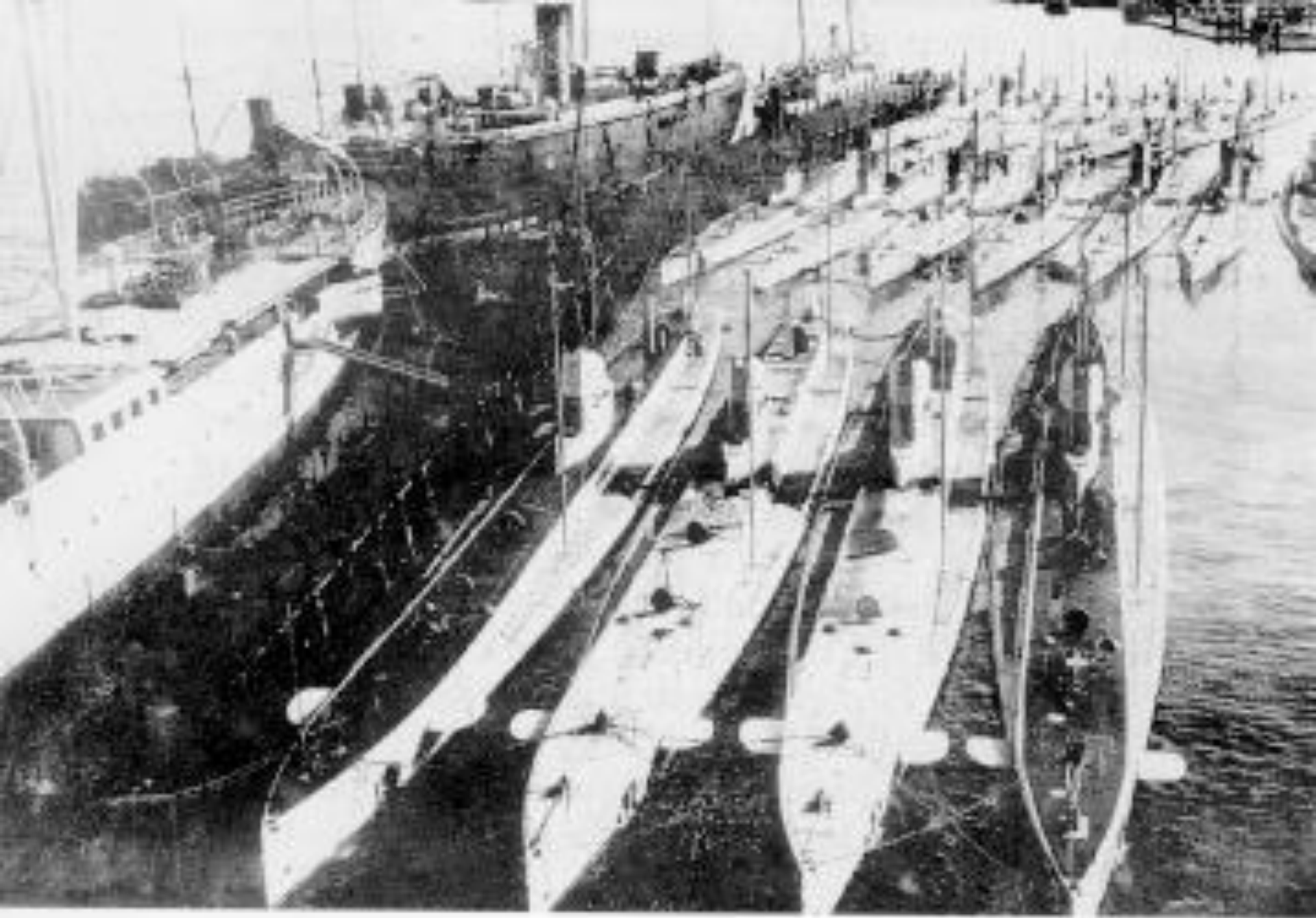




16AC 914 22-7-11: 7-13 PM. 36° N 125° 30' W







German U-Boats

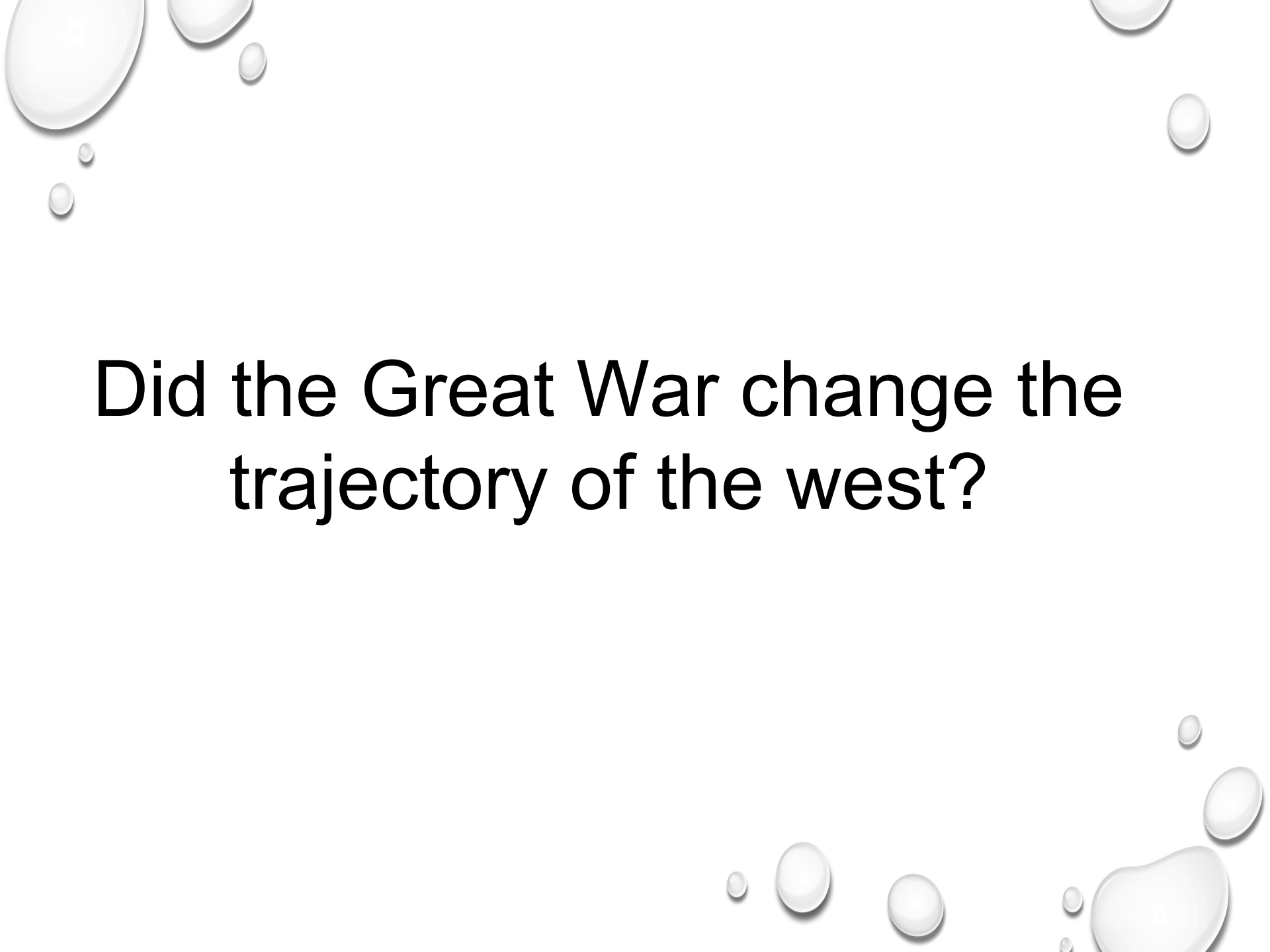


The confusion behind the trenches in France.

EUROPE GOES TO WAR

- British naval blockade
- Trench line, Western front, 1915
- Eastern front, 1915



The image features a white background with several realistic water droplets of varying sizes. These droplets are positioned in the corners: top-left, top-right, and bottom-right. Each droplet has a highlight and a shadow, giving it a three-dimensional appearance.

Did the Great War change the
trajectory of the west?

Russian Revolution

- Tzar Nicholas Romanov II
February Revolution, 1917 (March Revolution)
Petrograd Women
Provisional Govt.
The Duma
Alexander Kerensky
Petrograd Soviet
“order number one”
Vladimir Lenin (April 1917)
Finland Station (Petrograd)
April Thesis: Peace, Land, & Bread
Kornilov Affair (July 1917)
October Revolution
Civil War
Mensheviks- v- Bolsheviks
Politburo
Leon Trotsky
Nikolai Bukharin - “Pravda”
Joseph Stalin - General Secretary
The Cult of Personality



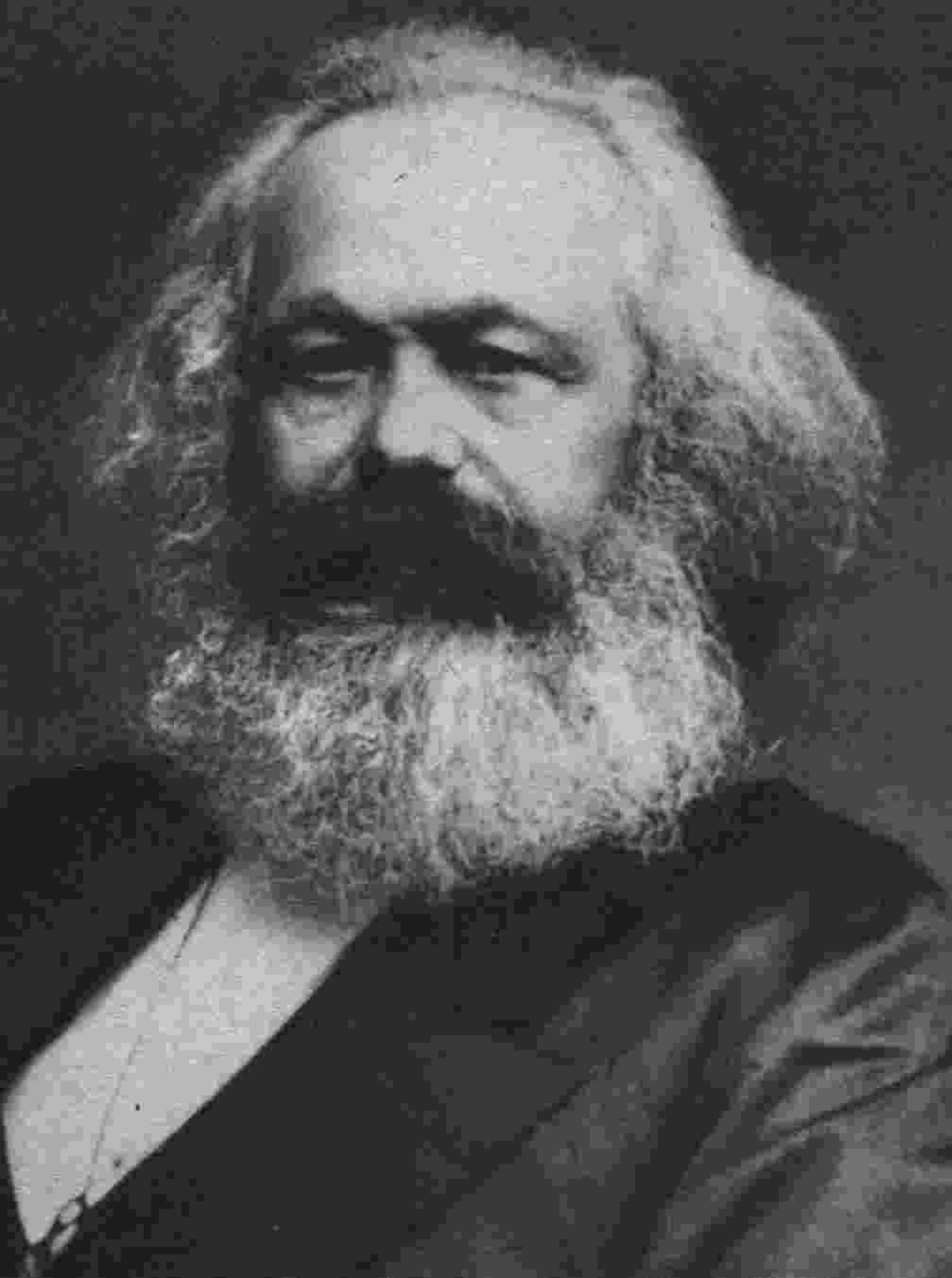




A. H. KERENSKY

4213-7













Russian Revolution and Civil War, 1905–1922

INTERACTIVE





Vladimir Lenin



Joseph Stalin



Jacob Sverdlov



A. S. Bubnov



F. E. Dzerzhinsky



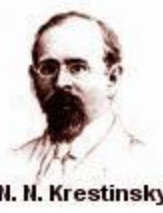
S. G. Shaumian



M. S. Uritsky



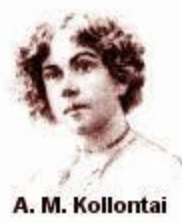
M. K. Muranov



N. N. Krestinsky



V. P. Miliutin



A. M. Kollontai



F. A. Sergeev



G. Ia. Sokolnikov



Nikolai Bukharin



Alexei Rykov



V. P. Nogin



Ia. A. Berzin



Lev Kamenev



Grigory Zinoviev



Leon Trotsky



I. T. Smilga





1990



Today



Independence

- **March 1990**
(1) Lithuania
- **May 1990**
(2) Latvia
(3) Estonia
- **April 1991**
(4) Georgia
- **August 1991**
(5) Ukraine, (6) Moldova,
(7) Azerbaijan, (8) Uzbekistan,
(9) Kyrgyzstan
- **September 1991**
(10) Tajikistan, (11) Armenia,
- **October 1991**
(12) Turkmenistan
- **December 1991**
(13) Belarus
(14) Russia
(15) Kazakhstan

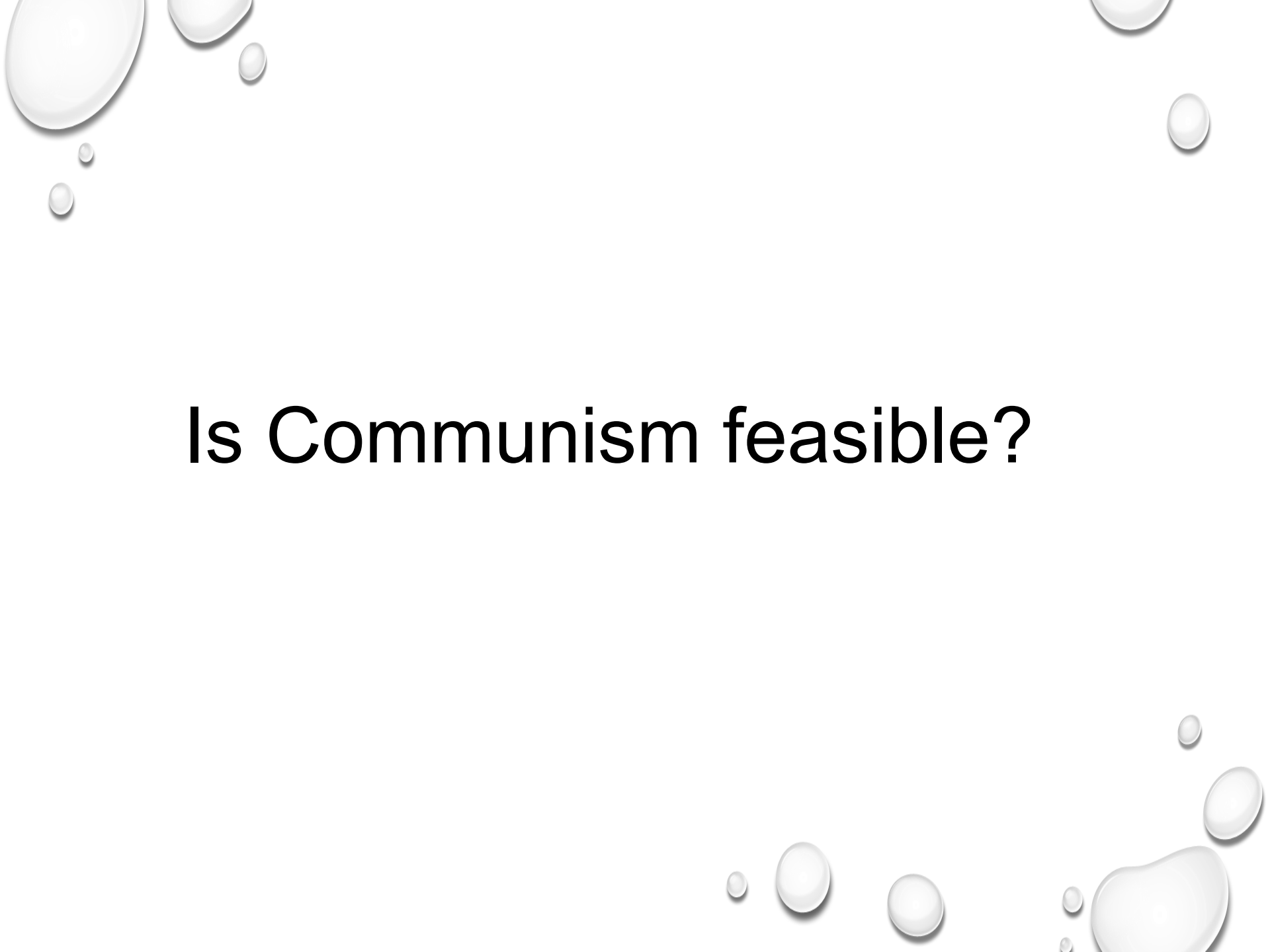


NATO 1998



2022



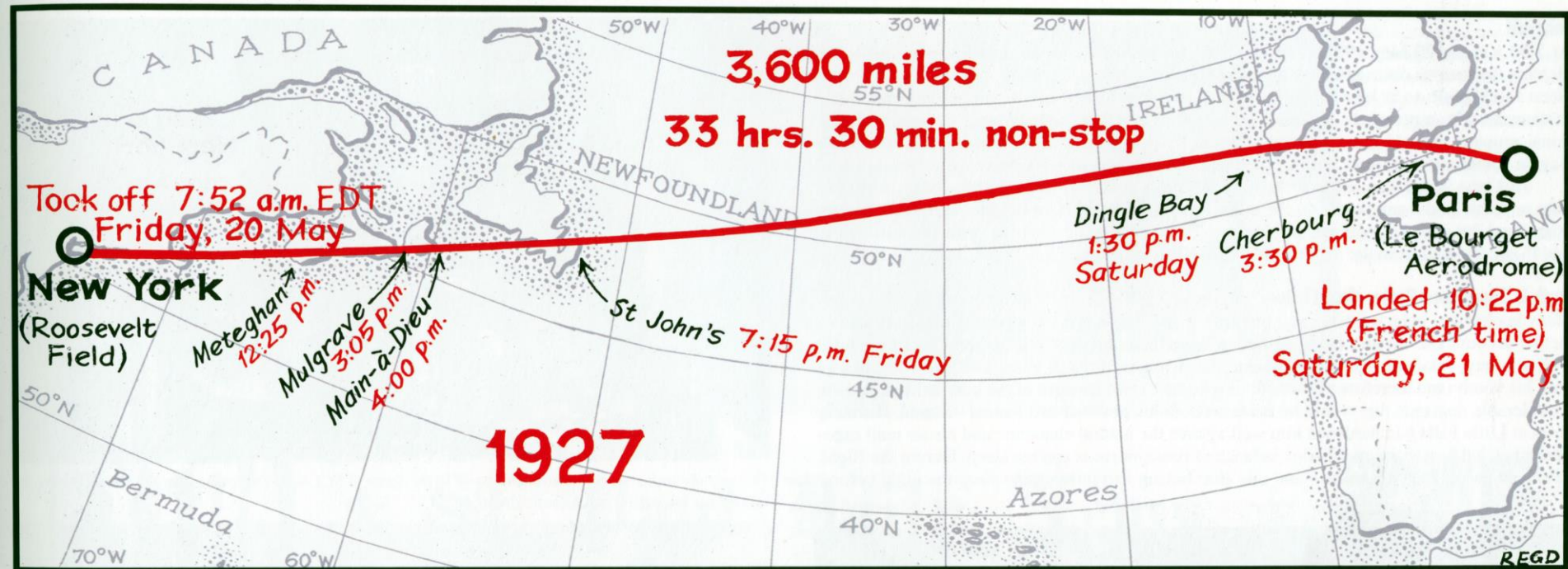
The image features a white background with several realistic water droplets of varying sizes. In the top-left corner, there is a large droplet and a few smaller ones. In the top-right corner, there is a medium-sized droplet and a small one. In the bottom-right corner, there is a large, irregular droplet and several smaller ones. In the bottom-center, there are two medium-sized droplets. The droplets have highlights and shadows, giving them a three-dimensional appearance.

Is Communism feasible?

Interwar / Fascism

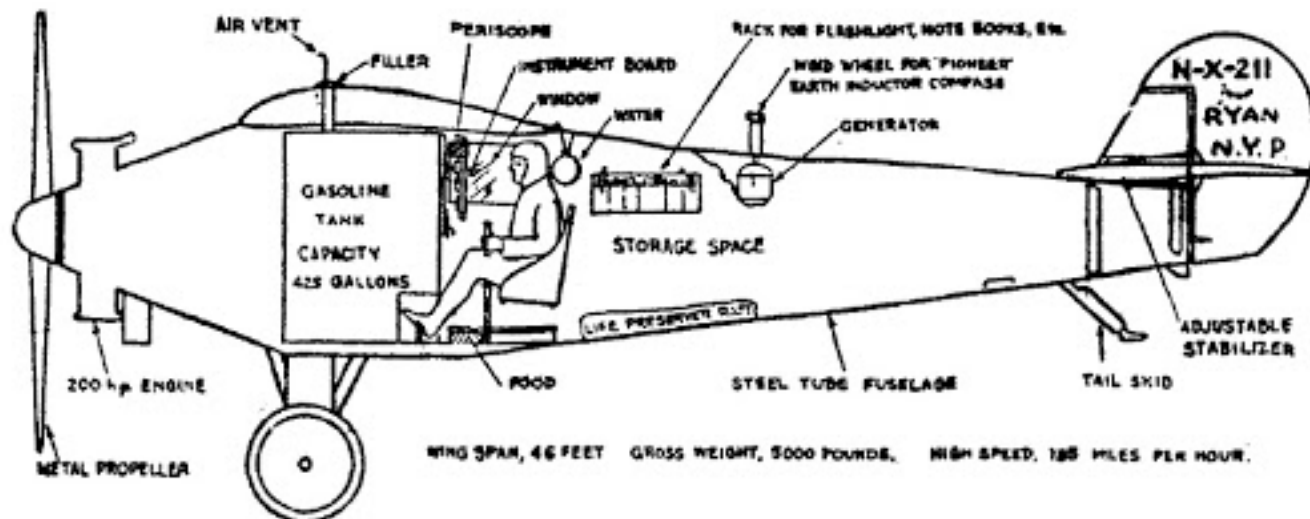
- Charles Lindbergh
- Dadaism / Surrealism
 - “Lost Generation”
 - Hedonism
 - Hemingway & Fitzgerald
- American Invasion
 - Josephine Baker
- Treaty of Versailles
 - Article 231
- Weimar Republic
 - Reparations
 - Dawes Plan
- Great Depression
 - German Inflation
- Fascism
 - NSDAP
 - (National Socialist German Workers Party)
 - “Triumph of the Will”





The Literary Digest for June 4, 1927

Diagram Showing The Interior Of Lindbergh's Plane



WING SPAN, 46 FEET GROSS WEIGHT, 5000 POUNDS. HIGH SPEED, 185 MILES PER HOUR.

THE RYAN 'Spirit of St. Louis' TRANSATLANTIC MONOPLANE

Je m'appelle
DADA
depuis 1892.

FRANCIS

[illegible]

old Nourse



ME
TRISTAN
TZARA







discovery of offenders and the just appreciation of responsibility.

**PART VIII.
REPARATION.**

**SECTION I.
GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

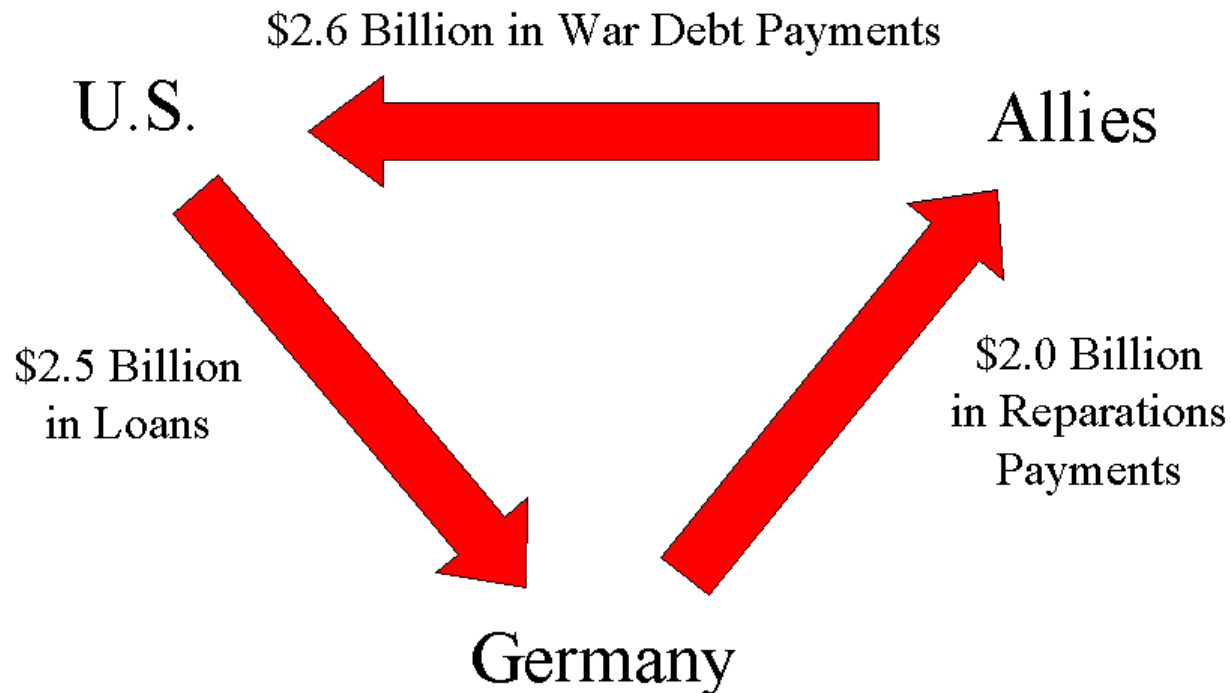
Article 231.

The Allied and Associated Governments confirm and Germany accepts the responsibility of Germany and her allies for causing all the loss and damage to which the Allied and Associated Governments and their nationals have been subjected as a consequence of the war imposed upon them by the aggression of Germany and her allies.

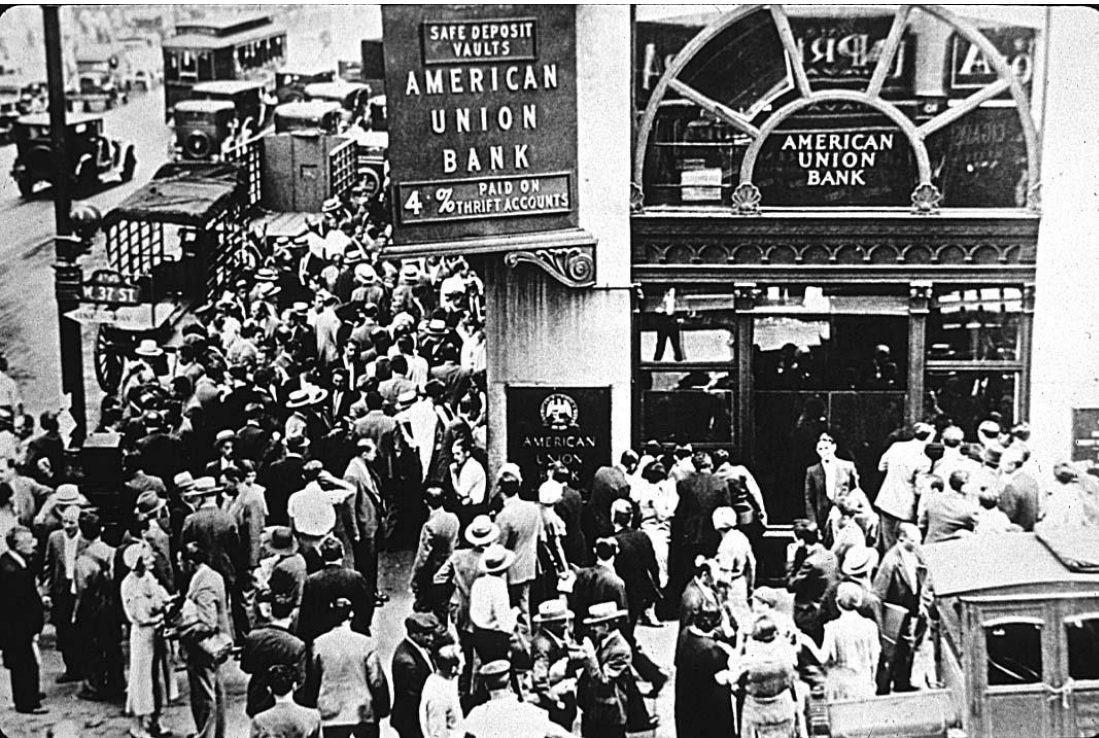
Article 232.

The Allied and Associated Governments recognize that the resources of Germany are not adequate, after taking into account permanent discriminations of such resources.

The International Financial System Under the Dawes Plan and Young Plan 1924-30



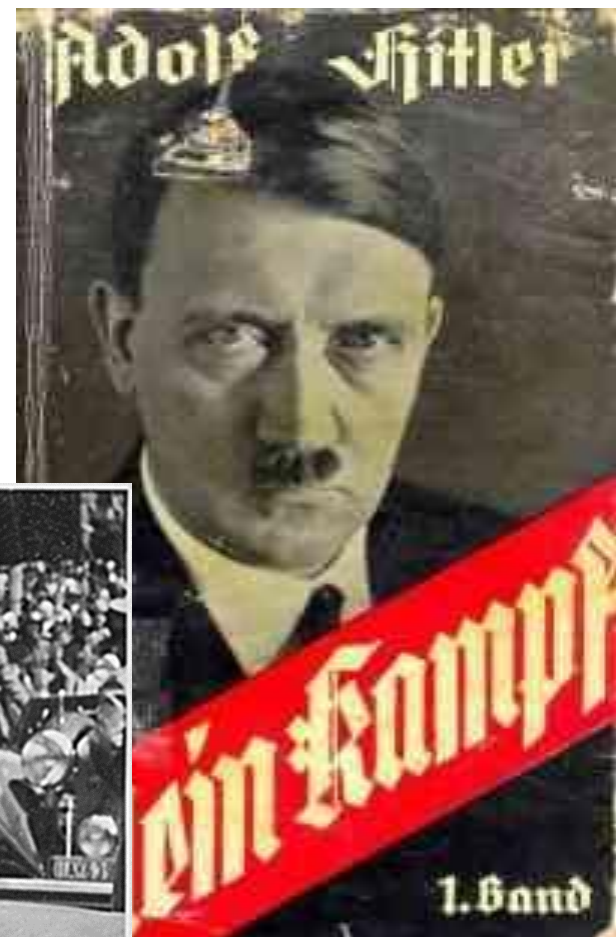
The Great Depression



Depositors gather outside this bank in April 1933 hoping that it does not fail.



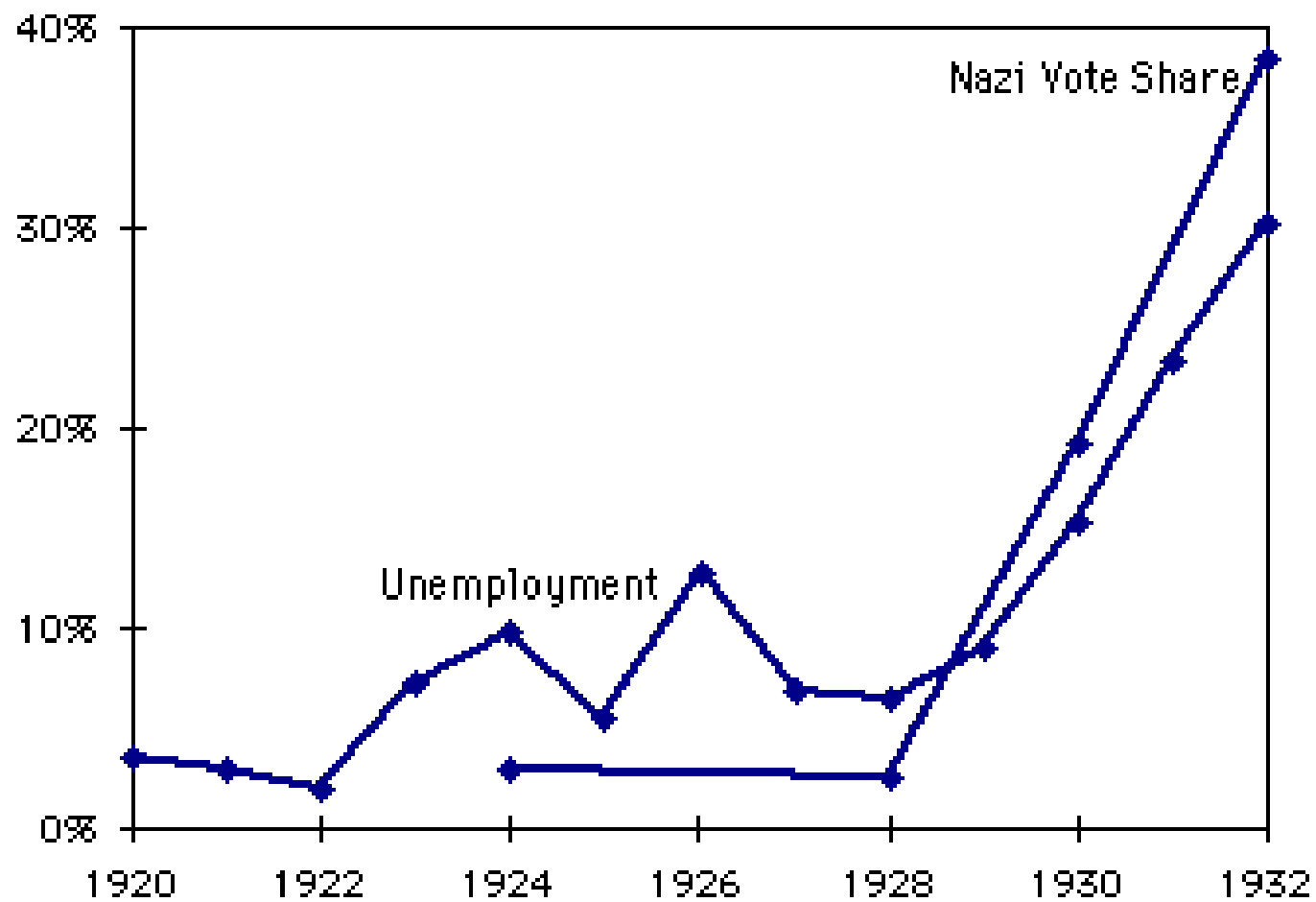




Beer Hall Putsch(NSDAP)----- | 1922/23 | -----March on Rome (PNF)



German Unemployment and Nazi Vote Share



DIE
NSDAP
SICHERT DIE
VOLKS-
GEMEINSCHAFT

VOLKSGENOSSEN
BRAUCHT IHR RAT UND HILFE
SO WENDET EUCH AN DIE
ORTSGRUPPE





Totalitarian leaders of the 1930s

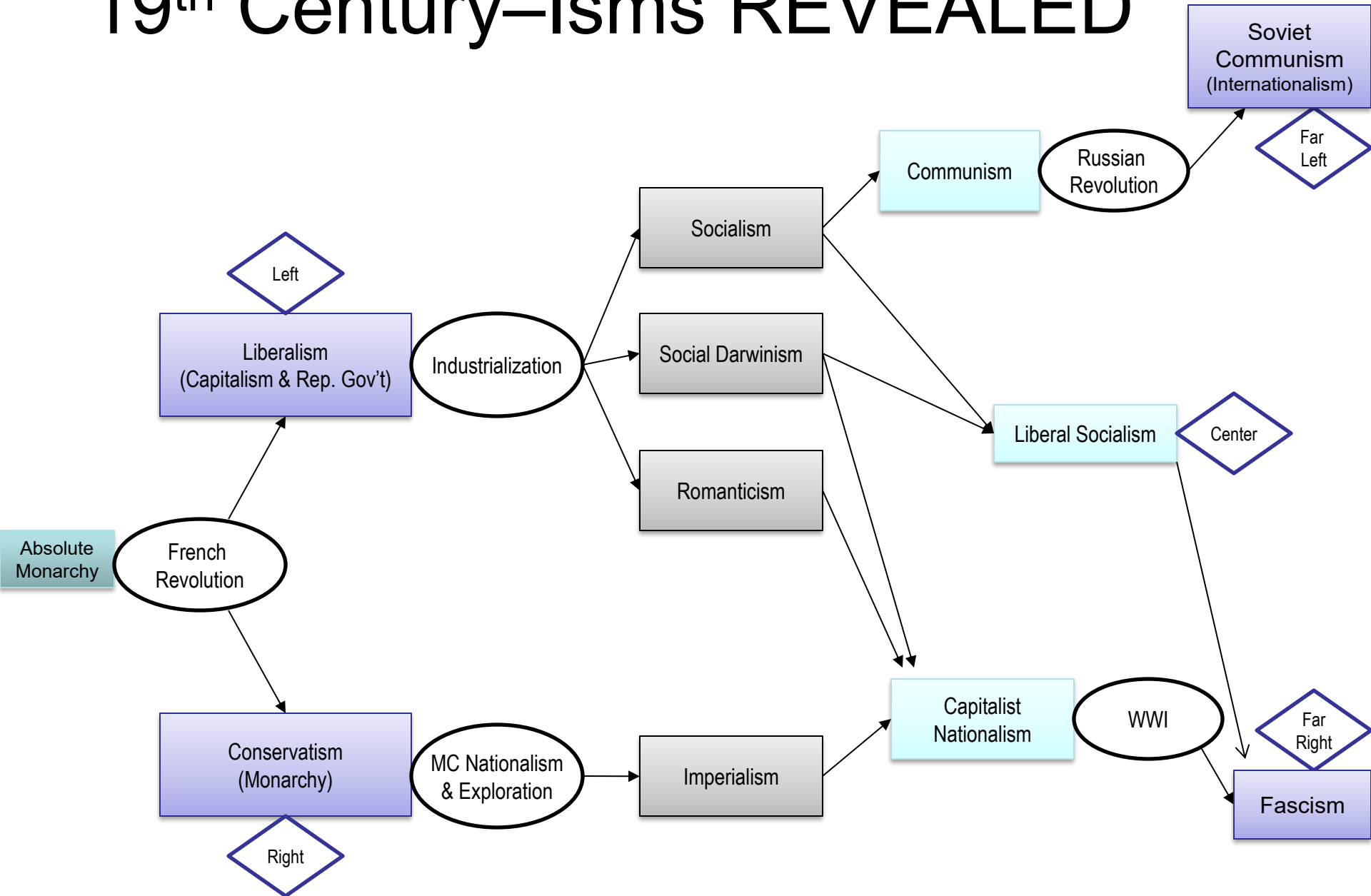
• Axis

- Mussolini (Italy)- 1922
- Salazar(Portugal) 1932 N
- Hitler (Germany)- 1933
- Dollfuss (Austria) 1934
- Franco (Spain)-1936 N
- Goga + (Romania) 1937
- Tiso (Slovakia)- 1939
- Petain (France)- 1940
- Nedic (Serbia) 1941
- ** Tojo (Japan)- 1941

• Allies

- Stalin (USSR)- 1922
- Mustafa Ataturk (Turkey)- 1923 N
- Chiang Kai-shek (China)- 1928
- Roosevelt (U.S.A)- 1933
- Churchill (GBR)- 1940
- Ho Chi Minh (Vietnam)- 1945
- Kim-Sung (N. Korea)- 1945/48
- Mao (China)- 1949

19th Century–Isms REVEALED

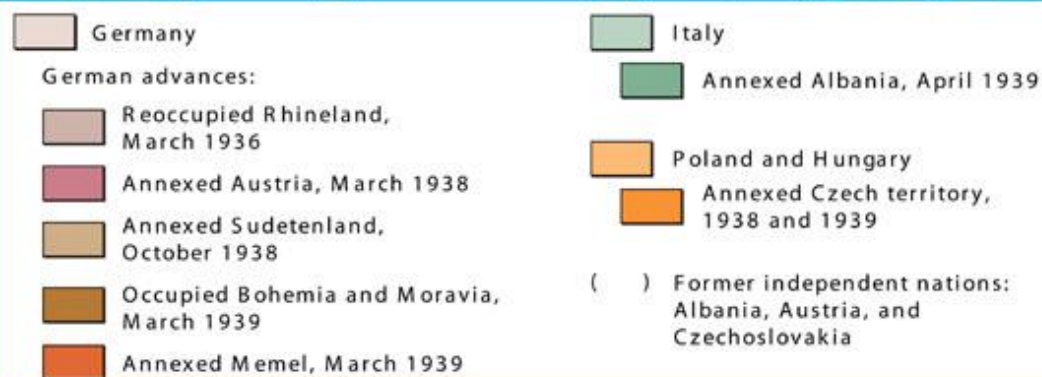


The image features a white background with several realistic, 3D-rendered water droplets of various sizes. These droplets are positioned in the corners: top-left, top-right, and bottom-right. The central text is in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

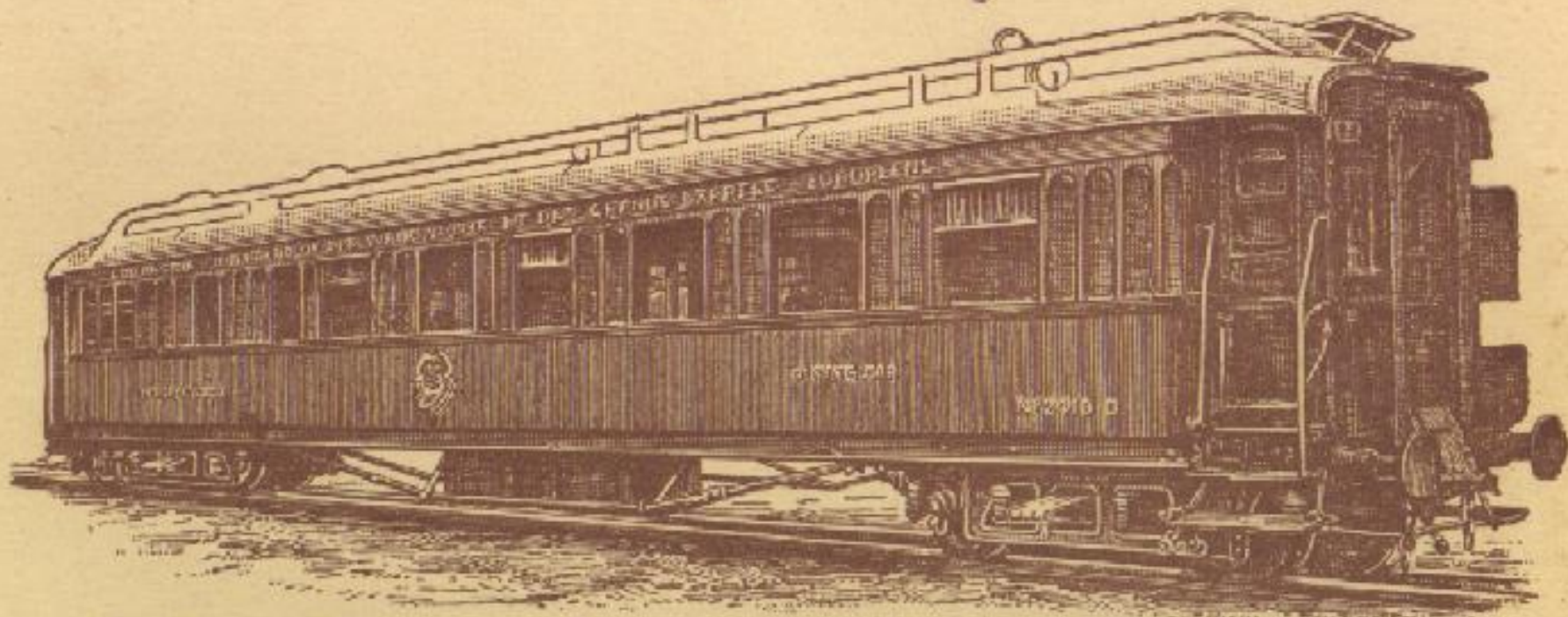
Why did Fascist leaders gain popularity?

Second World War

- Compiegne Wagon
- Nazi- Soviet Nonaggression Pact Aug. 23, 1939
- Blitzkrieg
 - (Phony War or “Sitzkrieg”) Oct. 1939–Mar. 1940
- Maginot Line
- “Spirit of Dunkirk”
- Battle of Britain
- June 1941: Operation Barbarossa
 - Stalingrad
- Vichy France
 - Charles De Gaulle vs. Phillipe Petain
- D-Day = June 6, 1944
- VE Day = May 8, 1945
- Holocaust
 - Einsatzgrupper
 - Cyclone B
 - Sondor Kommandos



Souvenir du Wagon du Maréchal Foch



dans lequel fut signé l'Armistice du 11 Novembre 1918

INTA POUR LES COMIÈGNE

10 Cartes postales Artistiques

FORÊT DE COMPIÈGNE

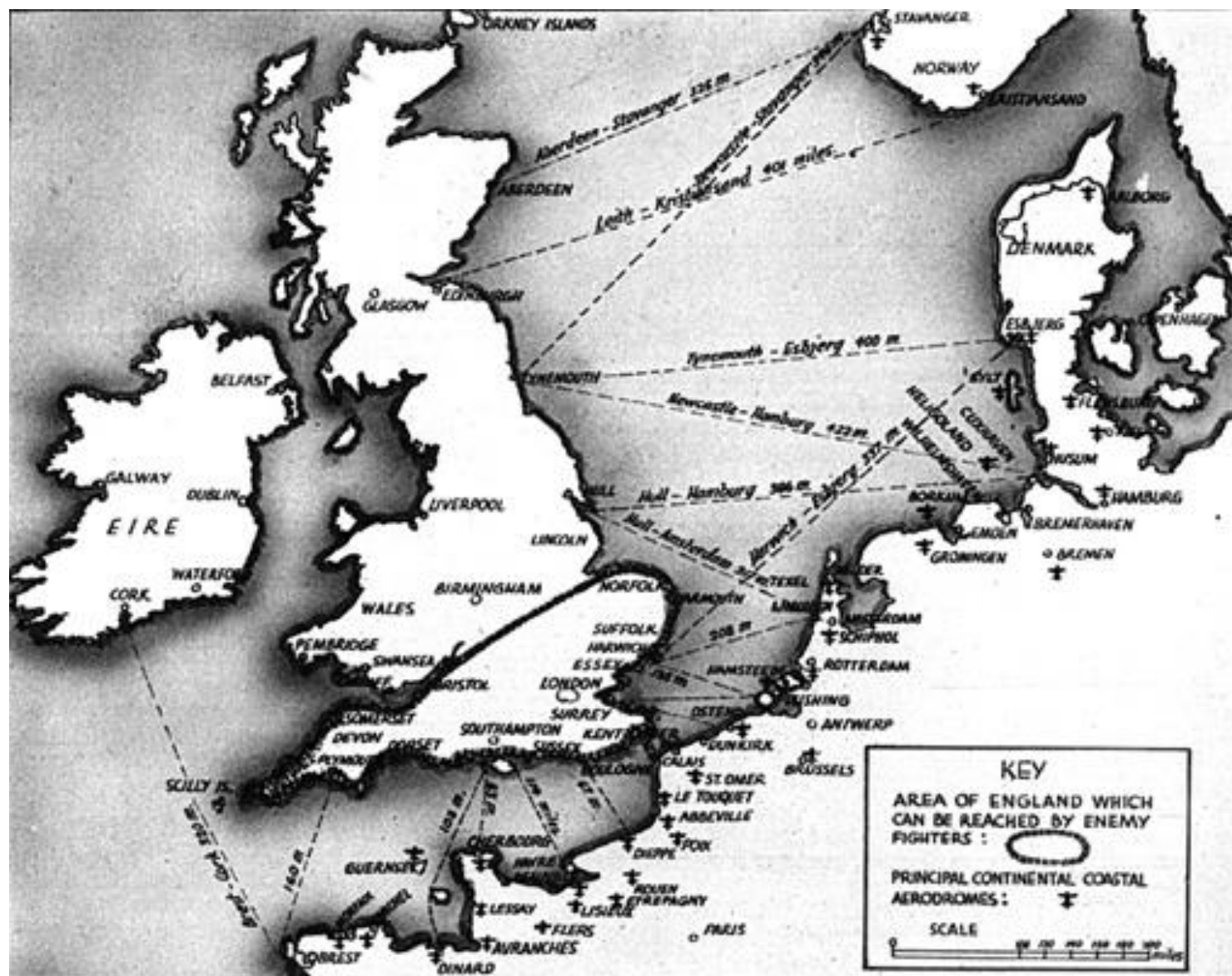










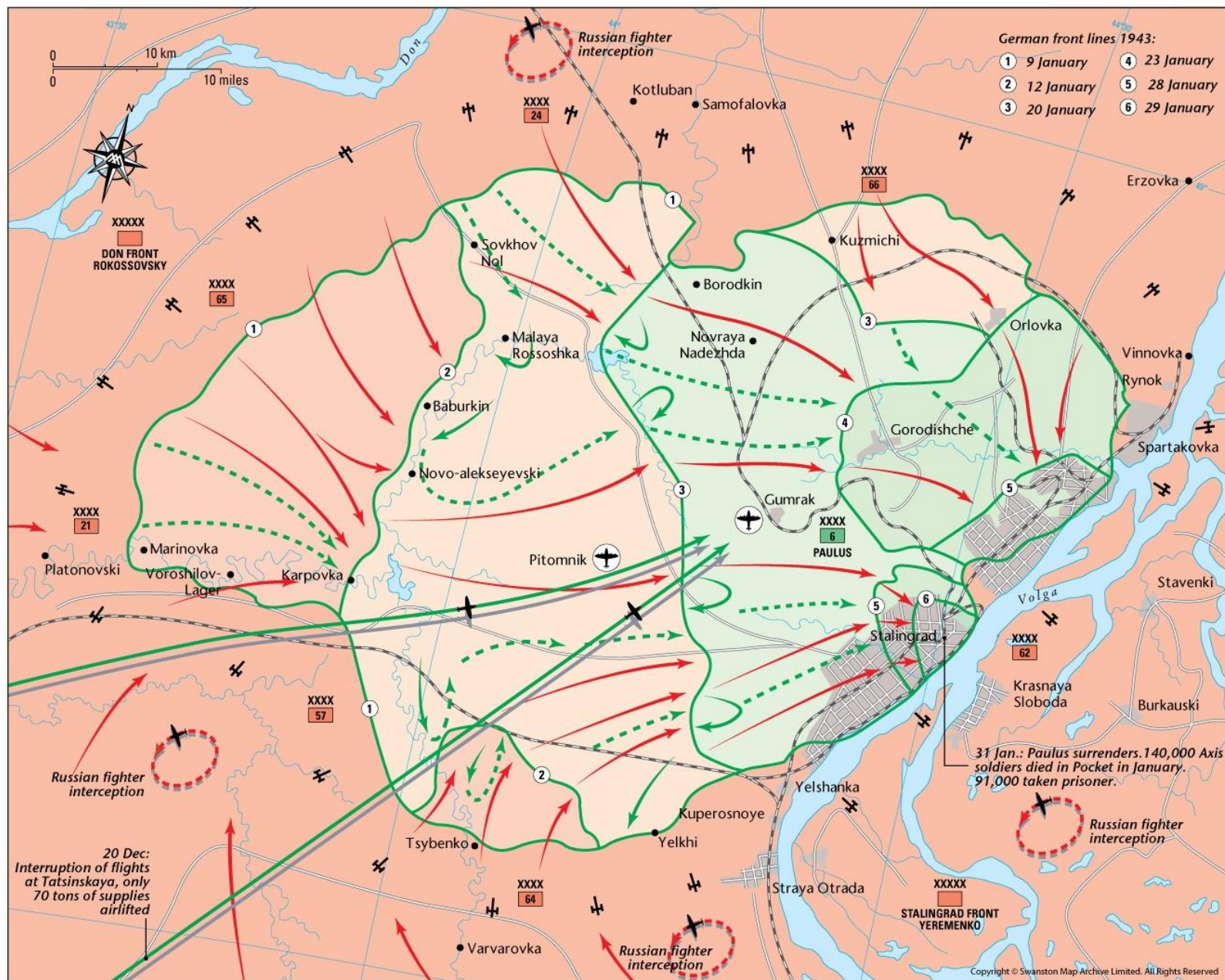






Stalingrad January – February 1943

- Russian attacks
- German counter-attacks
- - - German retreats
- German front lines
- Russian artillery concentrations
- Russian fighter interception
- Luftwaffe air lift





BATTLE OF STALINGRAD

August 23, 1942 – February 2, 1943



Soldiers in Battle



2M+

Average lifespan of a soldier



24 HRS

Civilian Deaths



40K

Stalingrad named after Russian Leader



JOSEPH STALIN

Winter Temperatures



-30°C (-22°F)

Axis Powers Casualties



800K

Red Army Casualties



1.1M

Total Casualties



1.9 MILLION





Charles de Gaulle

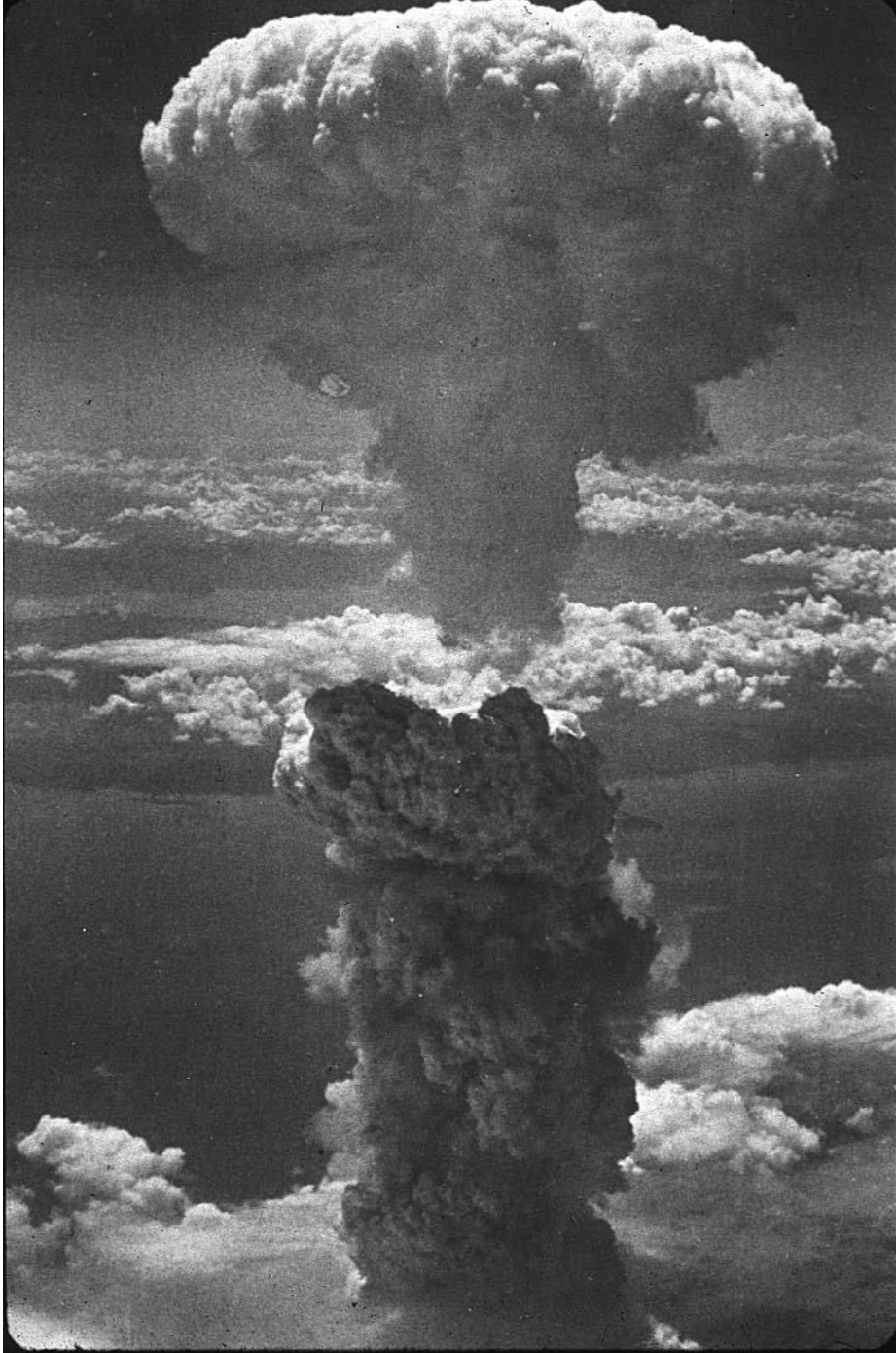


Philippe Pétain



Hiroshima after the atomic blast





The mushroom cloud from the Nagasaki atomic bombing, August 9, 1945.

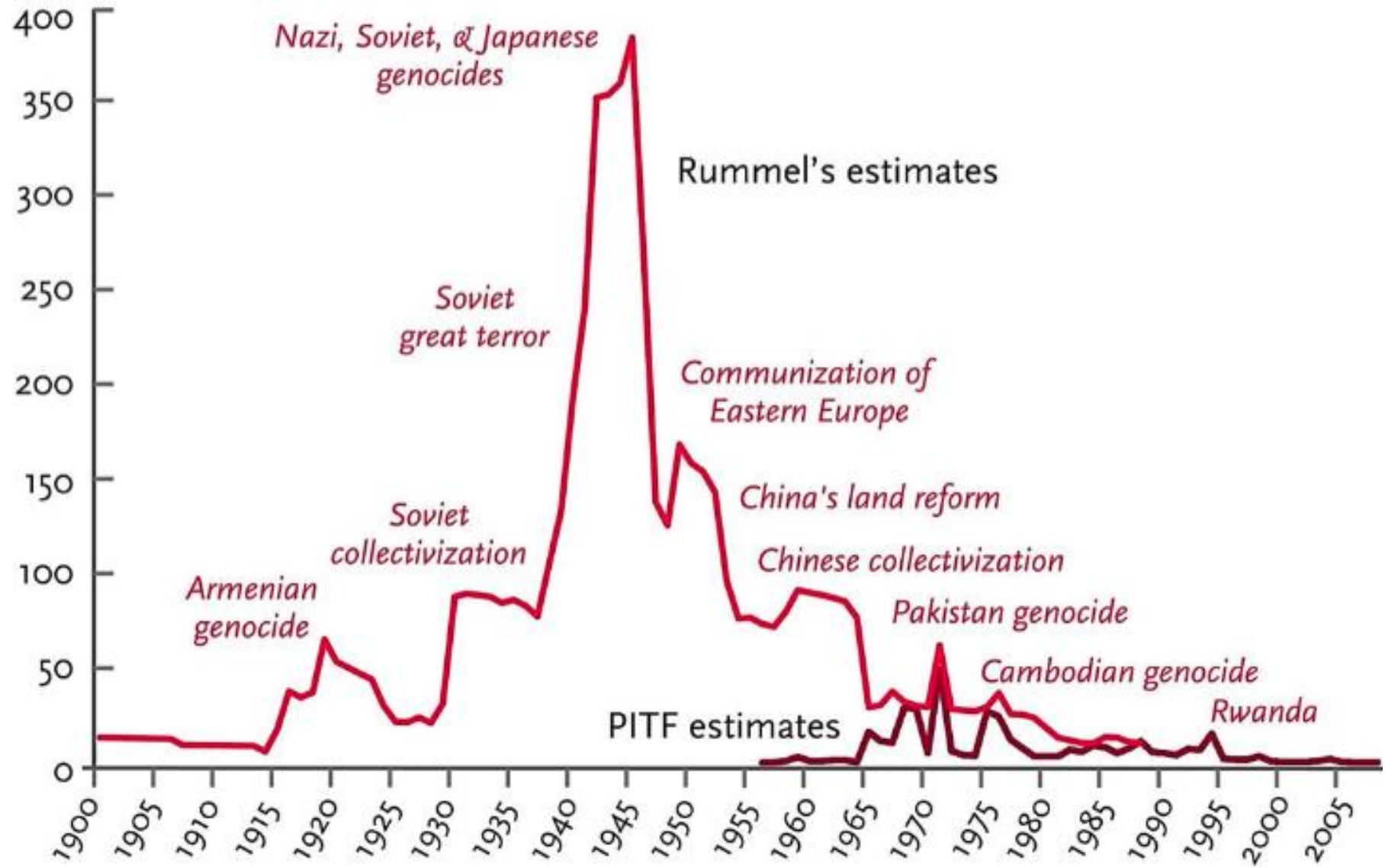




• Jewish Population reduction	<u>1939</u>	<u>1945</u>	<u>deaths</u>
– Austria	60,000	7,000	53,000
– Belgium	90,000	40,000	50,000
– Czechoslovakia	315,000	44,000	271,000
– Denmark	6,500	5,500	1,000
– France	270,000	200,000	70,000
– Germany	210,000	80,000	130,000
– Netherlands	140,000	20,000	120,000
– Poland	<u>3,350,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>3,300,000</u>
– Total:		446,500	3,995,000

-
- Not all the #s == these are the numbers that we feel confident saying
- (NO USSR)
-
-
- **89.95%**

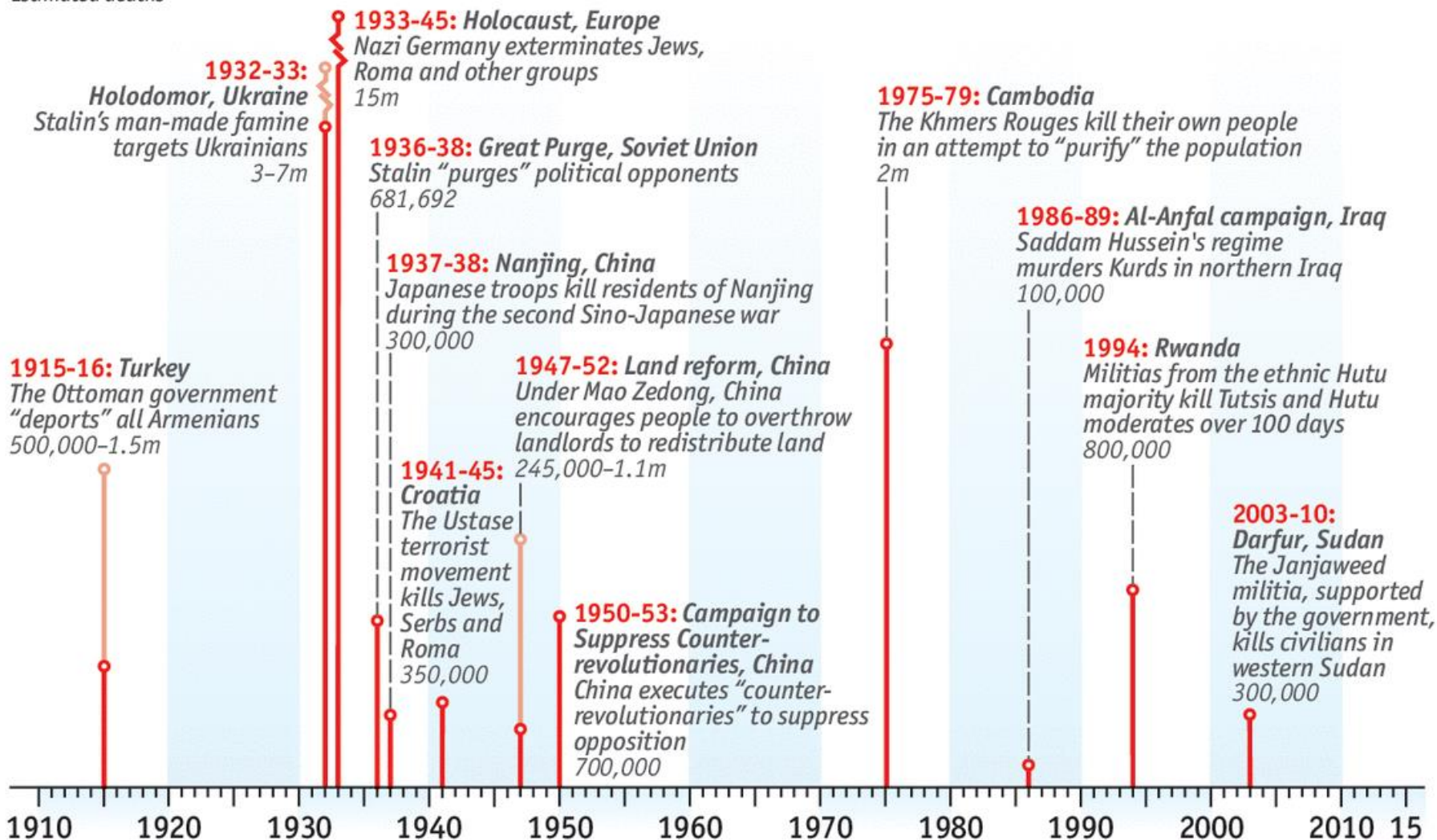
Deaths per 100,000 people per year



Litany of suffering

Selected mass killings in the 20th century

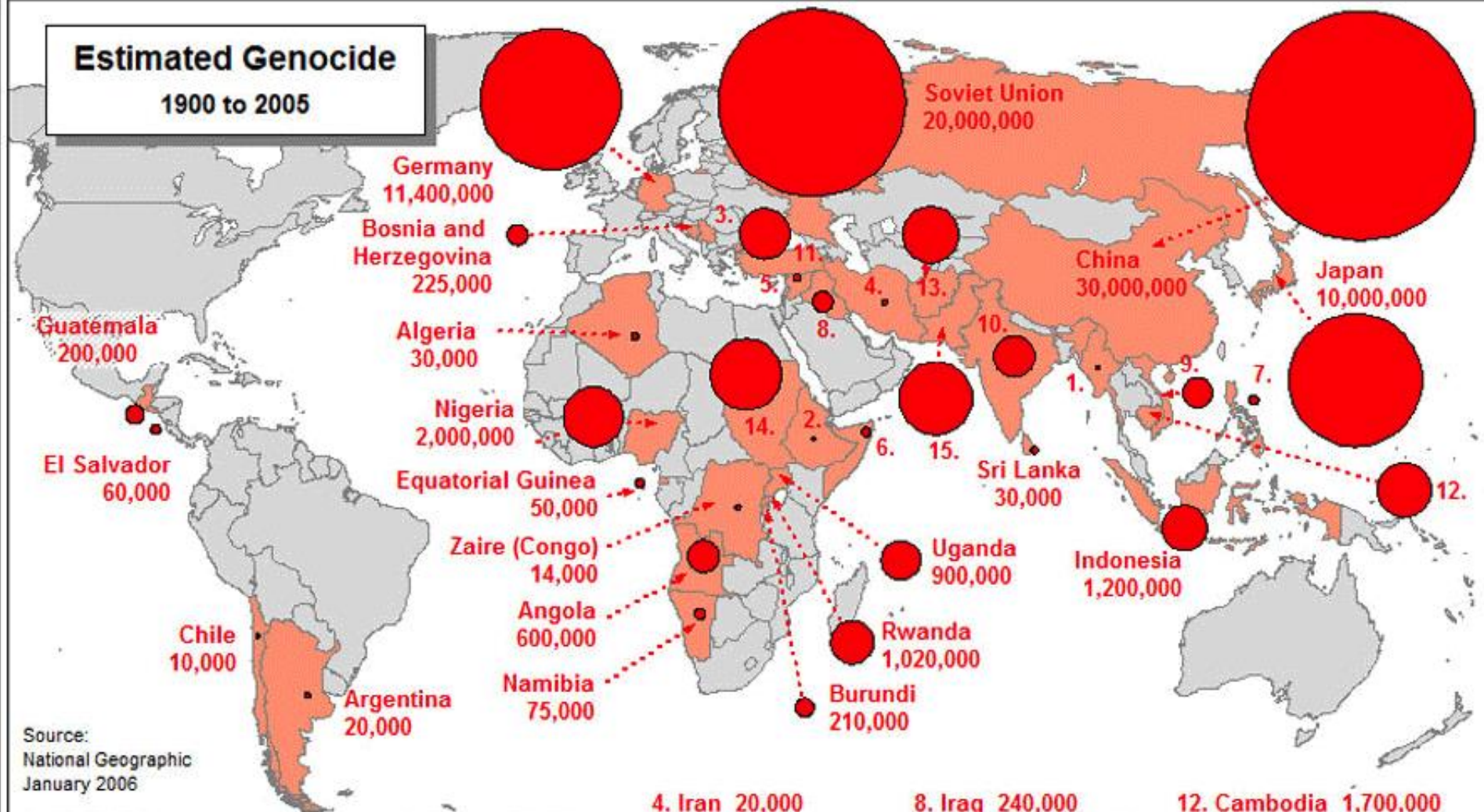
Estimated deaths



Sources: *The Economist*; Reiss Institute; "China's Bloody Century" by R. Rummel; "Life and Terror in Stalins Russia, 1934-1941" by R. Thurston

Estimated Genocide

1900 to 2005



Source:
National Geographic
January 2006

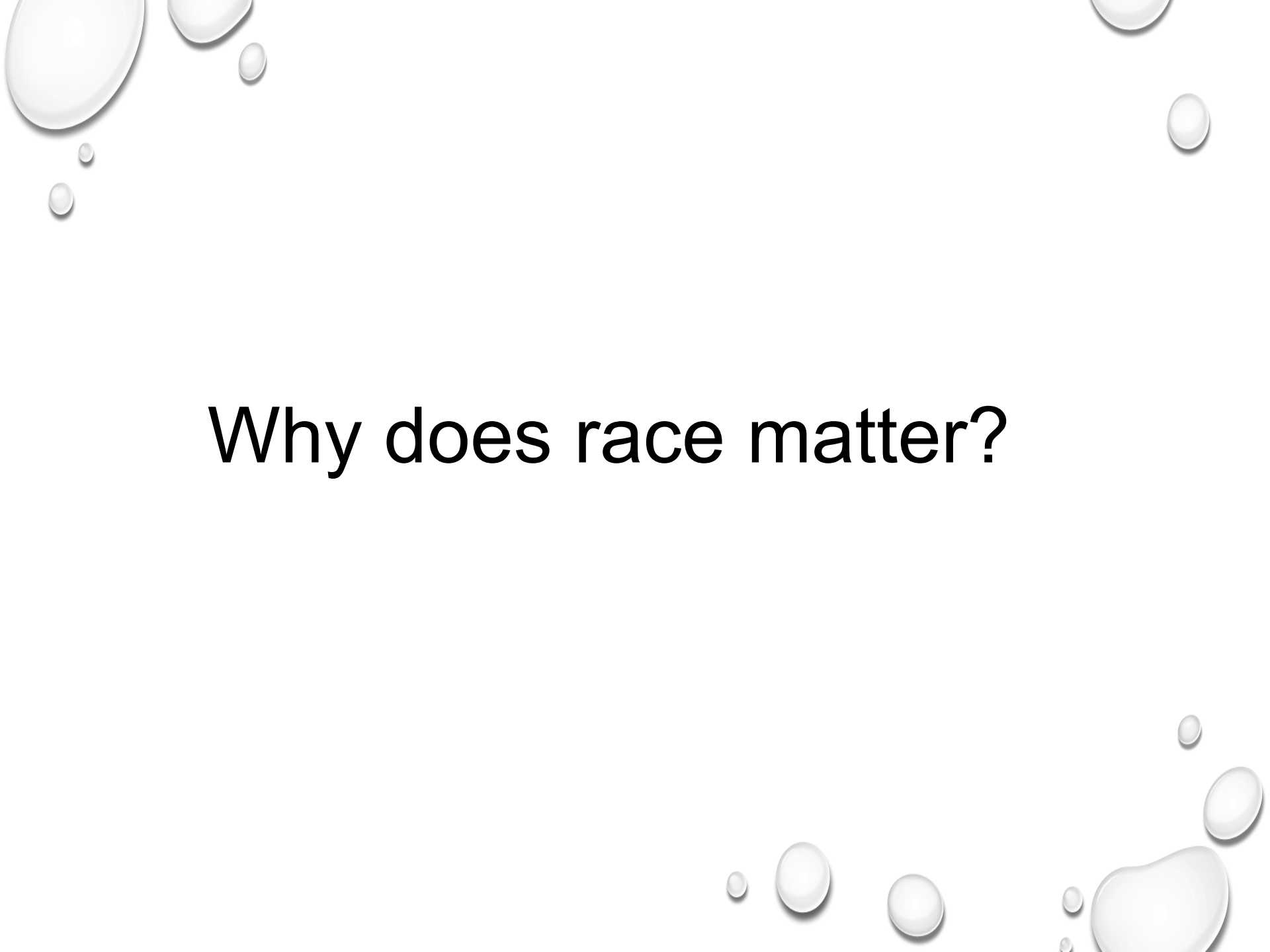
Woody (Jim Woods)
Geography Department
California State University, Long Beach
January 2008

1. Burma 5,000
2. Ethiopia 10,000
3. Yugoslavia 10,000

4. Iran 20,000
5. Syria 30,000
6. Somalia 50,000
7. Philippines 60,000

8. Iraq 240,000
9. Vietnam 500,000
10. India 1,000,000
11. Turkey 1,500,000

12. Cambodia 1,700,000
13. Afghanistan 1,800,000
14. Sudan 2,850,000
15. Pakistan 3,010,000

The image features a white background with several realistic water droplets of varying sizes. These droplets are positioned in the corners: top-left, top-right, and bottom-right. Each droplet has a highlight and a shadow, giving it a three-dimensional appearance.

Why does race matter?

The Cold War

Angola Civil War

US vs. USSR – (mutual suspicion)

- +Capitalism vs. Communism
- +Democracy vs. Authoritarianism
- +Iron Curtain

Berlin Airlift

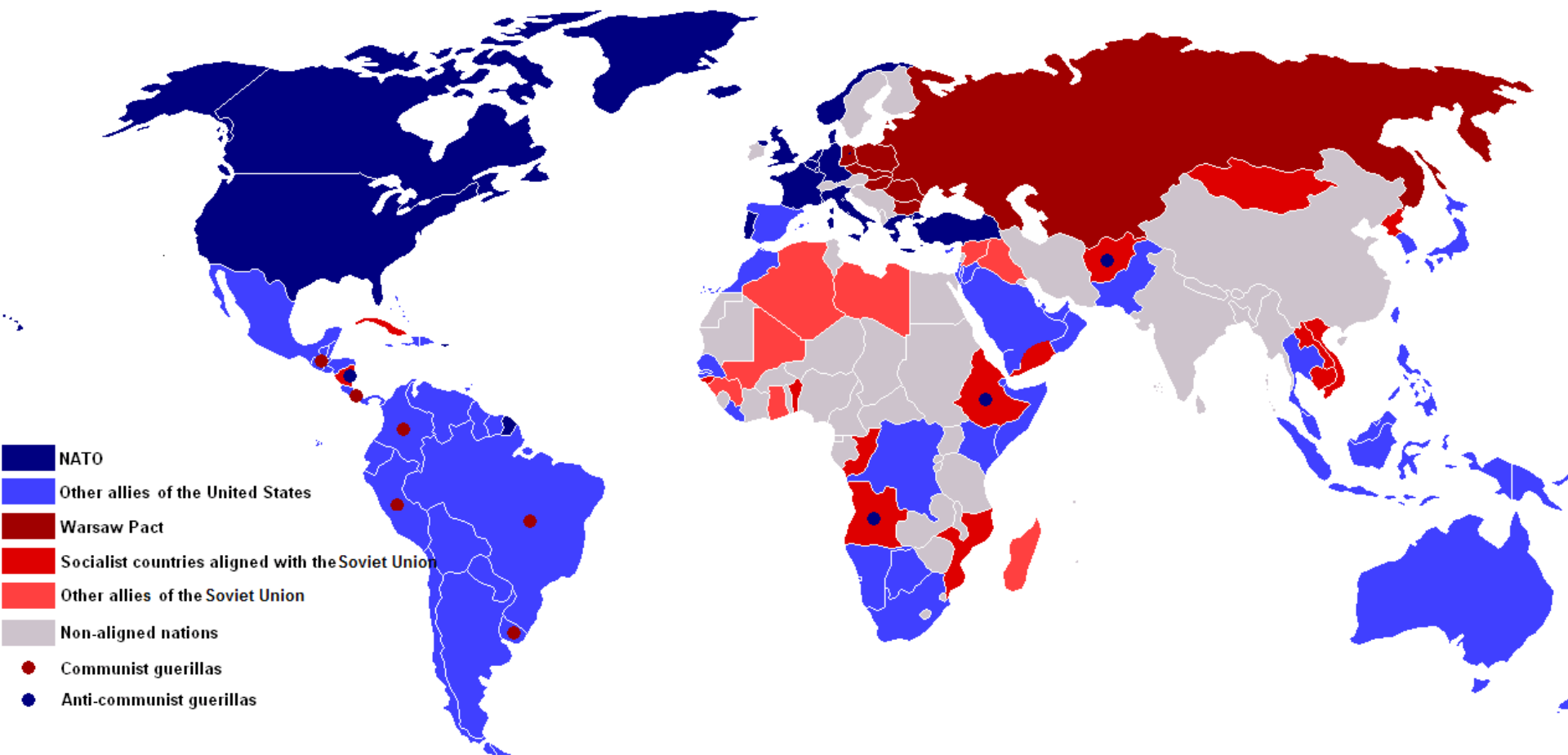
NATO vs. Warsaw Pact

Decolonization

- +French Indochina
 - Ho Chi Minh
 - Dien Bien Phu
- +British Partition
 - Ghandi
- +Rhodesia
- +Operation Condor

1968

- Paris Revolts
- Prague Spring



te



FNLA



MPLA



UNITA

CONGO

Bakongo

Mbundu

Ovimbundu

ANGOLA



1960

ZAMBIE



The Cold War, Part 1 -- Origins

- Ideological conflict
 - capitalism v. communism
 - Opportunity v. Equality
 - democracy v. authoritarianism
 - Choice v. Efficiency
- Mutual suspicion helps create global tensions
- “Iron Curtain”

Russian Revolution and Civil War, 1905–1922

INTERACTIVE





The “Big Three” at Yalta (Churchill, Roosevelt and Stalin)





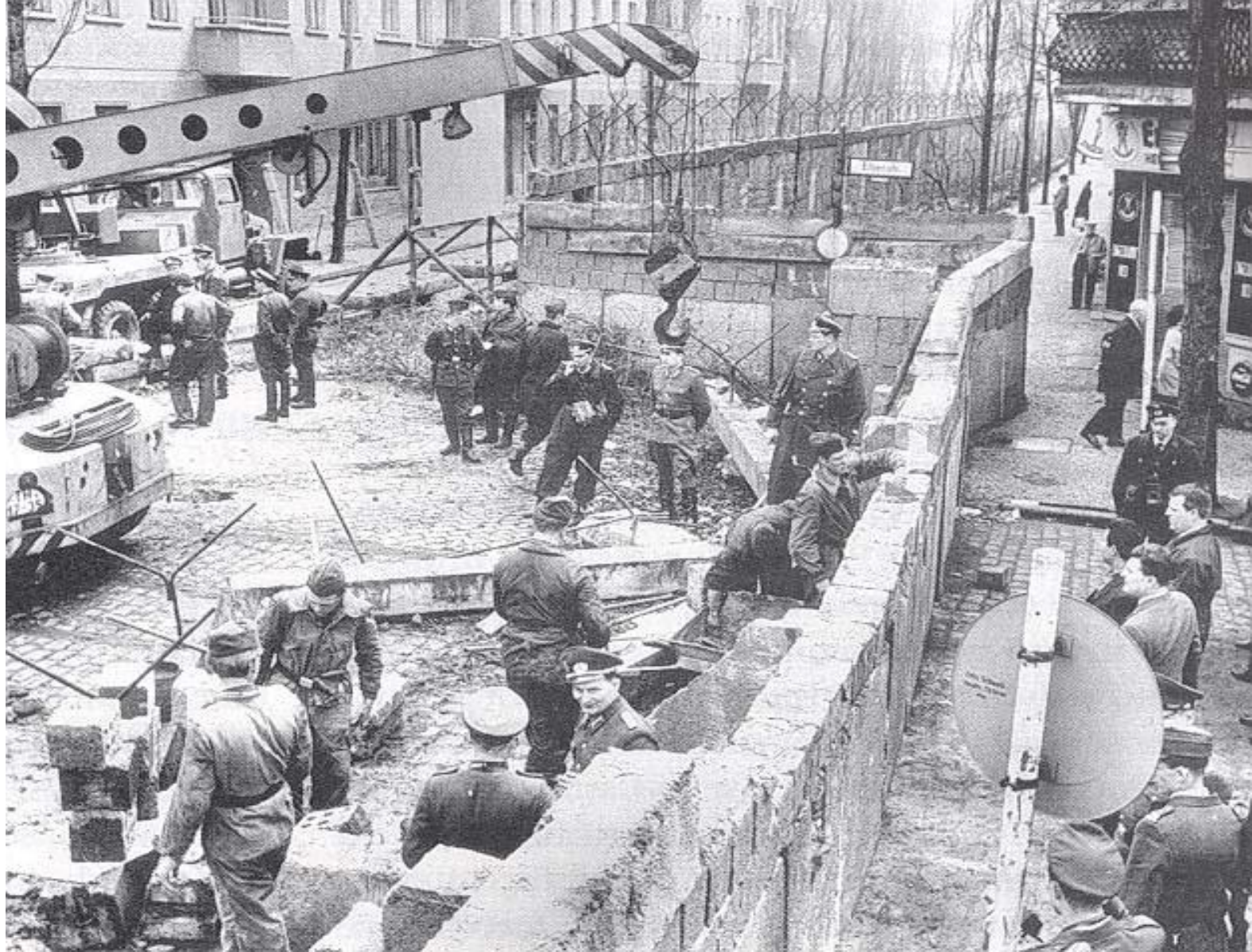
A two-page spread in *Time* magazine in 1946 pictured the relentless spread of communism around the world.







Berlin Wall cuts through Brandenburg Gate area (1961)

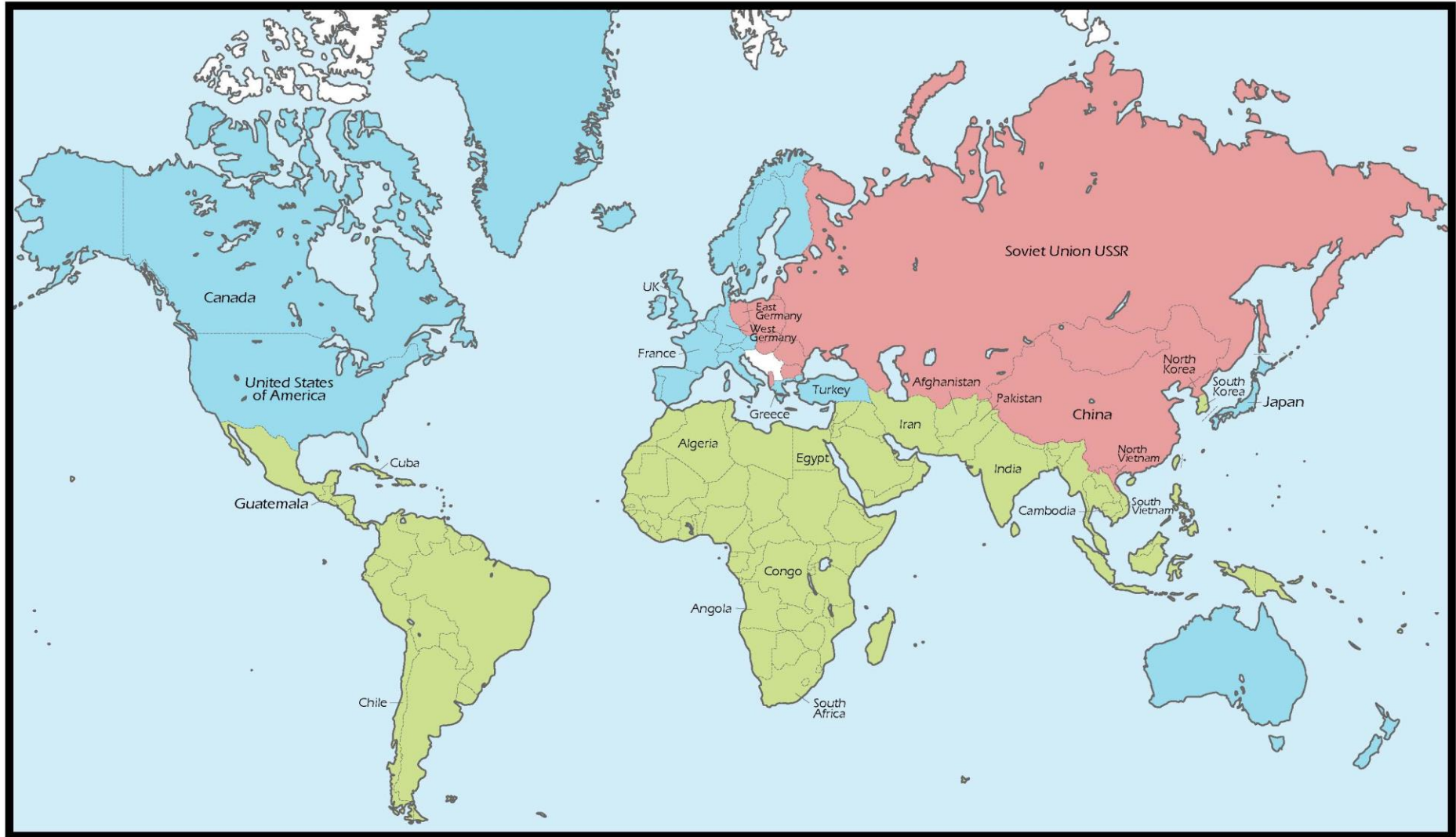


West Germans watch East Germans repairing a section of the Berlin Wall.



The Cold War World and its divisions

The Three World Order, 1947-1991

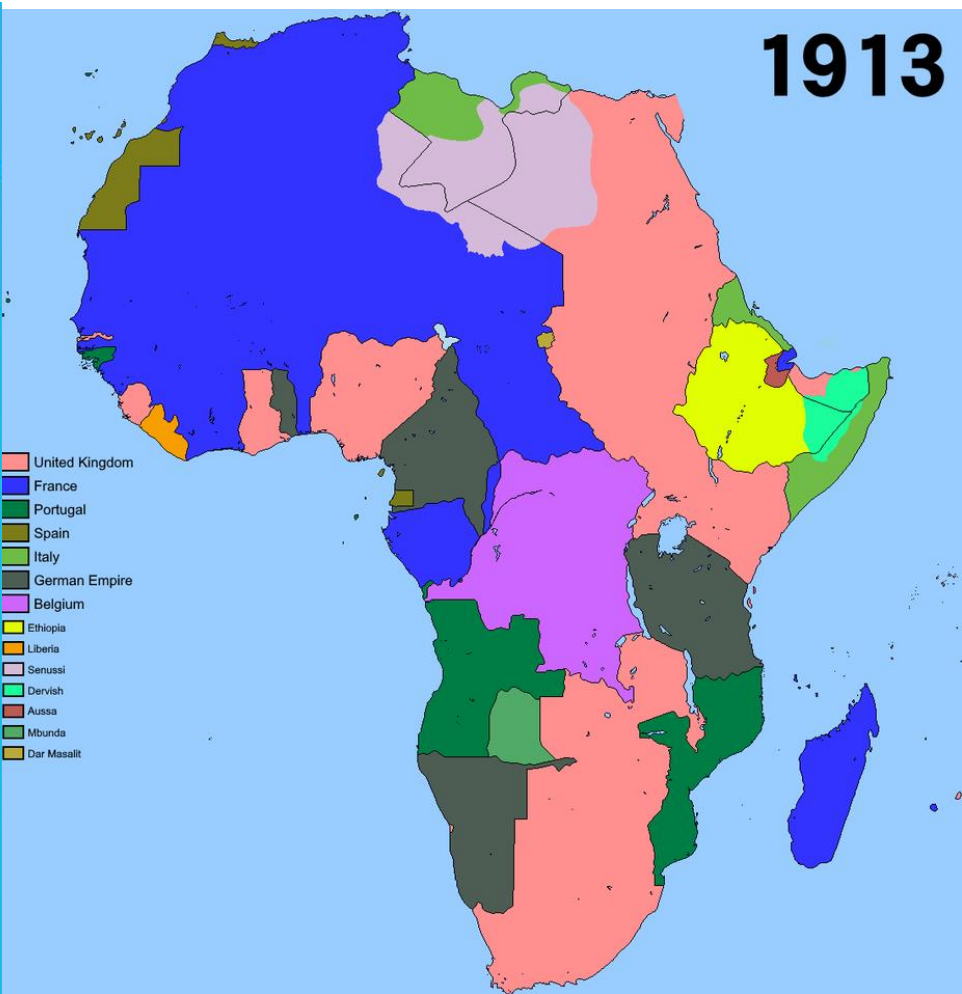


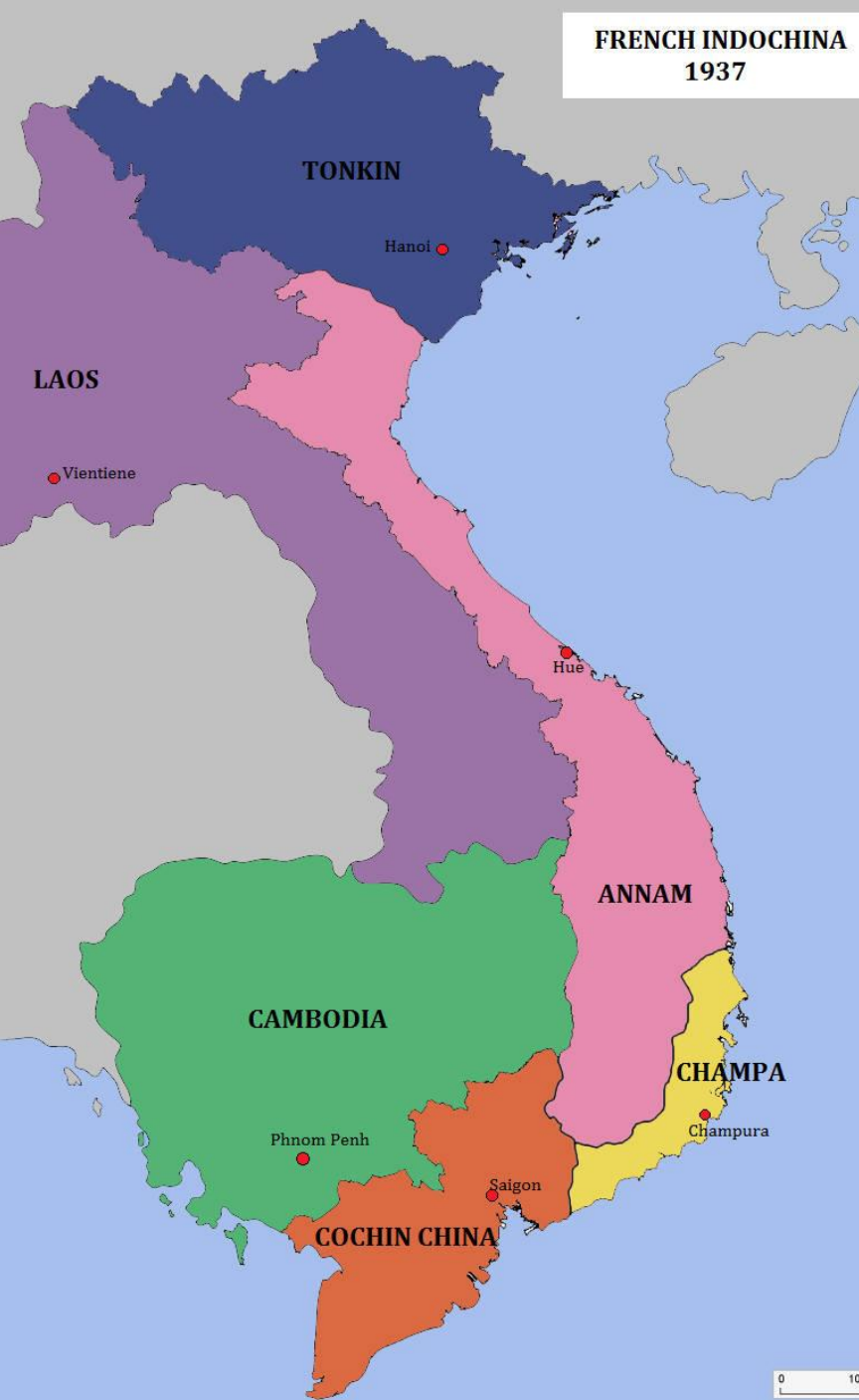
First World (anti-communist, "free world") Second World (communist) Third World (decolonized)









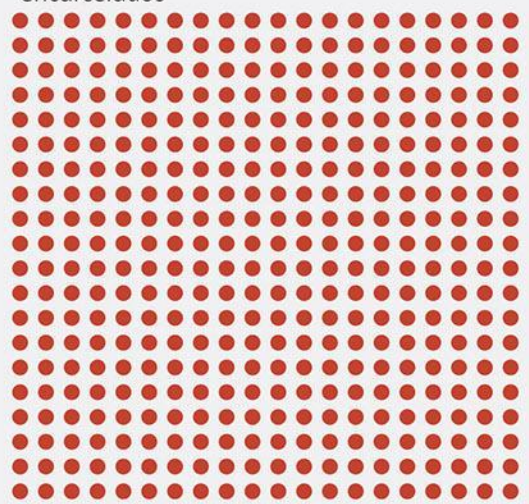


El Plan Cóndor, la coordinación entre dictaduras militares del siglo pasado

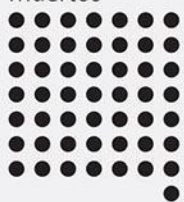
Organización clandestina que ejerció terrorismo de Estado. Persiguió a sus opositores, en su mayoría pertenecientes a movimientos de la izquierda política.

El Plan Cóndor dejó un saldo de

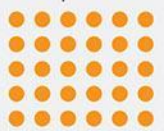
400.000
encarcelados



50.000
muertos



30.000
desaparecidos



Alfredo Stroessner
1954-1989
(Paraguay)



Juan María Bordaberry
1973-1985
(Uruguay)



Jorge Rafael Videla
1976-1981
(Argentina)



Hugo Banzer
1971-1978
(Bolivia)

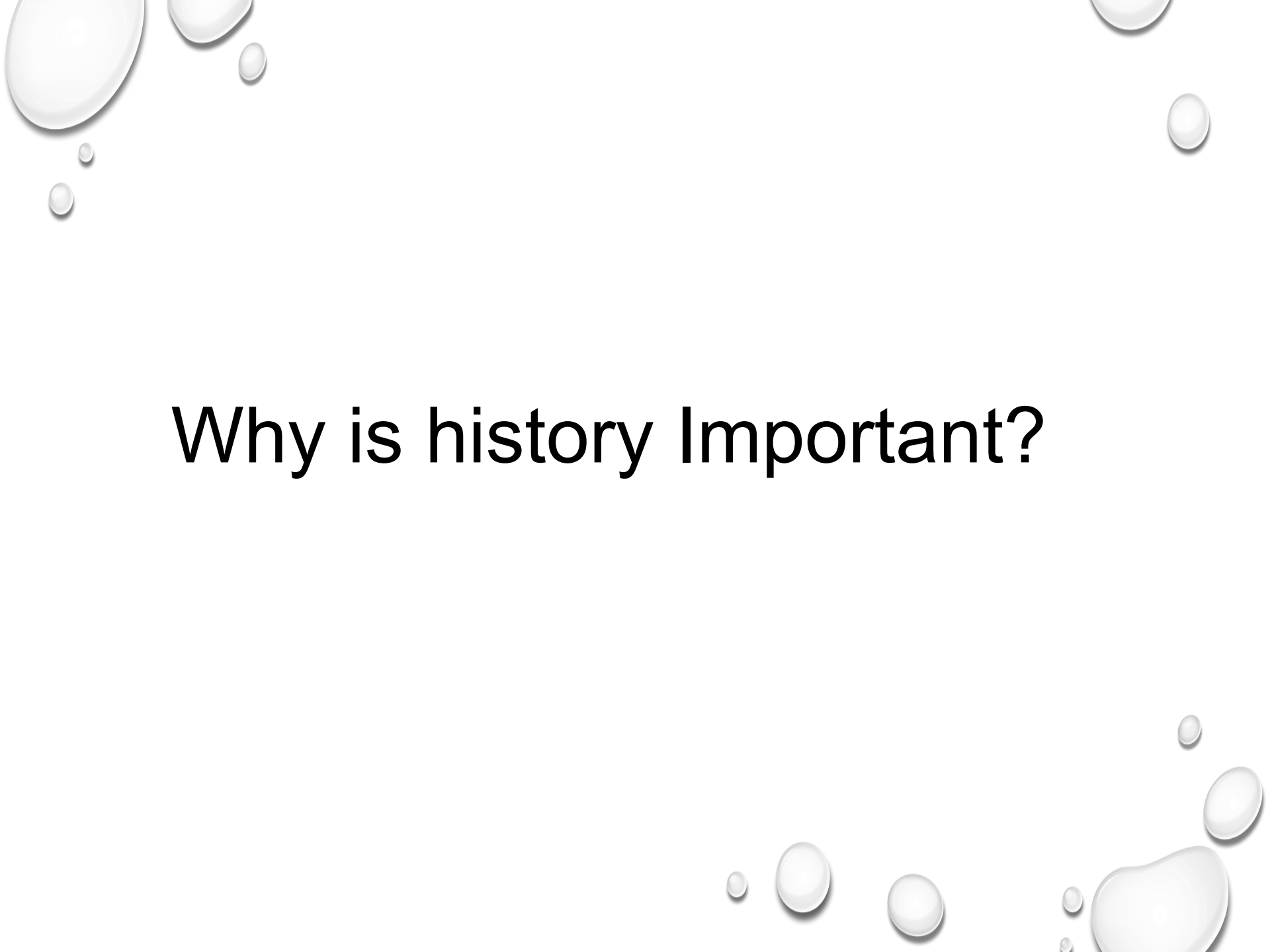


Augusto Pinochet
1973-1990
(Chile)



Emilio Garrastazu Médici
1964-1974
(Brasil)



The image features a white background with several realistic water droplets of varying sizes. These droplets are positioned in the corners: top-left, top-right, and bottom-right. Each droplet has a highlight and a shadow, giving it a three-dimensional appearance.

Why is history Important?

Globalism

- Michael Jordan
Nike
Multinational Corporation
Global Media Conglomerates
Cultural Imperialism
European Union

1989

- Tienanmen Square
- Solidarity
- Berlin Wall
- Velvet Revolution
- Plastic People of the Universe

1991

- Fall of the Soviet Union

- What is happening today?

Globalization

Making policy in a land without
borders.



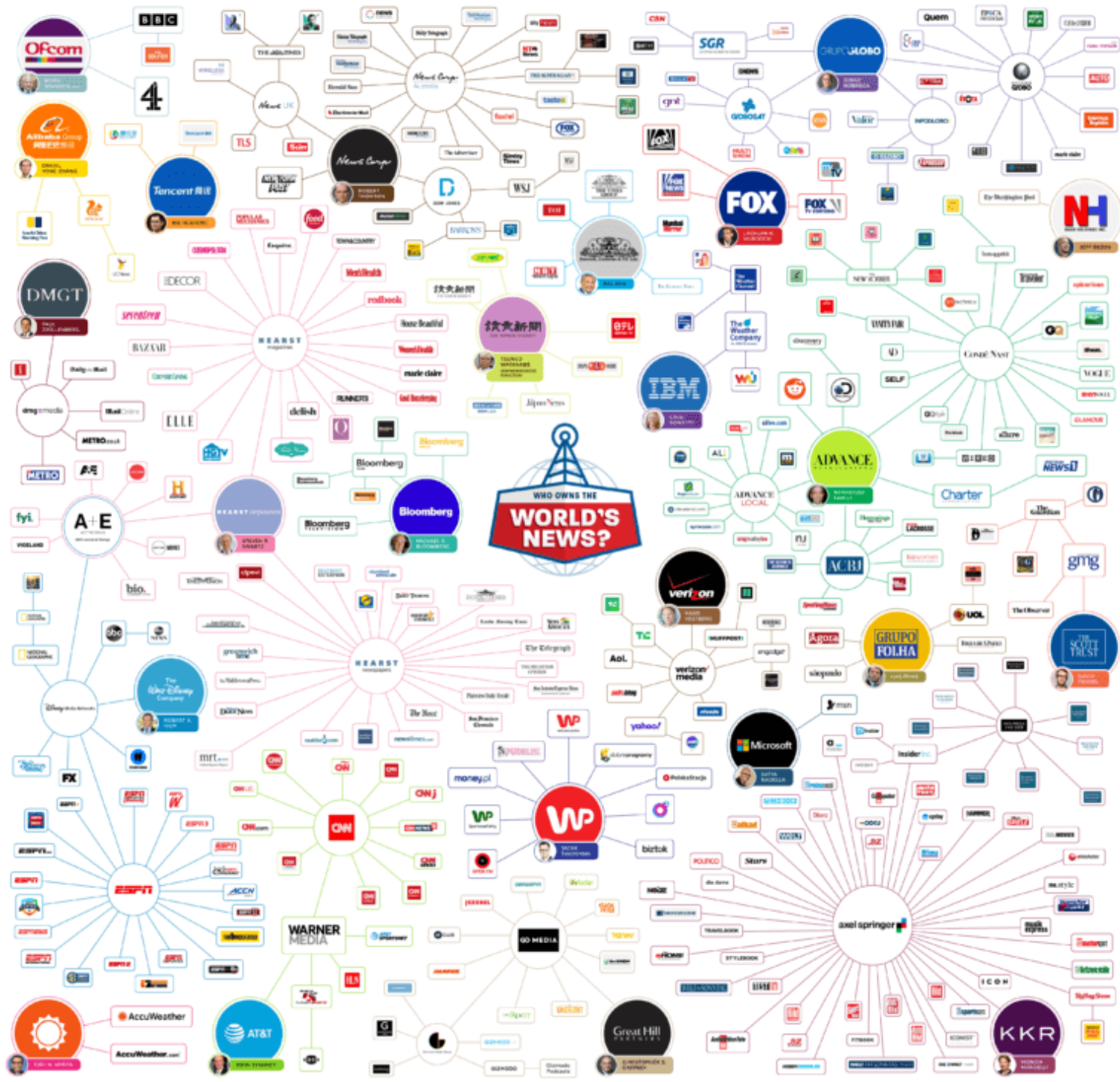
Nighttime photograph taken from a satellite reveals the use of electricity in North America. The demand for electrical power even with most citizens in bed was enormous.

EARTH at NIGHT

Over the past few years, the world has seen a dramatic increase in the number of people who are able to see the Earth from space. This is due to the fact that the number of people who are able to see the Earth from space has increased from about 100 in 1990 to over 1,000 in 2000. This is a significant increase, and it is a testament to the fact that the world is becoming more globalized. As more people are able to see the Earth from space, they are also becoming more aware of the fact that the Earth is a single, unified planet. This awareness is leading to a greater sense of global responsibility, and it is a positive sign for the future of the world.









Nike's World | Nearly one million workers labor in 744 factories world-wide





Market in Uganda



Mexico



Coke sign in German



Sidney, Australia



Northern most McDonald's in the world – Finland.



Train station in Japan



Moscow, Russia



China

Paris 1968



Prague Spring







Rome – Battle Between Student Radicals and Neo-Fascist Groups

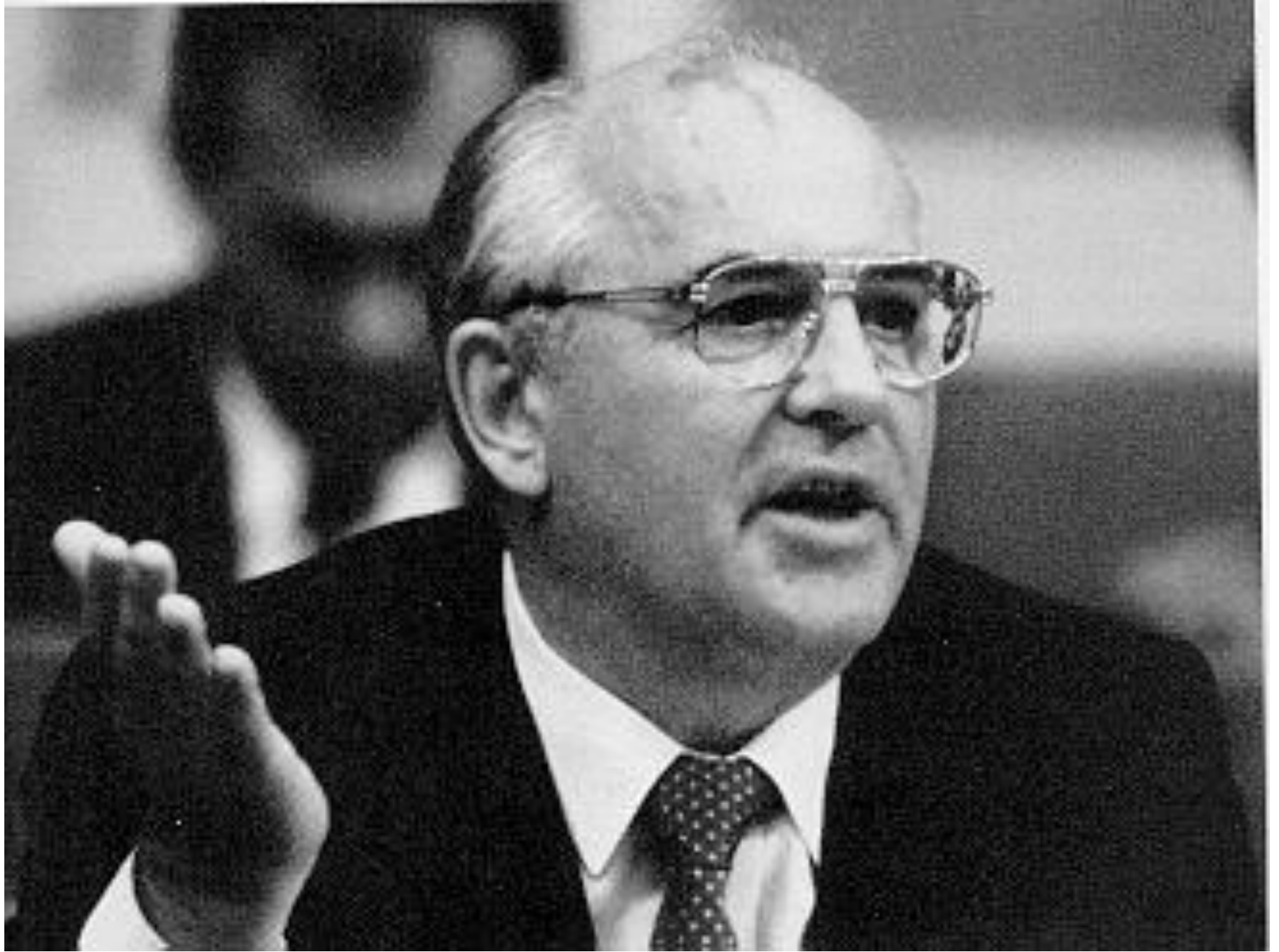


1989 & 1991

Fall of Soviet Communism

Saliponoi





Mikhail Gorbachev



- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YeFzeNAHEhU>

Solidarność



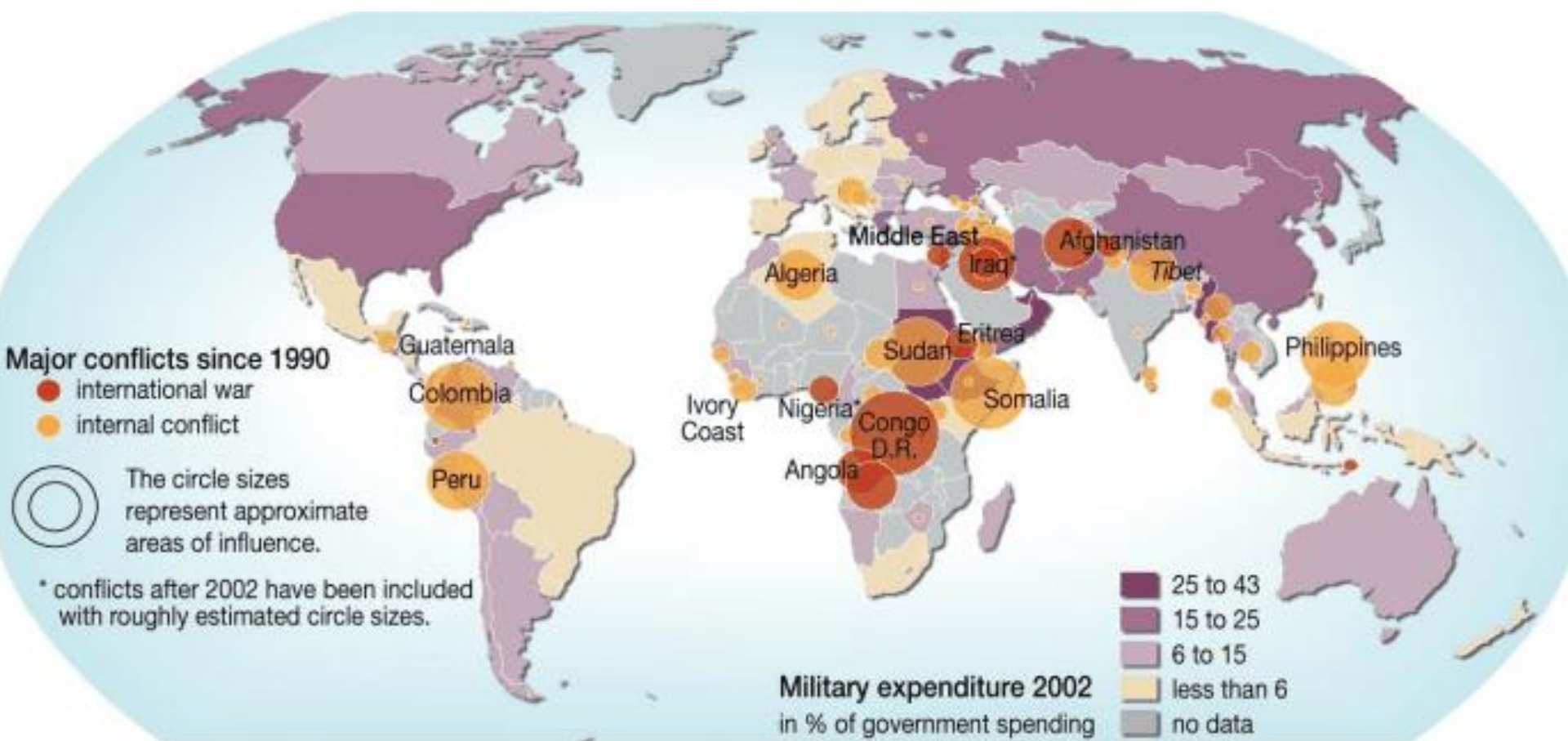




The Plastic People of the Universe



- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-eggif4qe-s&list=OLAK>



The World at War in 2022

Countries in which armed clashes between state forces and/or rebels were reported in 2022*

The turn
Civil wars

HAITI —
(2004)
244

Time period
(Ongoing)
Number of

Sources: PRIO;
Uppsala Univers

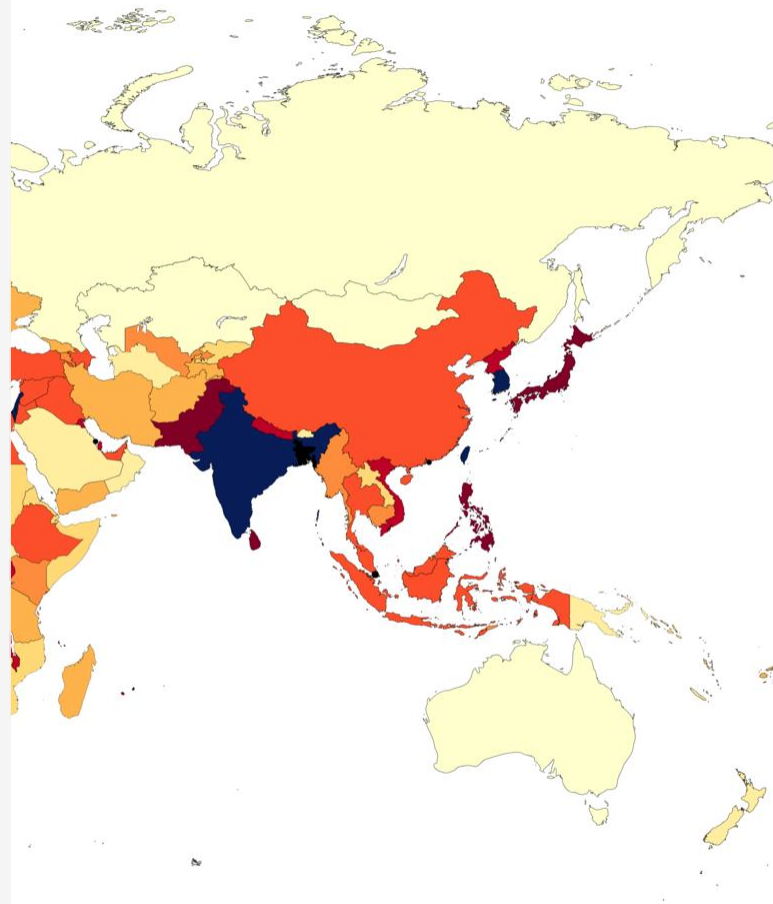
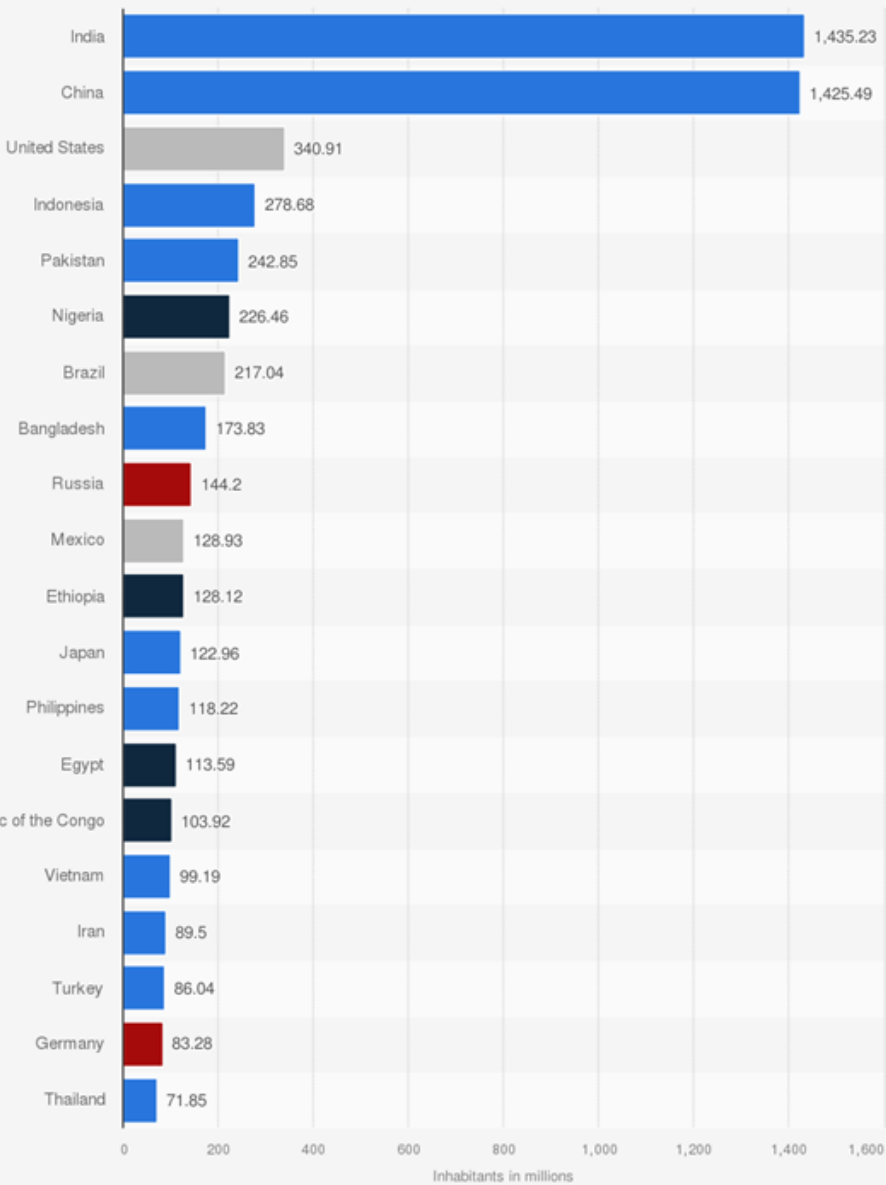
LAND
(2013-)
13

conflicts
intervention

* As of Feb 4

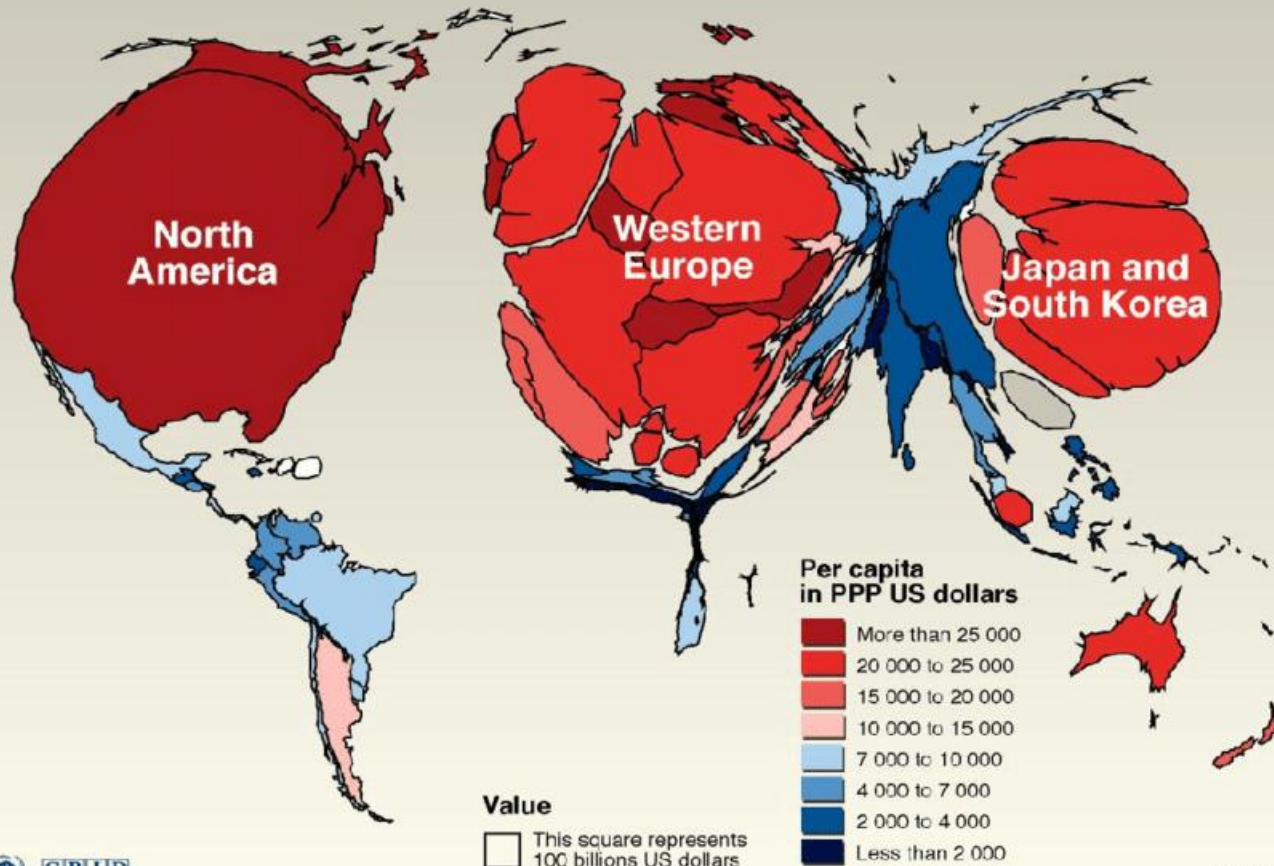
Source: The Armed Conflict Location & Event Data Project

Twenty countries with the largest population in 2024 (in millions)



Created with mapchart.net

Gross Domestic Product



Continental Shift Biggest Economie

Countries with the highest GDP o
in 1992, 2008 and 2024

Asia Europe Am

1992

2008

