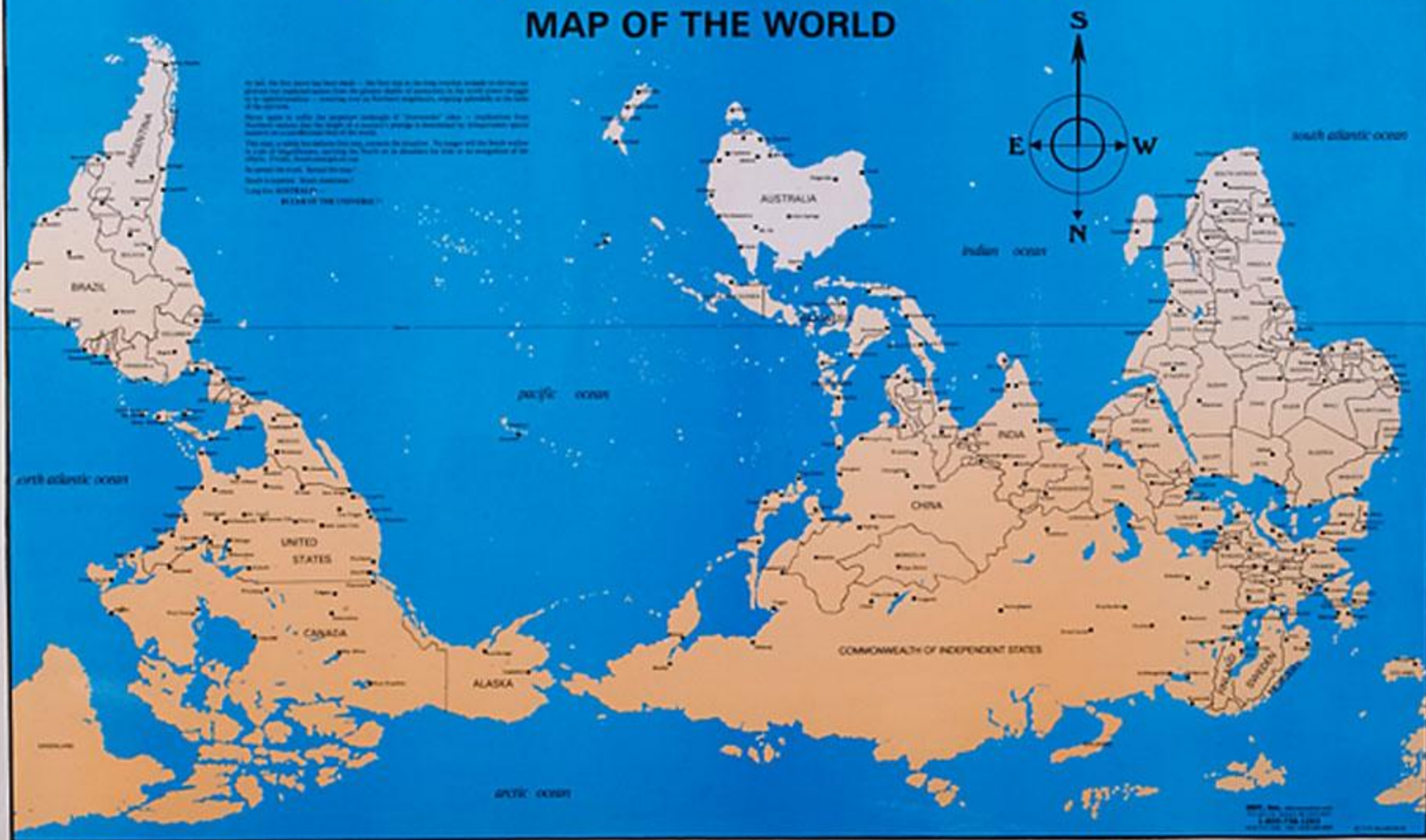


Please fill out the cards with the following information:

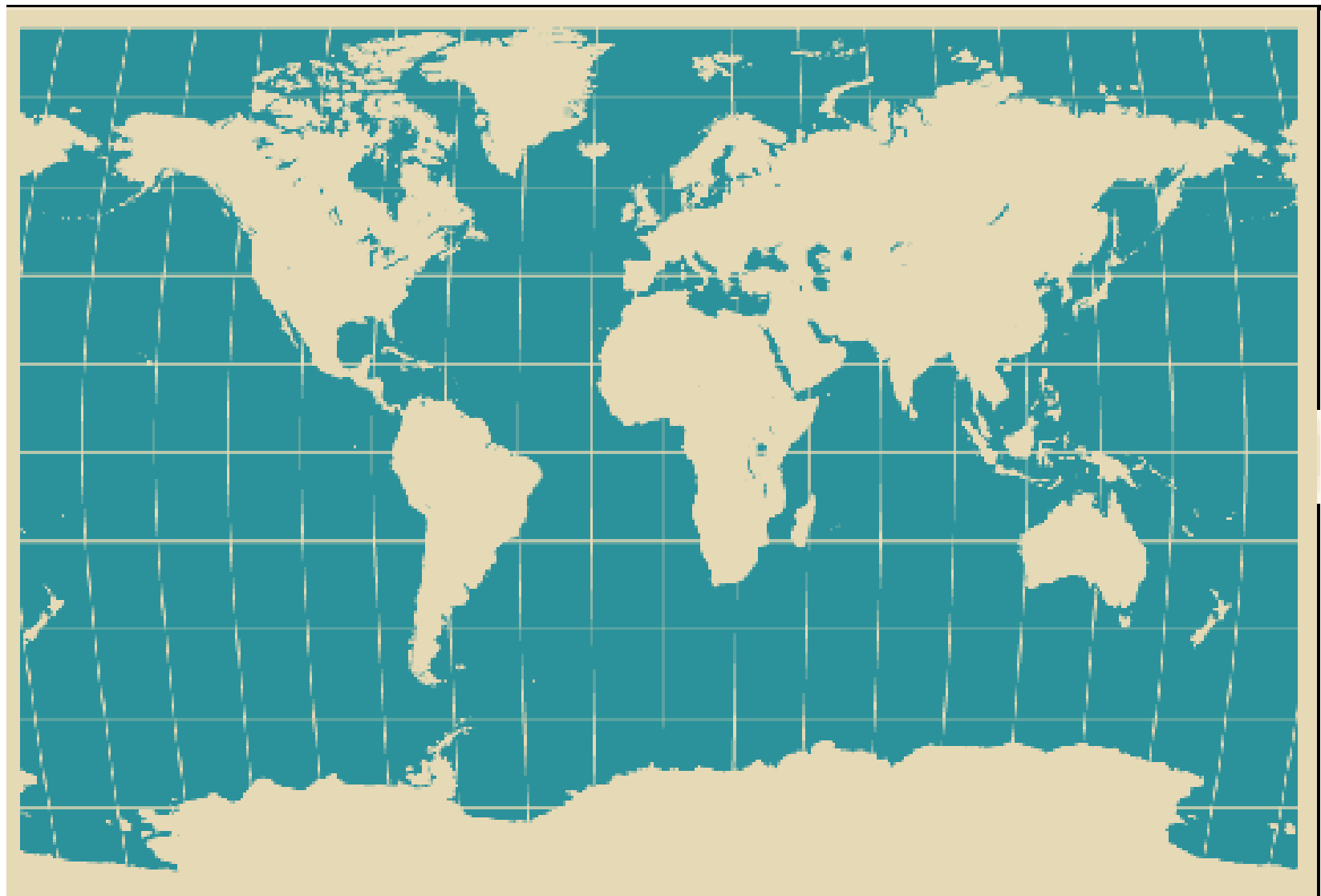
- Name (preferred nickname)
- Phone #
- E-mail
- Your most beautiful moment.

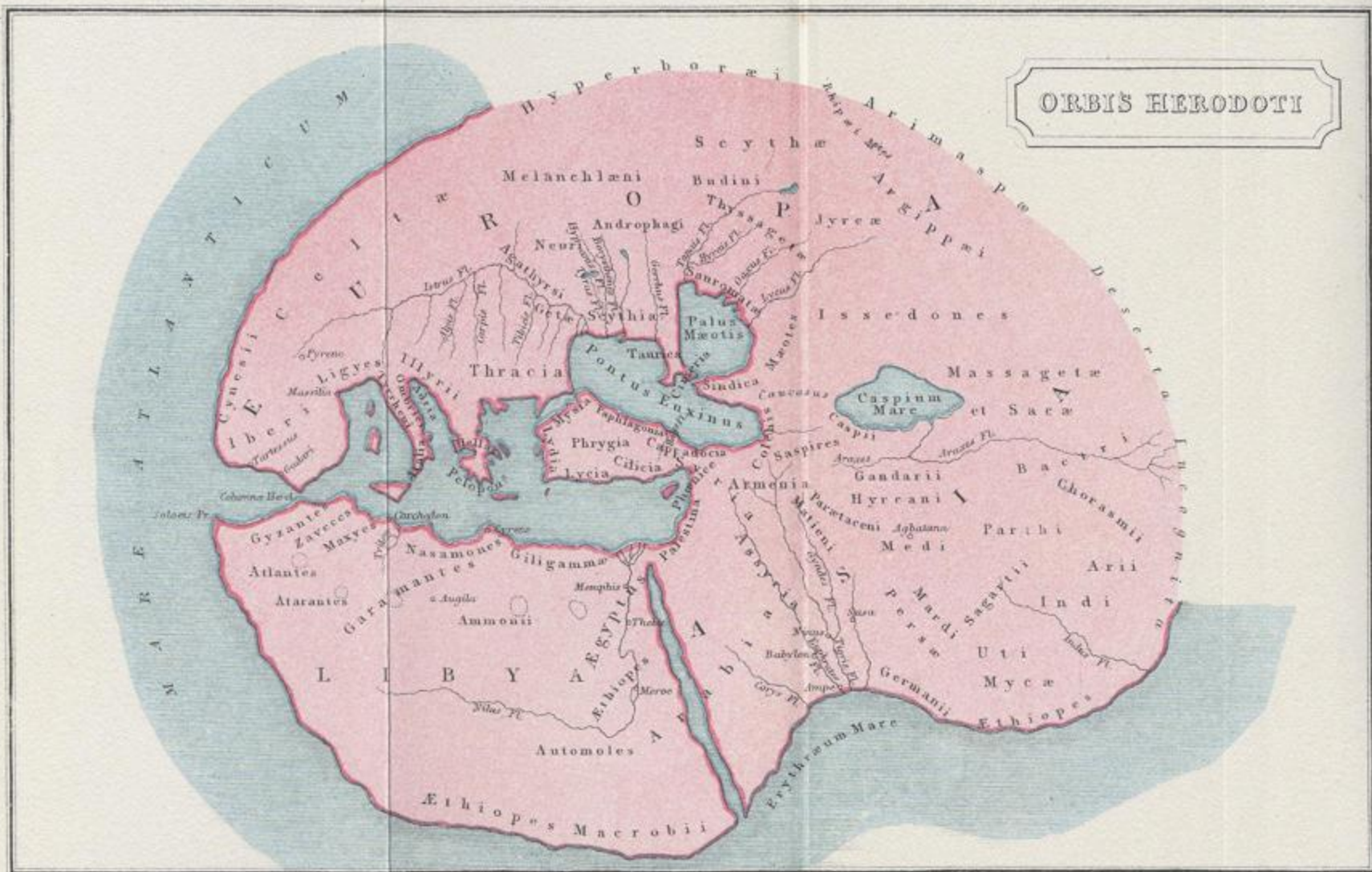
McARTHUR'S UNIVERSAL CORRECTIVE
MAP OF THE WORLD



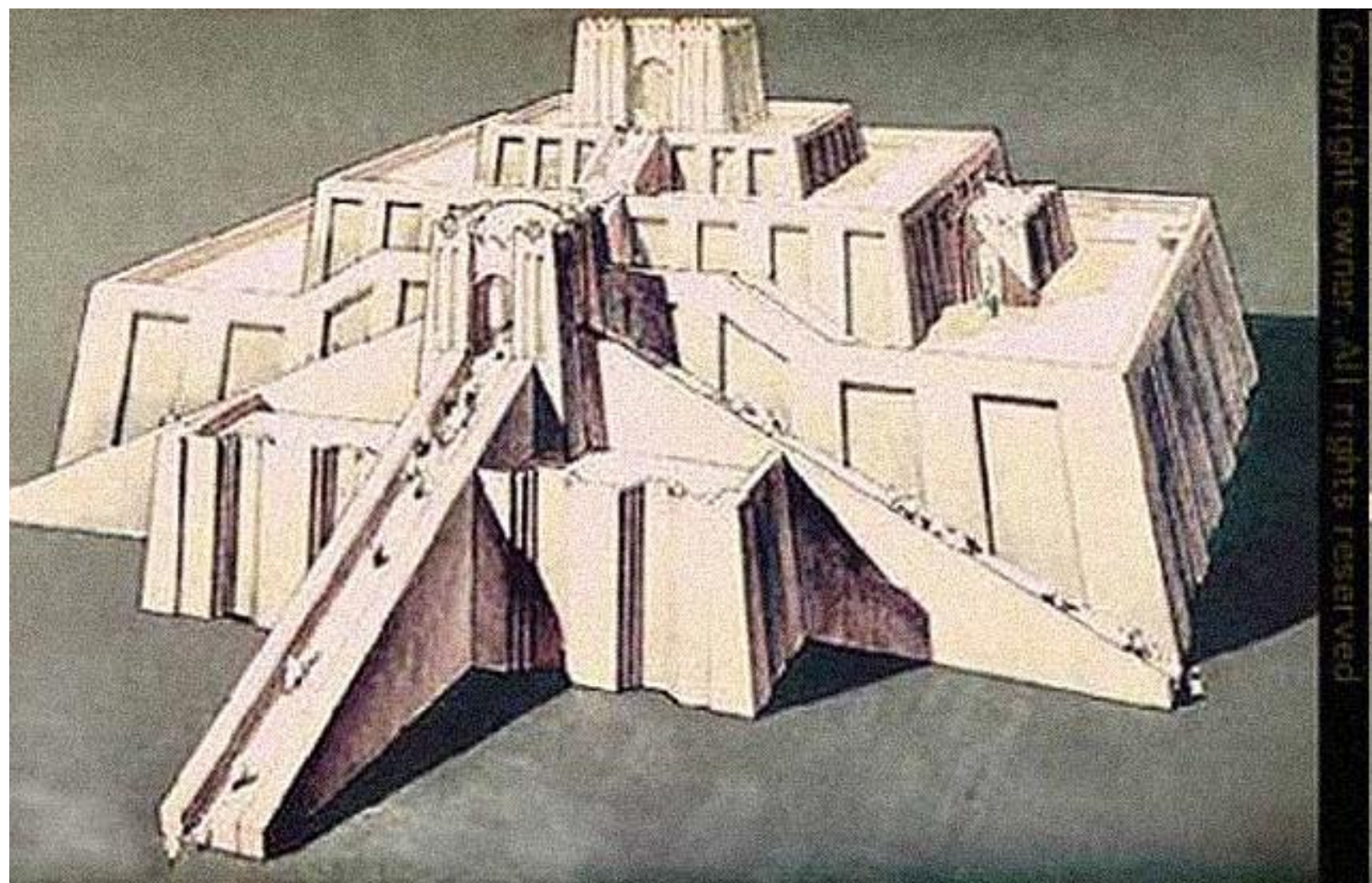






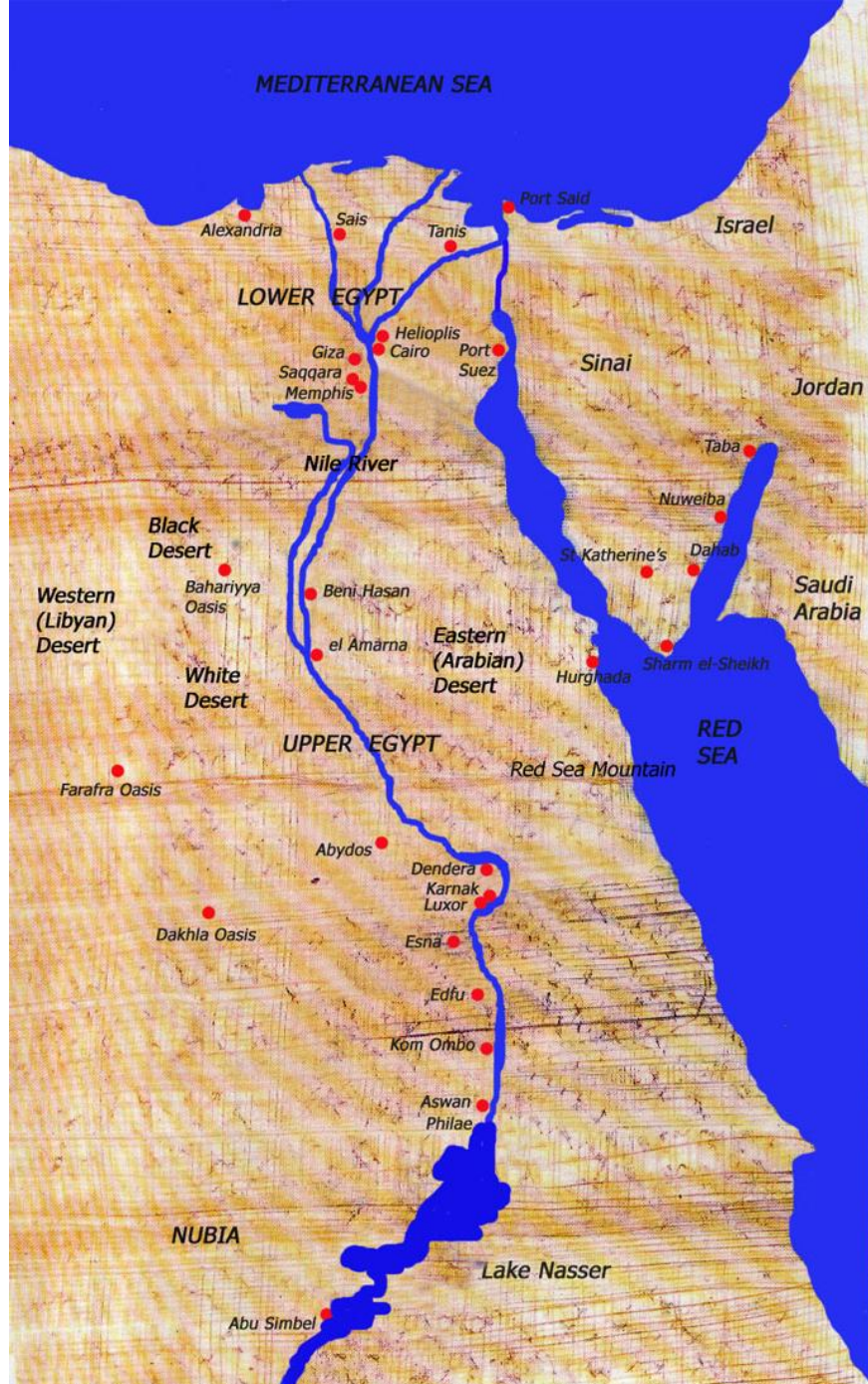






Copyright owner. All rights reserved



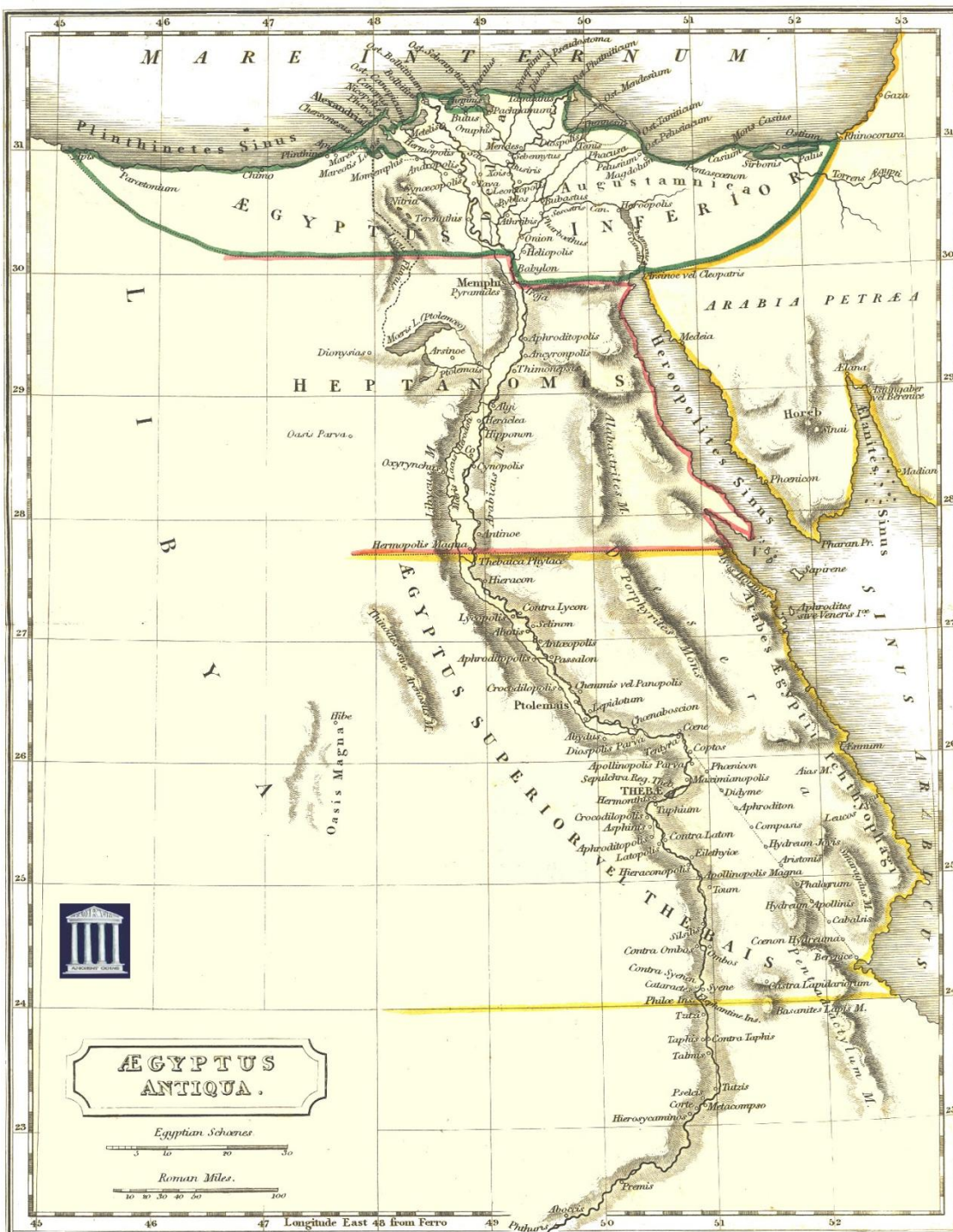


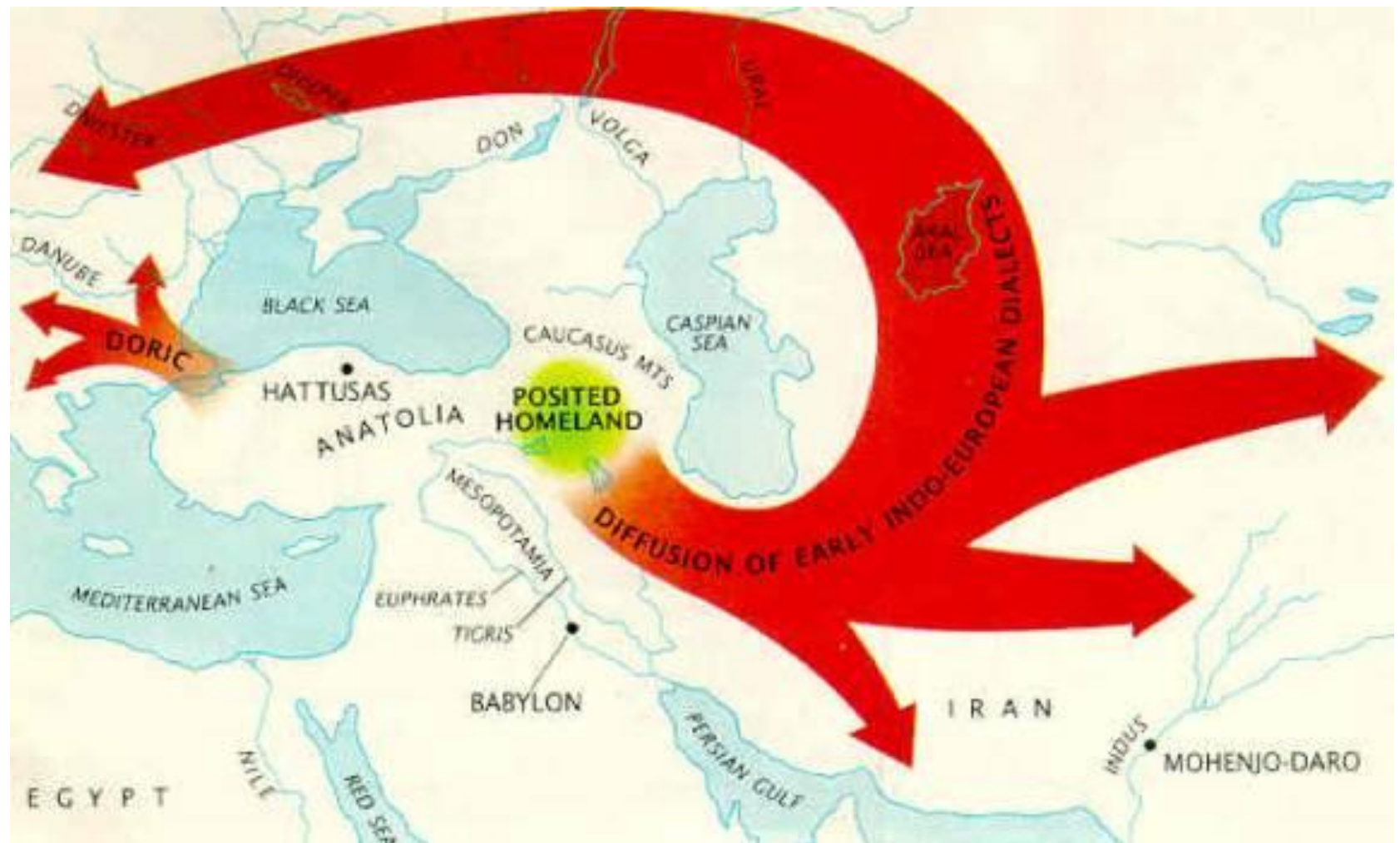
Fragment of an ancient papyrus scroll, showing dense handwritten text in Demotic script. The text is arranged in horizontal lines across the fragment, which is irregularly shaped and appears to be a piece of a larger document. The script is highly stylized and compact, characteristic of Demotic writing. The fragment is dark and shows signs of age and wear.

Ancient
Egyptian

Demotic

Greek

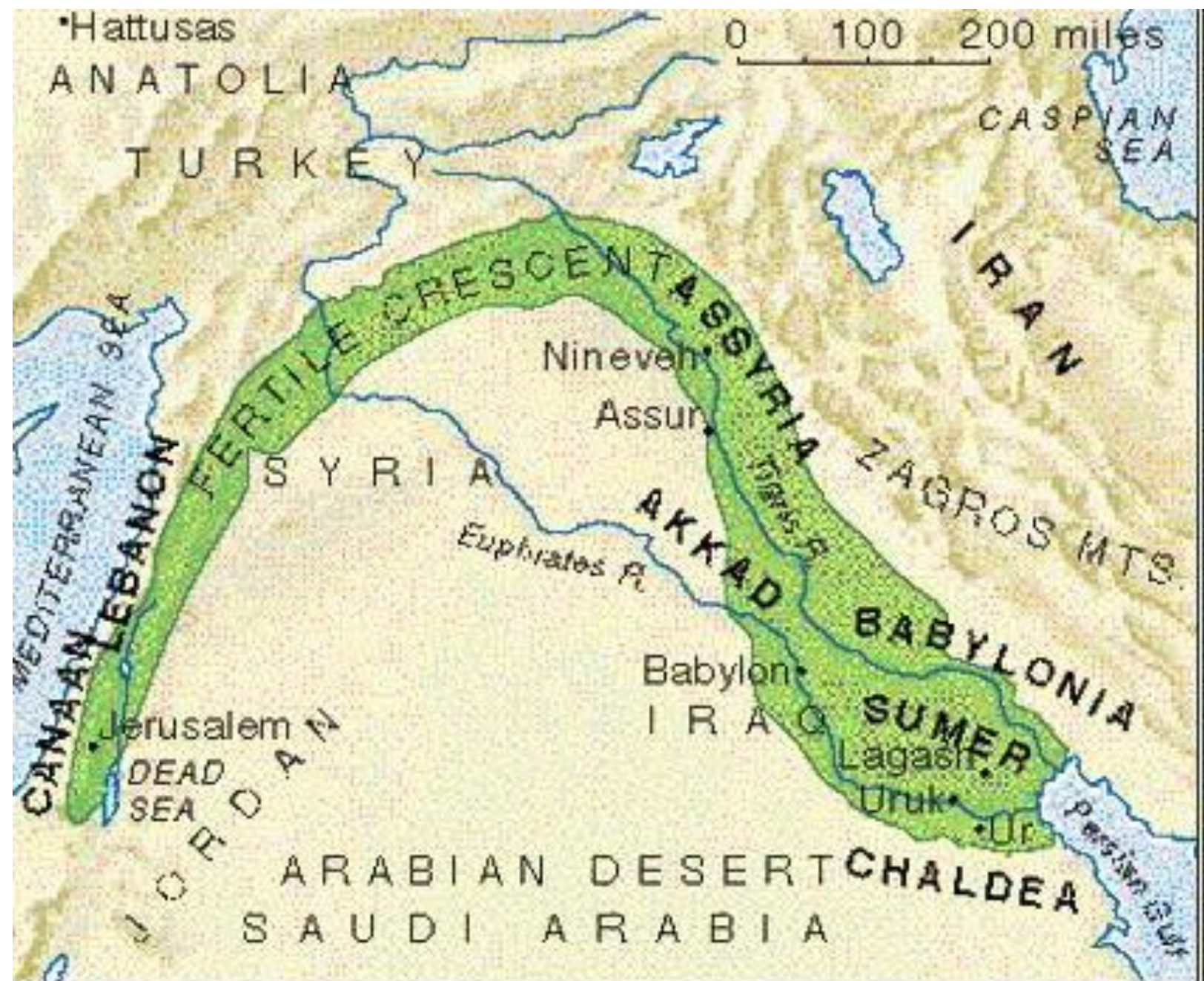


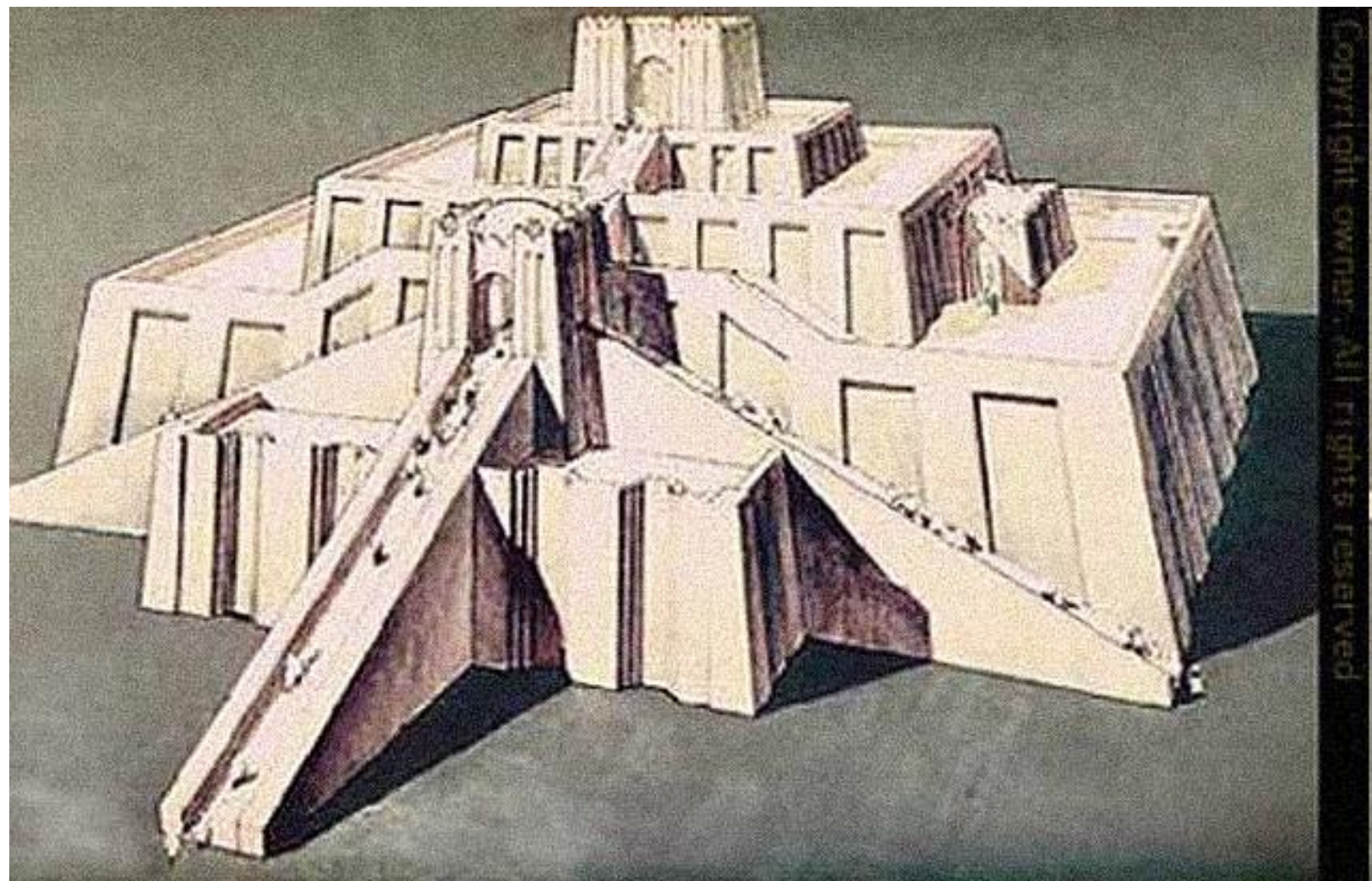






All the national borders of the Middle East have been drawn, since World War I.

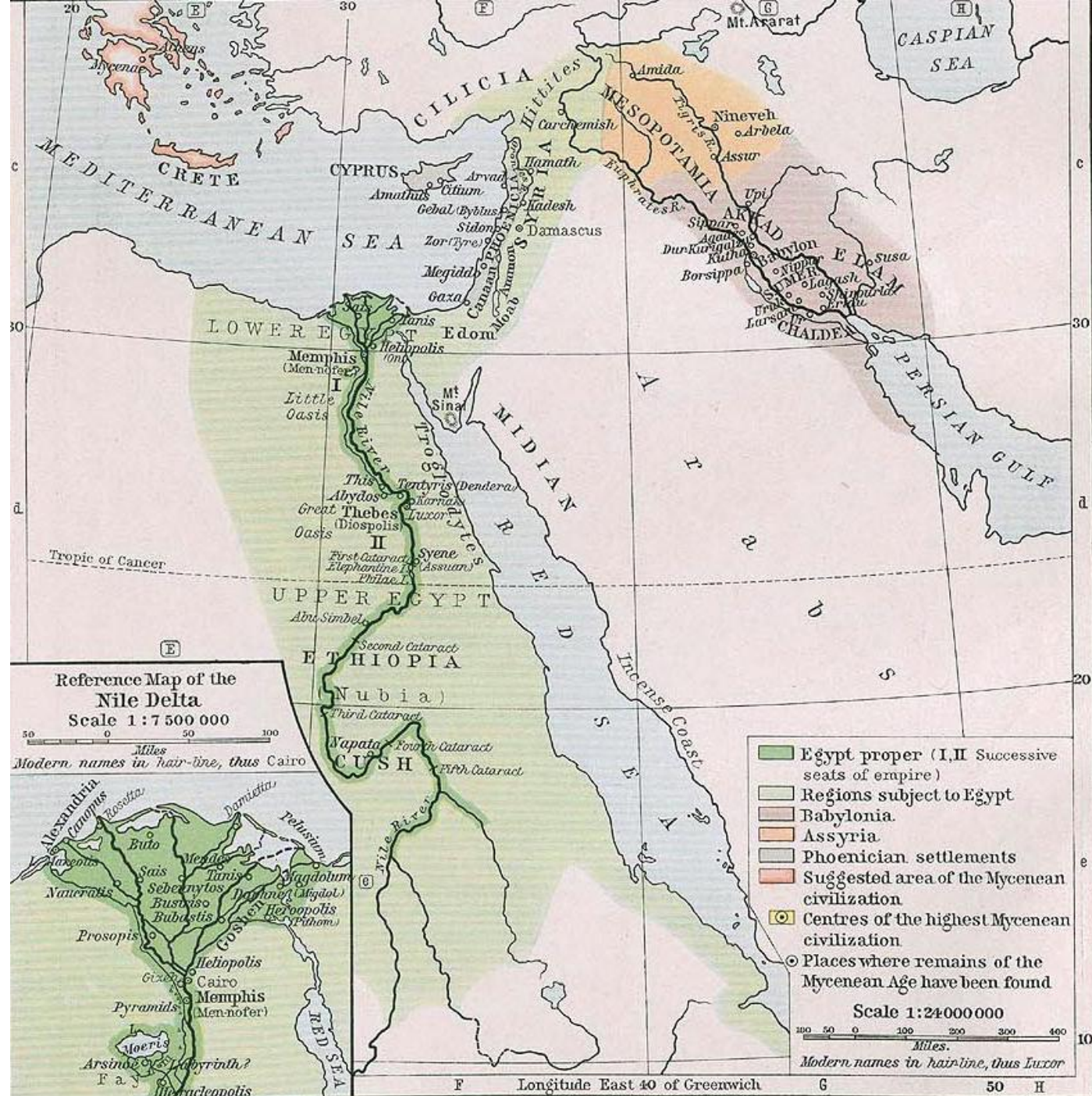




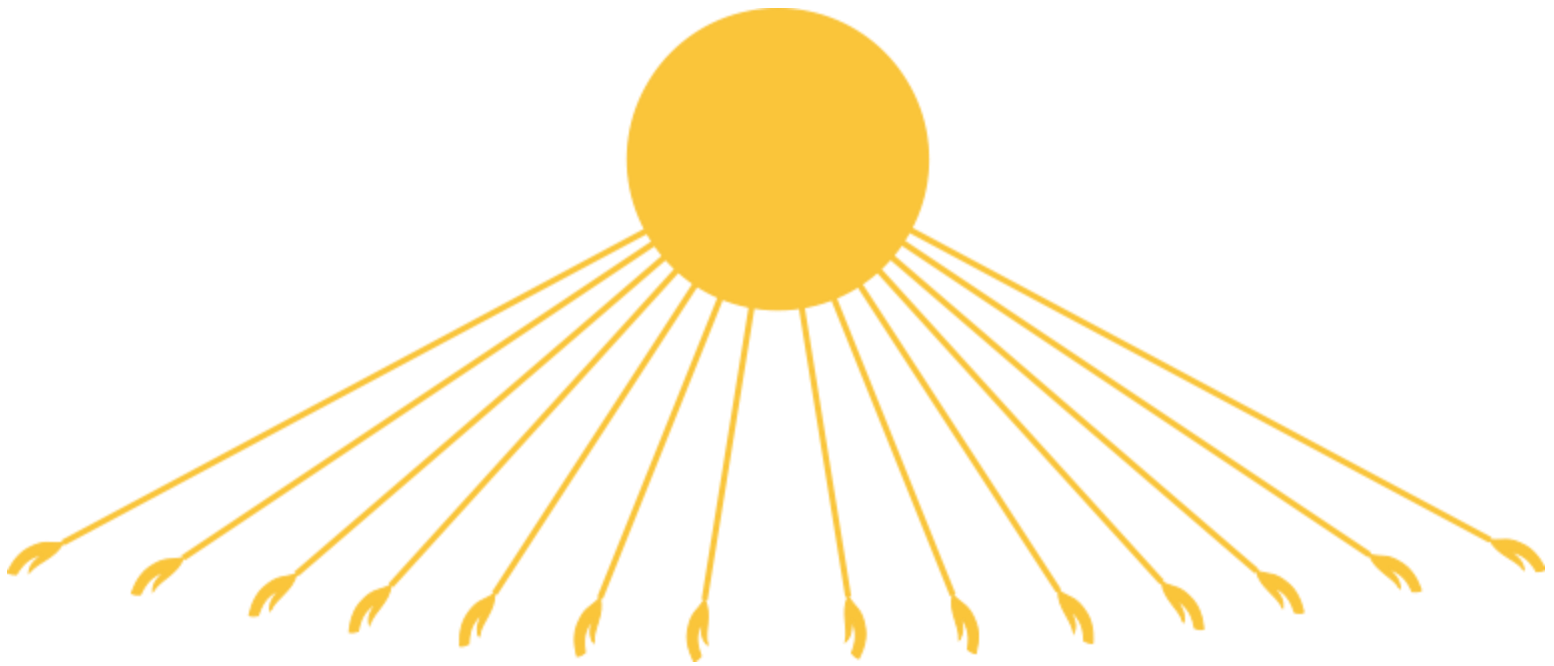
Copyright owner. All rights reserved

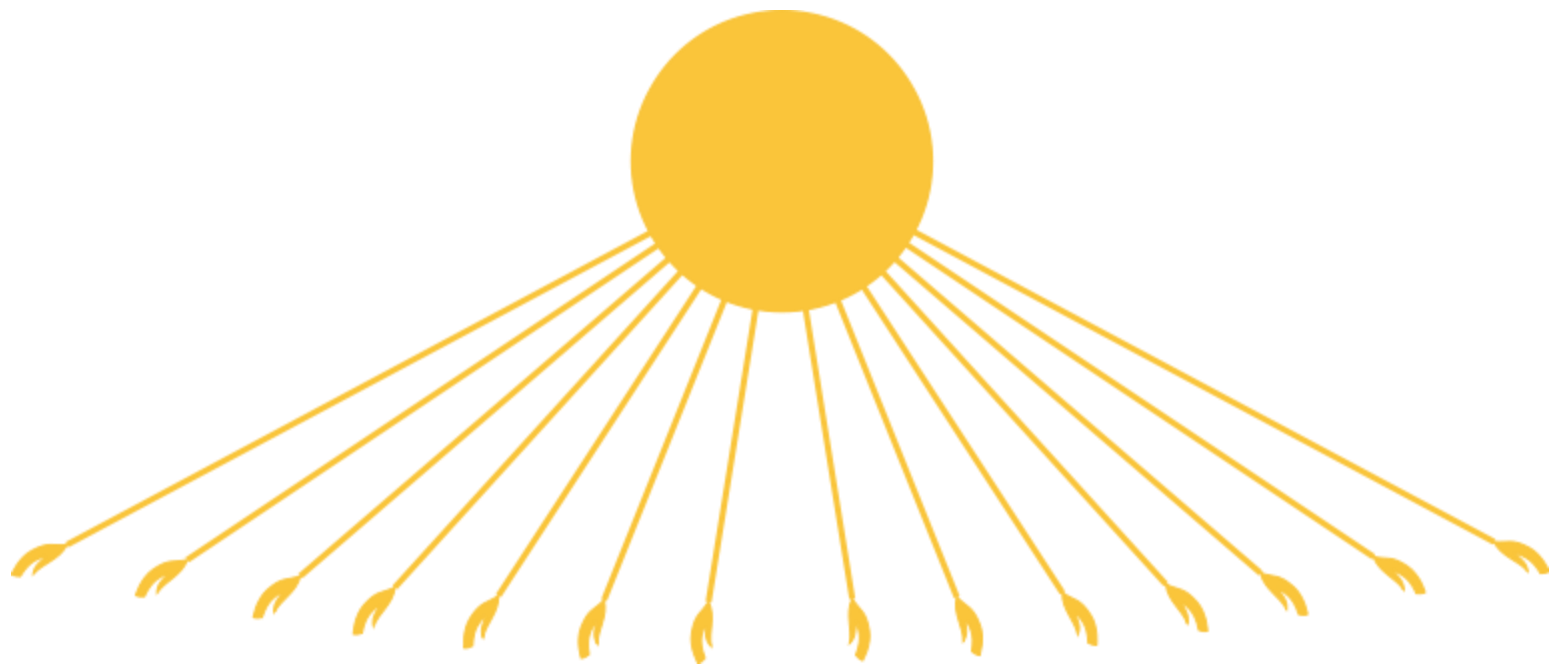














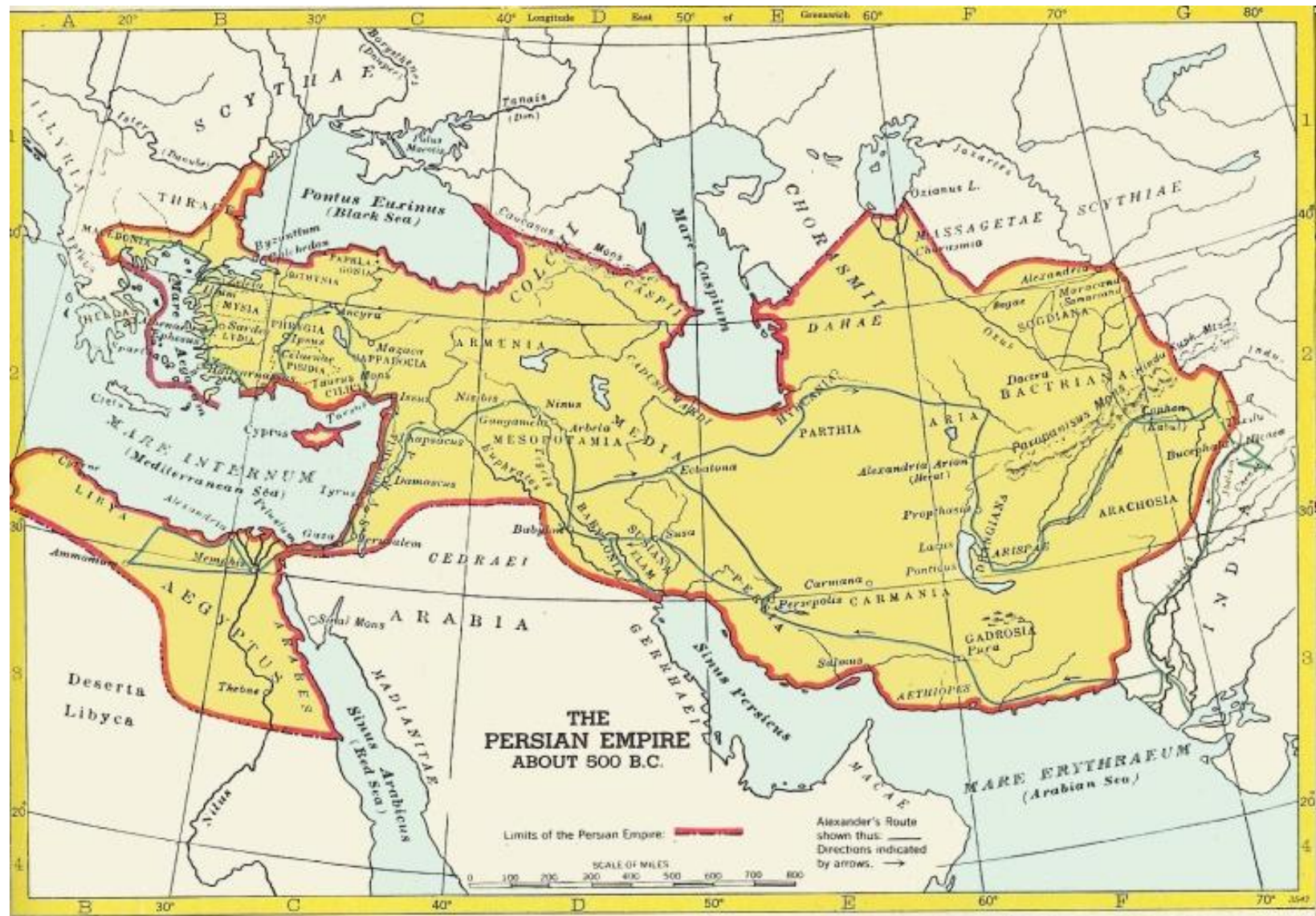


THE PERSIAN EMPIRE



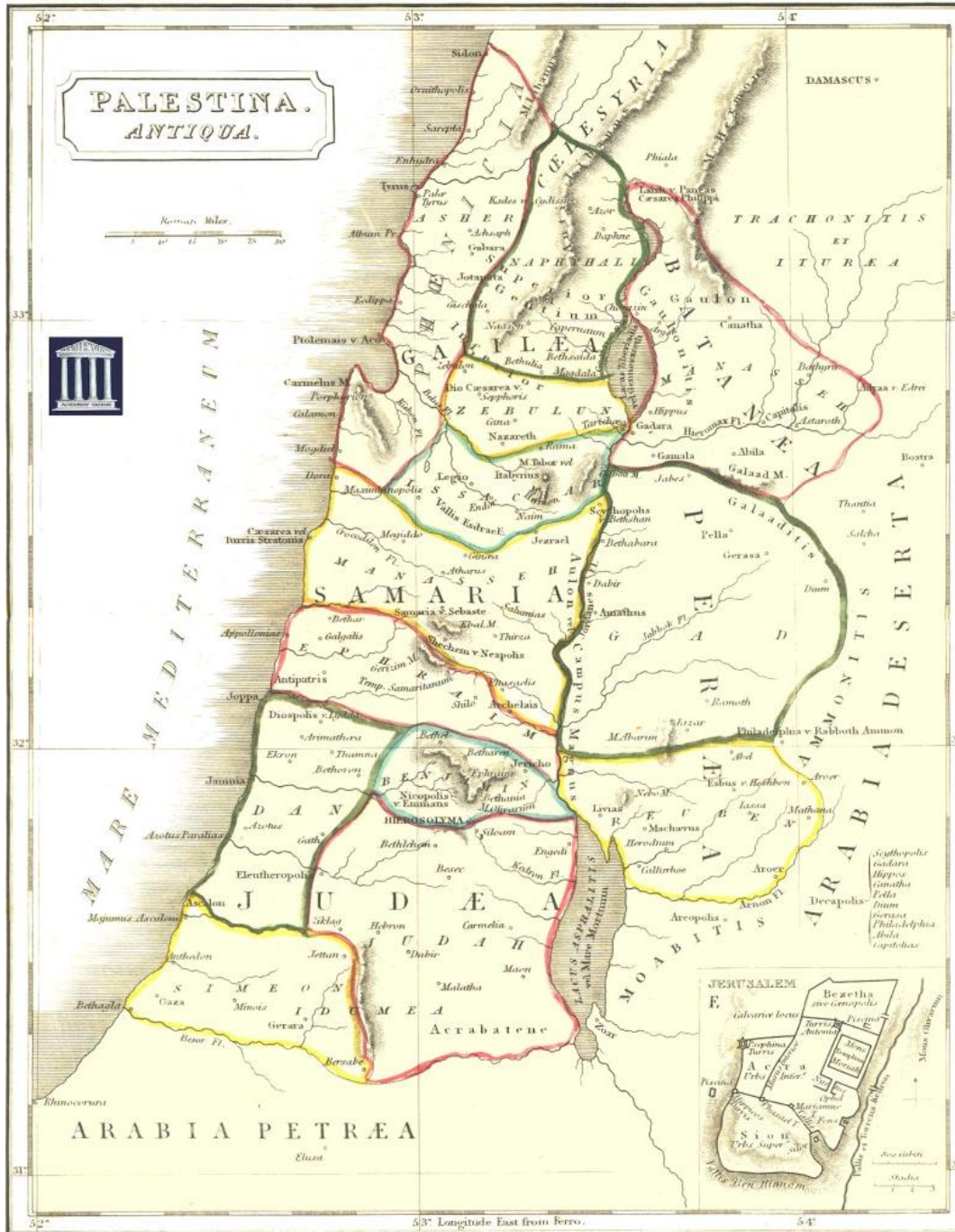
300

STRIKES BACK

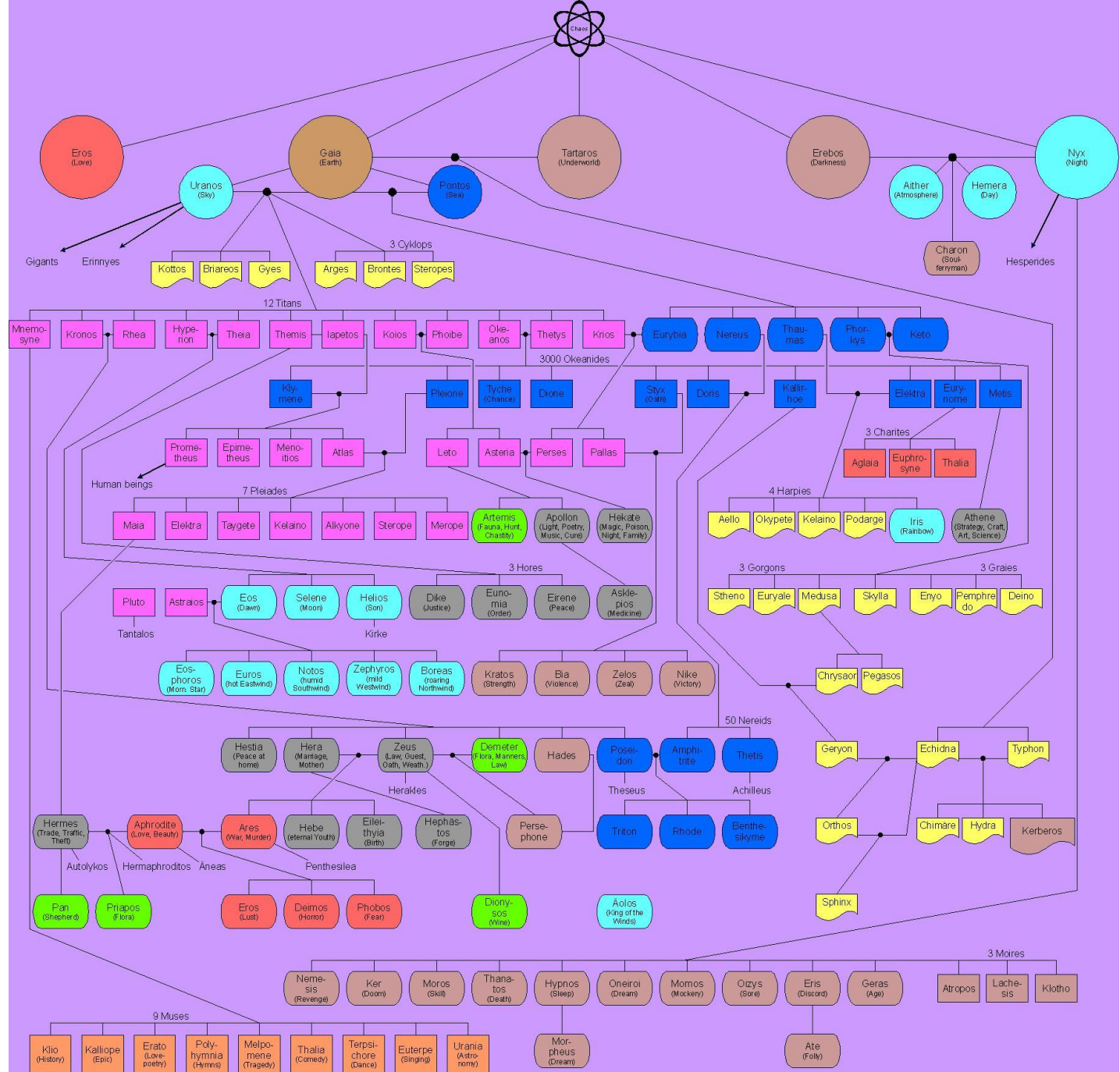


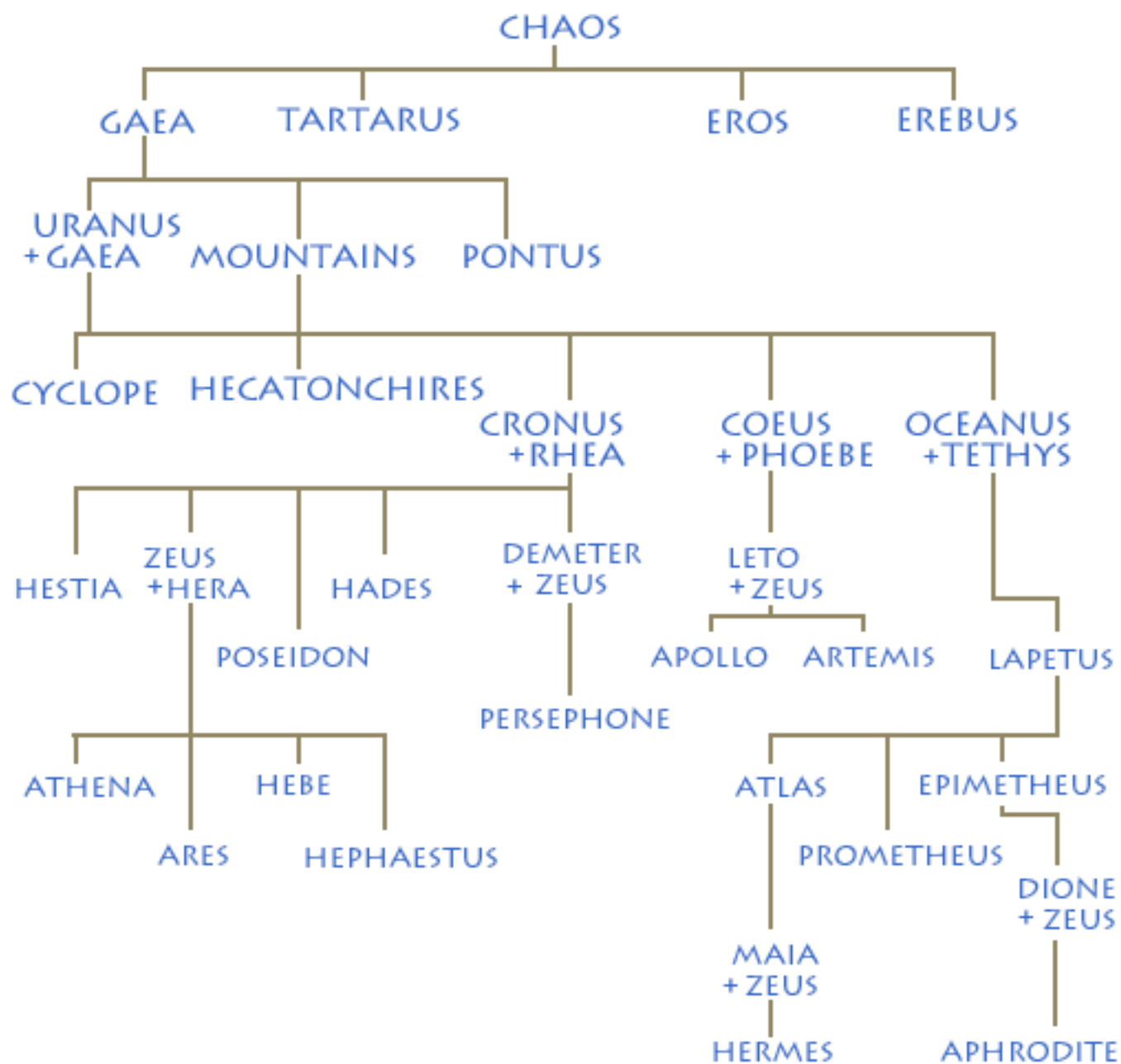
PALESTINA. ANTIQUA.

Romanae Miles.
0 10 20 30

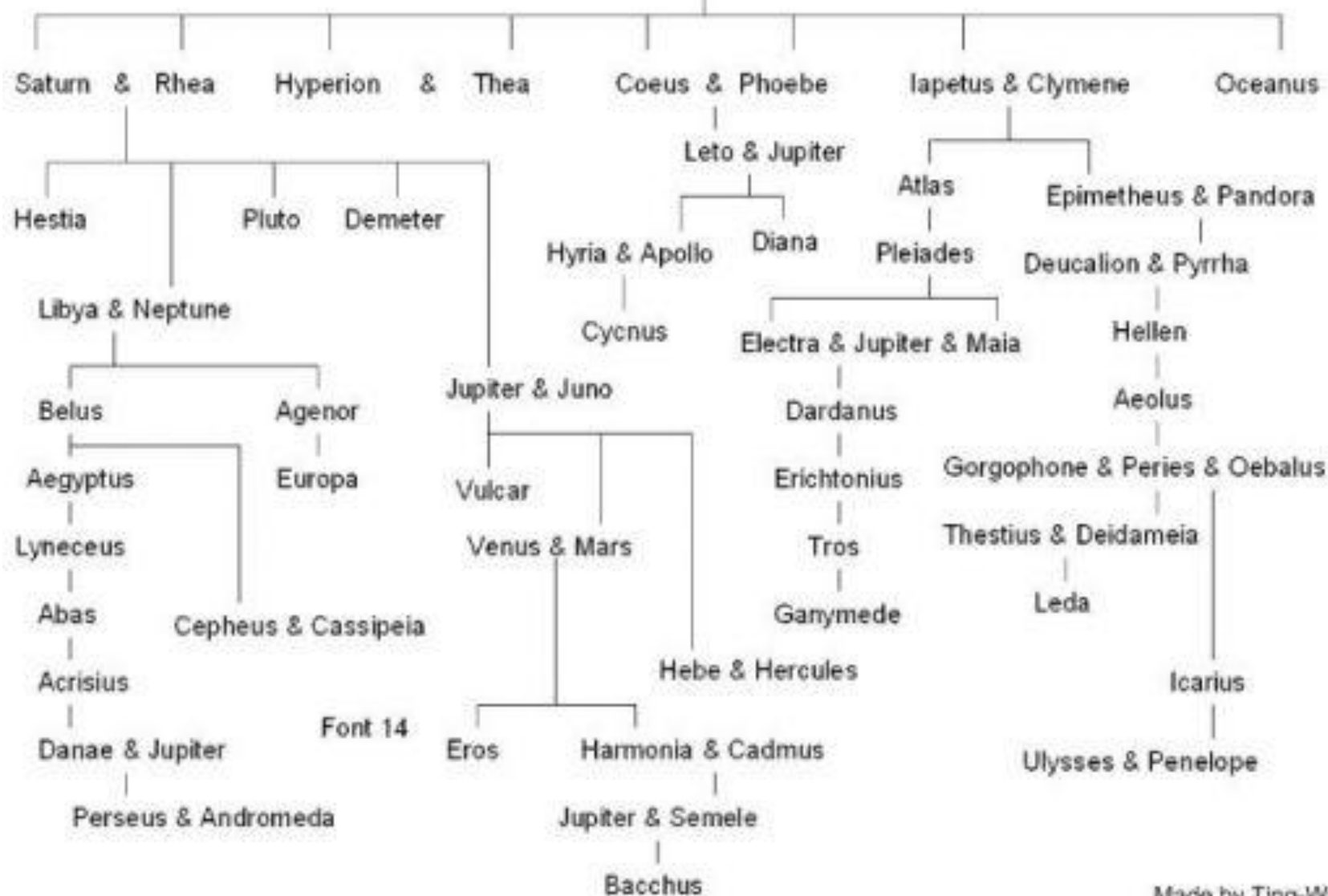








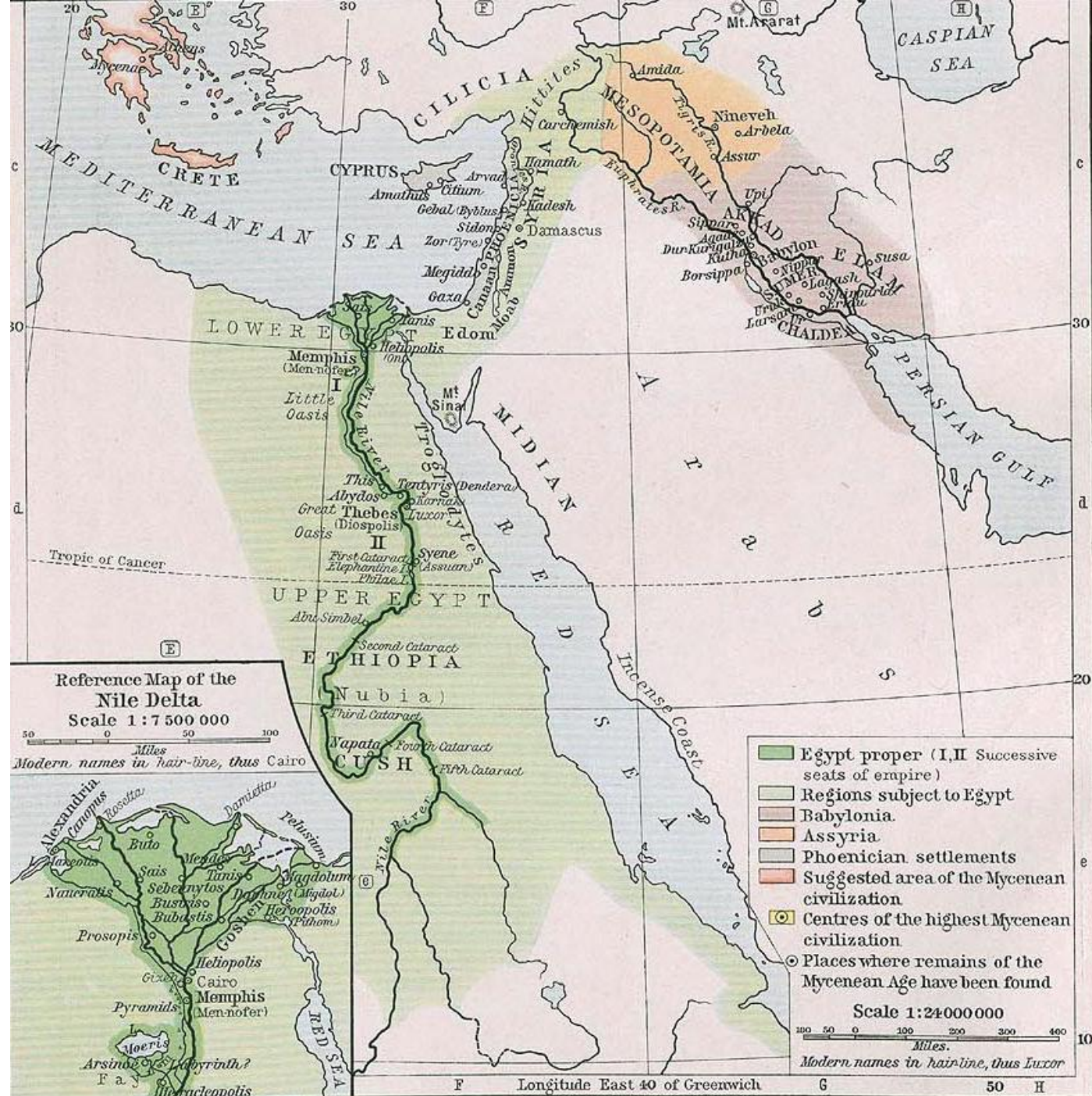
Uranus & Gaea

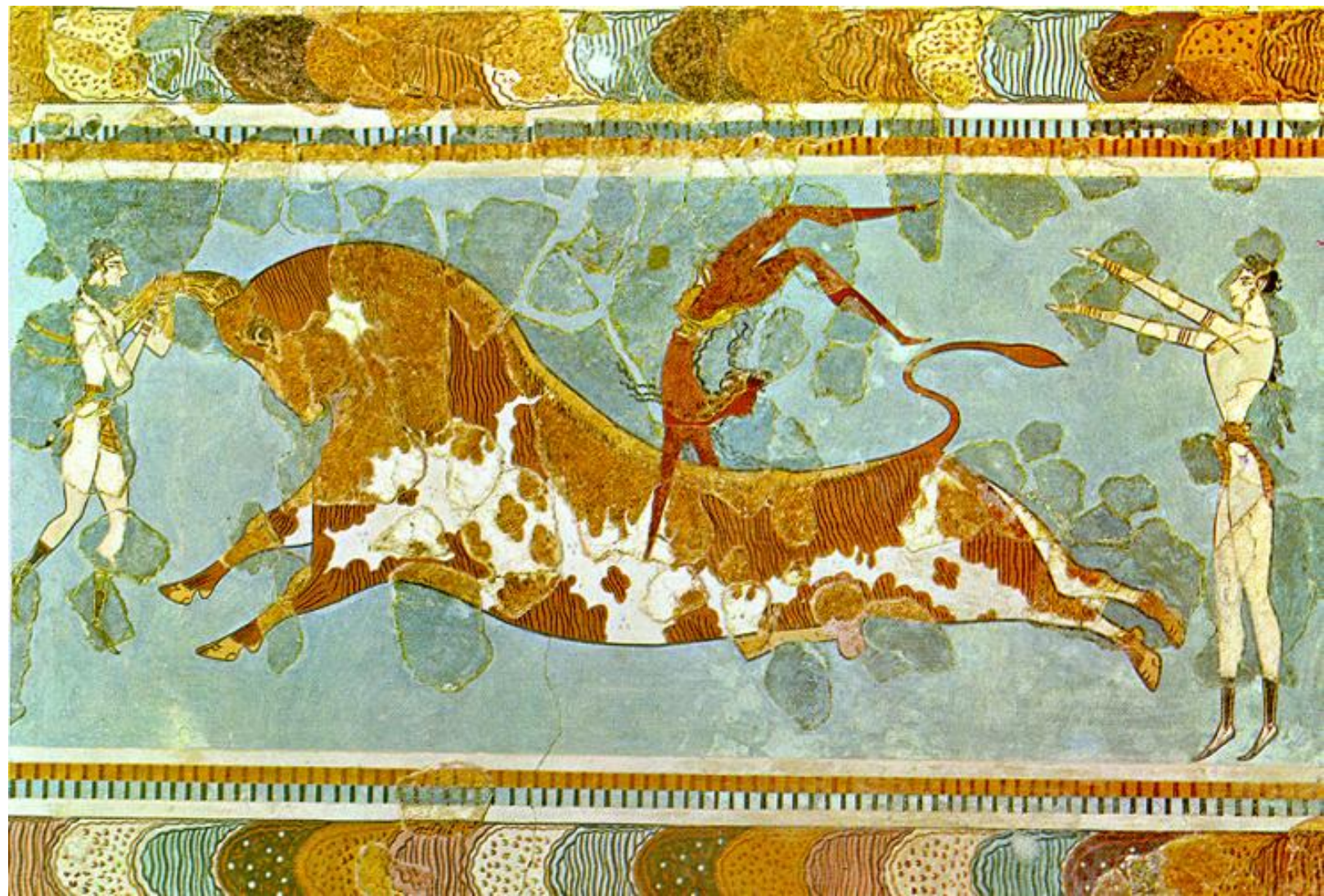


Font 14

Made by Ting-Wai



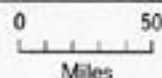




"Labyrinth" Igor Kanderik



MINOAN CRETE AND THE AEGEAN



Fortifications c. 1800

obsidian

Settlement c. 2000
now under water

Settlement by 2000

KEY TO PLACE NAMES IN CRETE

- 1 Knossos
- 2 Tylissos
- 3 Amnisos
- 4 Vathypetro
- 5 Mochlos
- 6 Ierapetra
- 7 Kamares
- 8 Hagia Triada
- 9 Phaistos
- 10 Platanos
- 11 Apesokari
- 12 Mesara Plain

Palace still undiscovered

Settled before 6000

Pottery style, before and after
c. 2000, named after cave

'First' palaces 2200 - 1700,
'Second' palaces from c. 1700

Destroyed c. 2200

Settlement c. 2500

Gold hoard before 2000

Cretan colony

Stage on Cretan
trade-routes

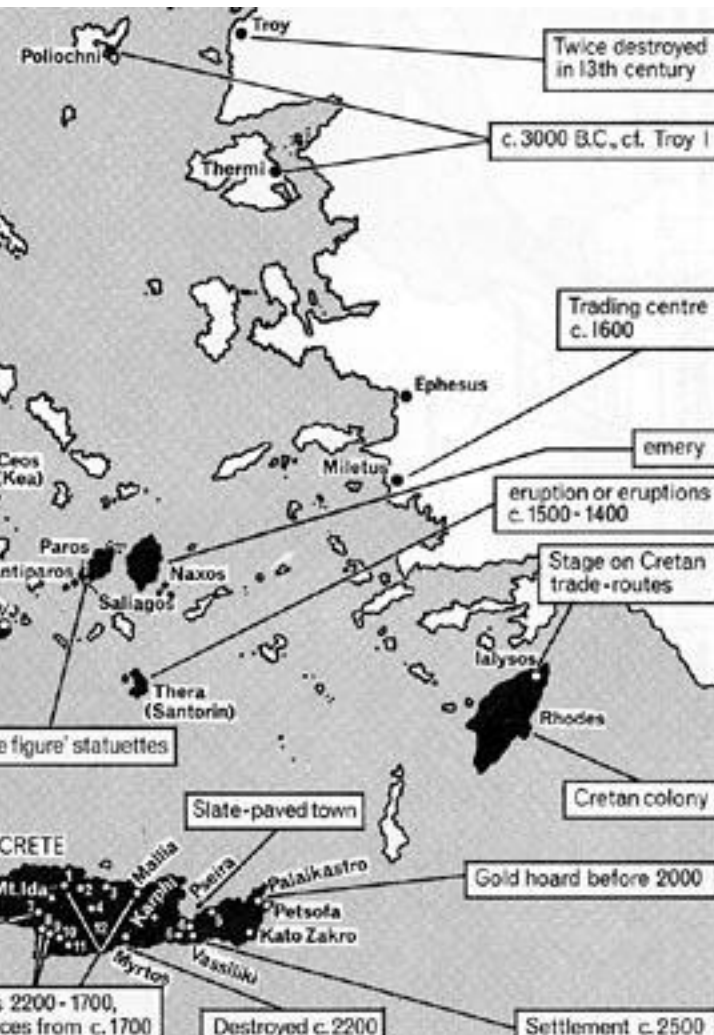
eruption or eruptions
c. 1500 - 1400

emery

Trading centre
c. 1600

Twice destroyed
in 13th century

c. 3000 B.C., cf. Troy I







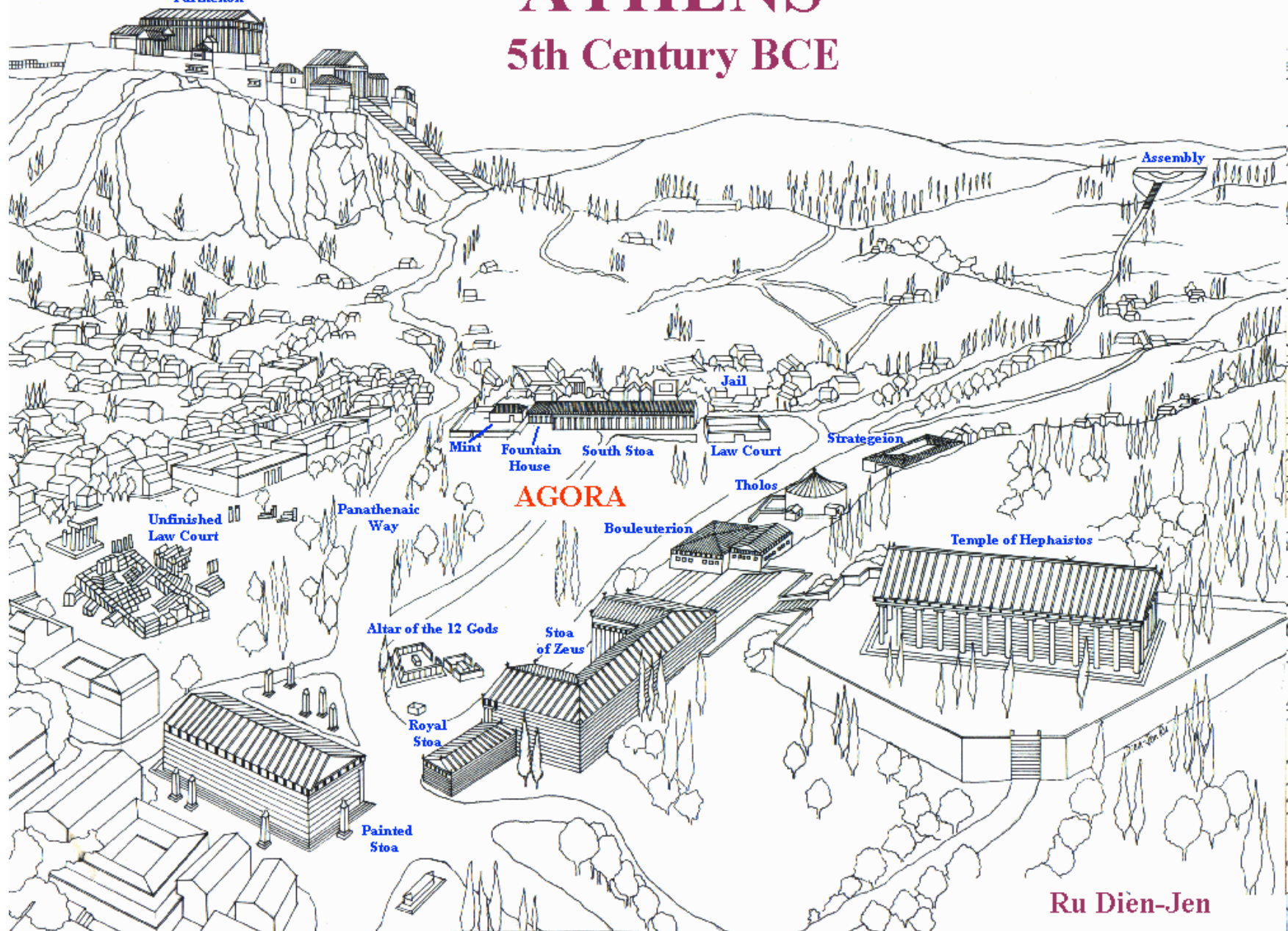


ACROPOLIS

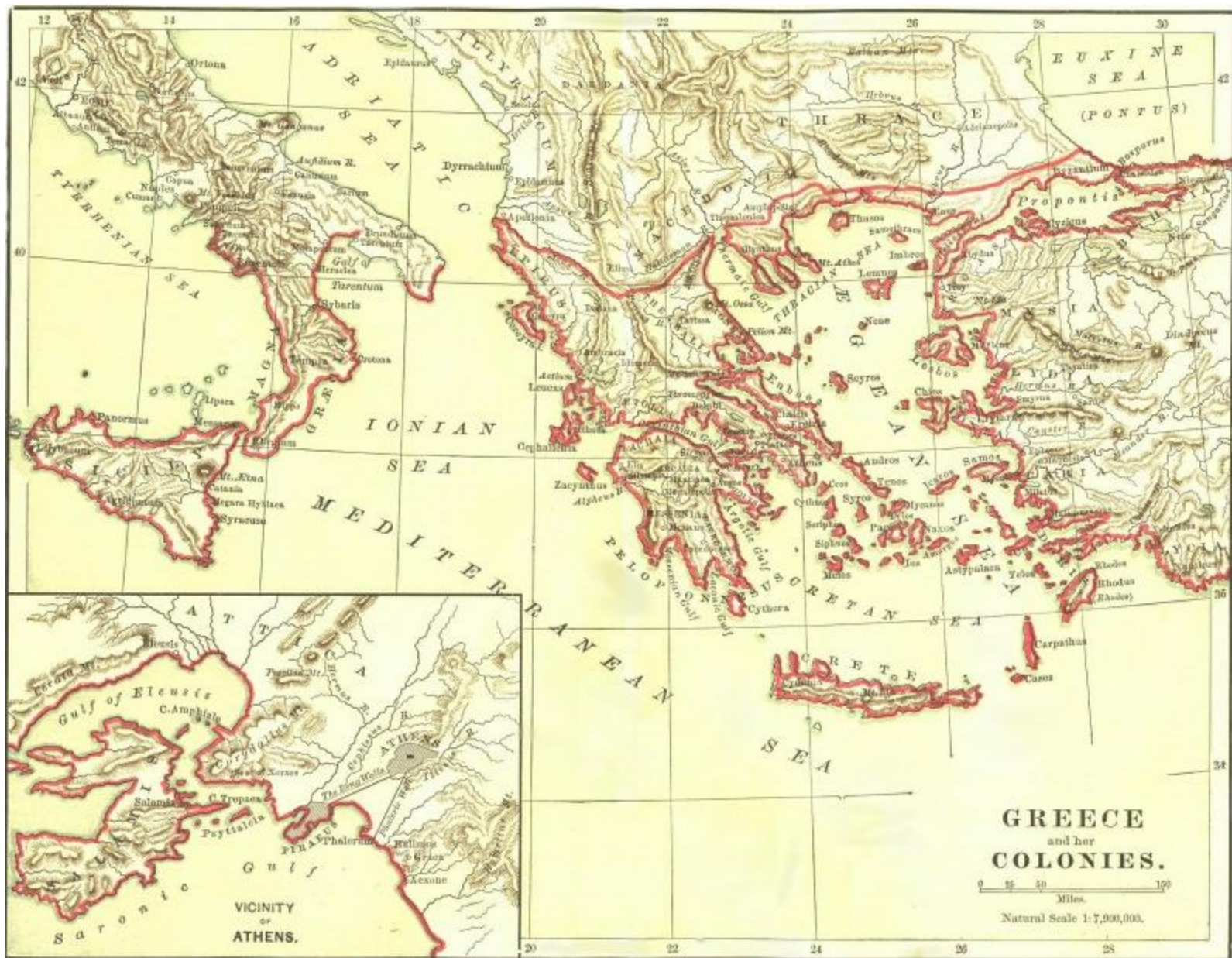
Parthenon

ATHENS

5th Century BCE



Ru Dièn-Jen





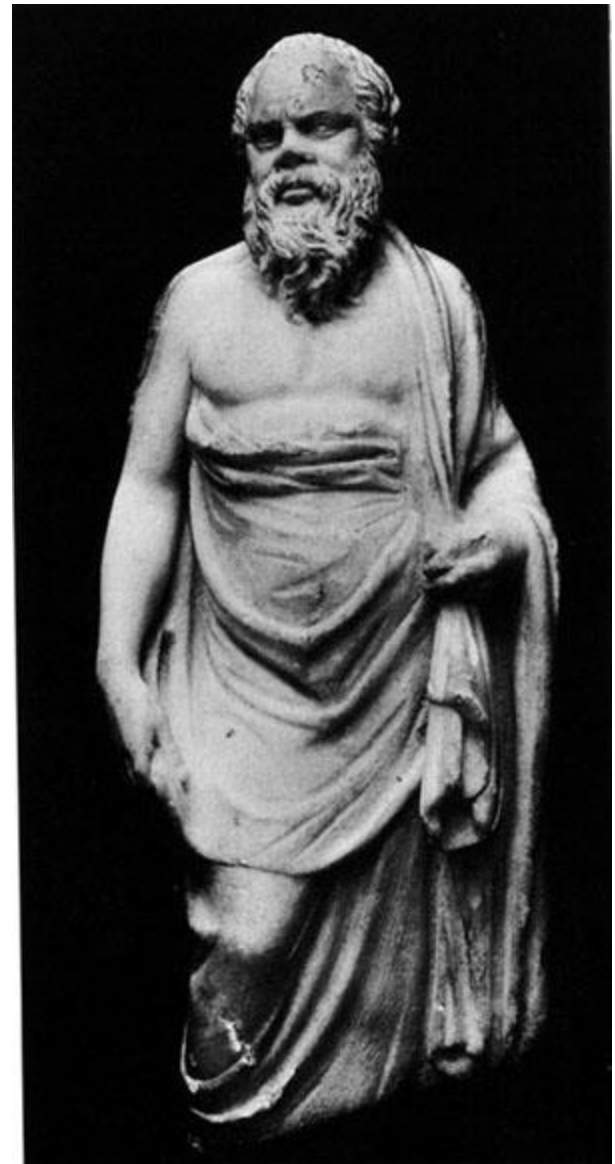
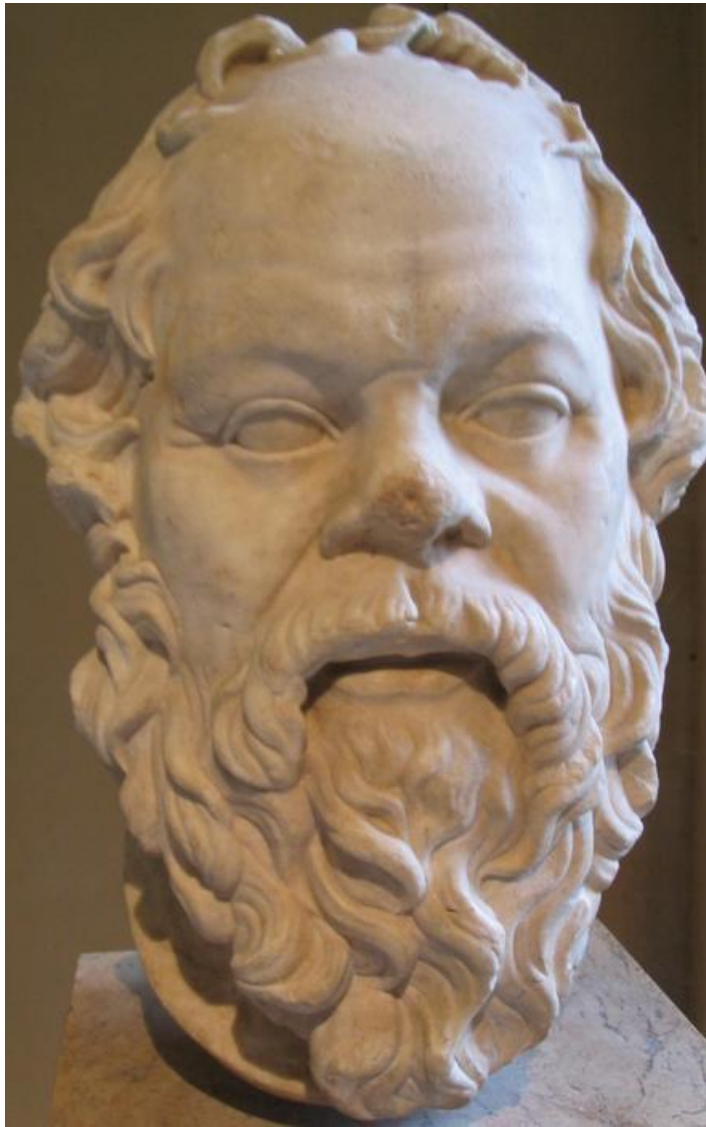


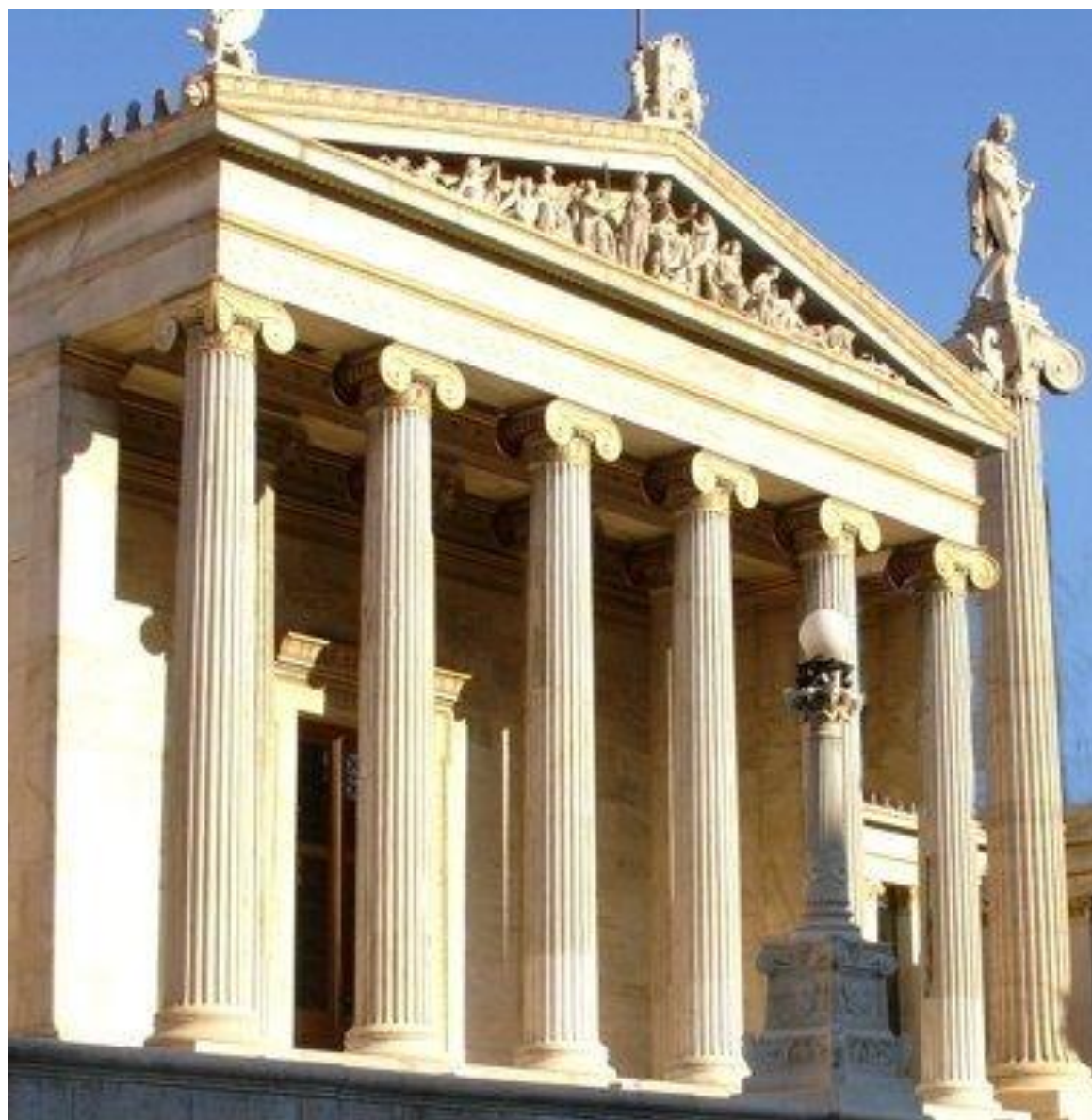








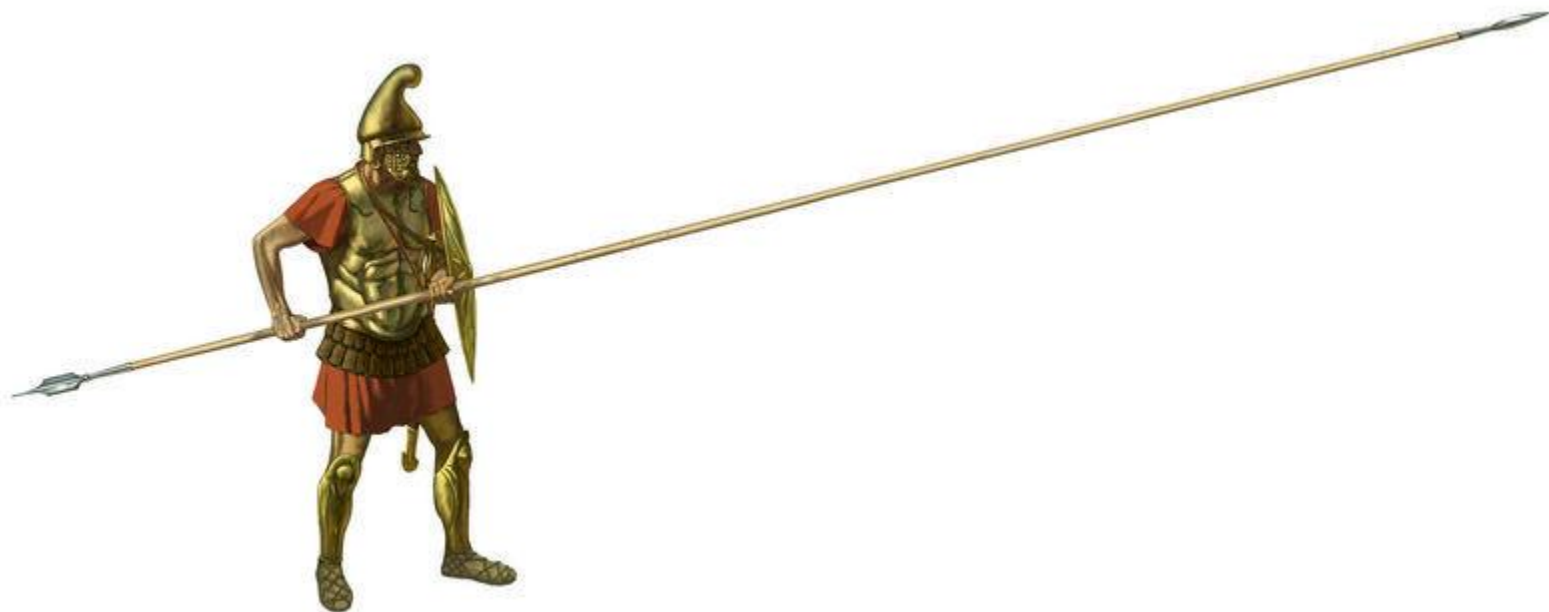




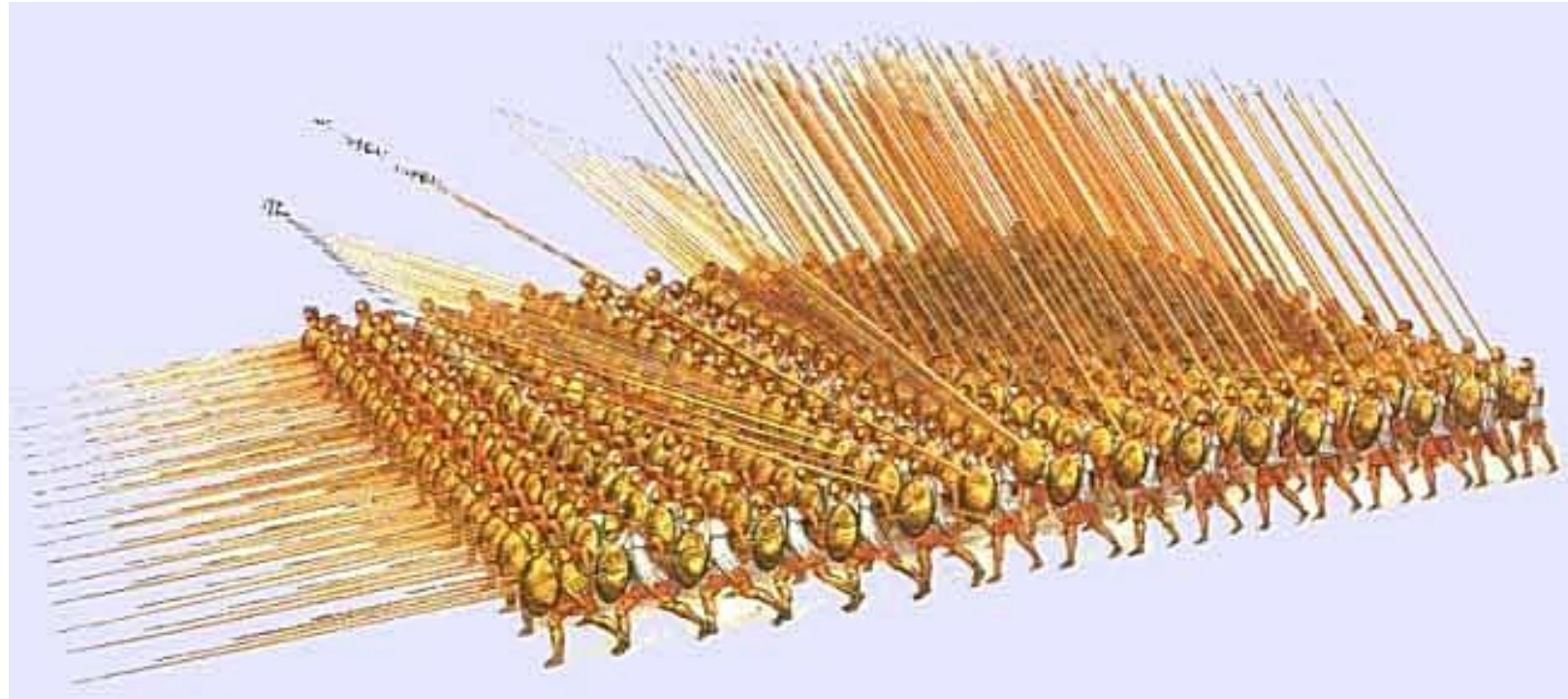




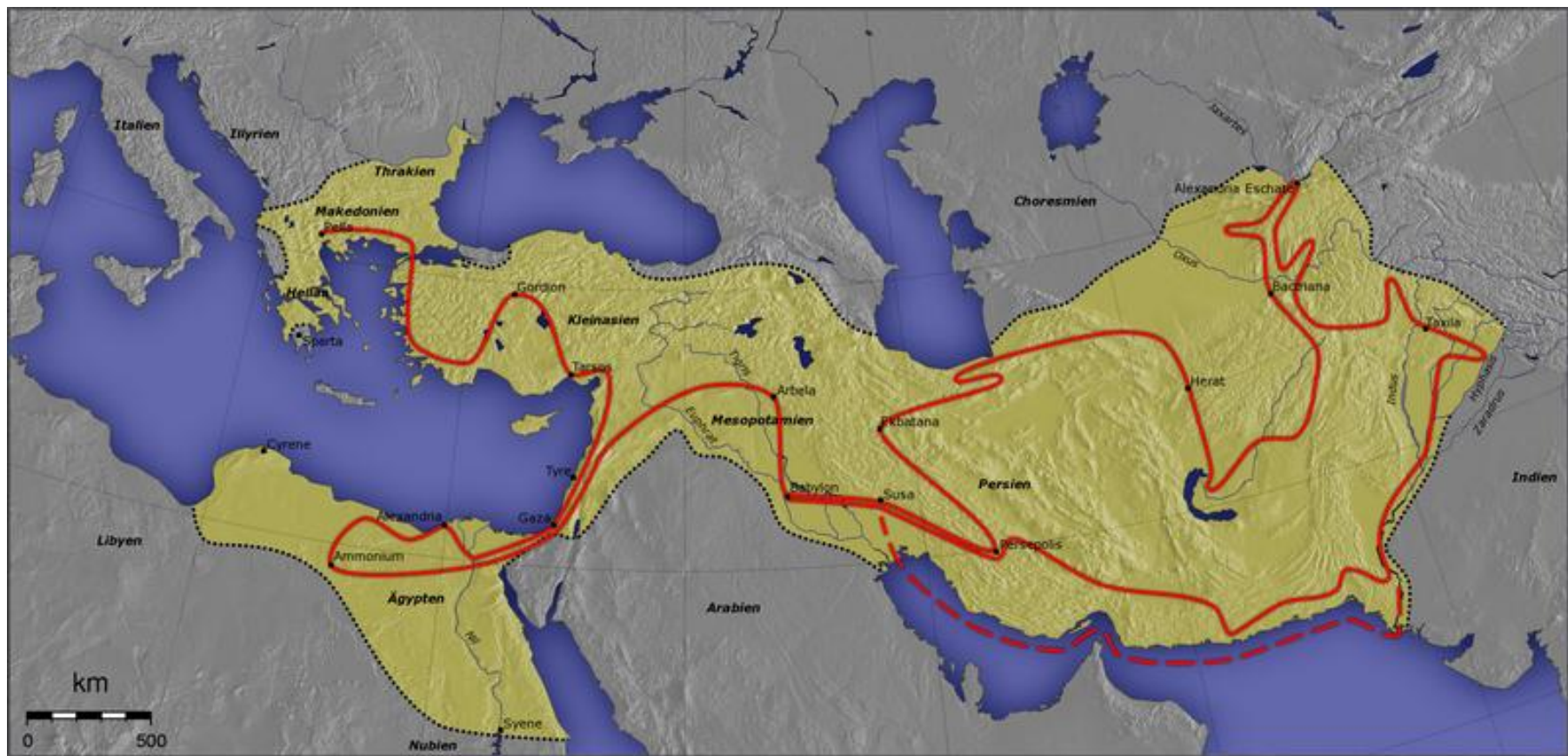




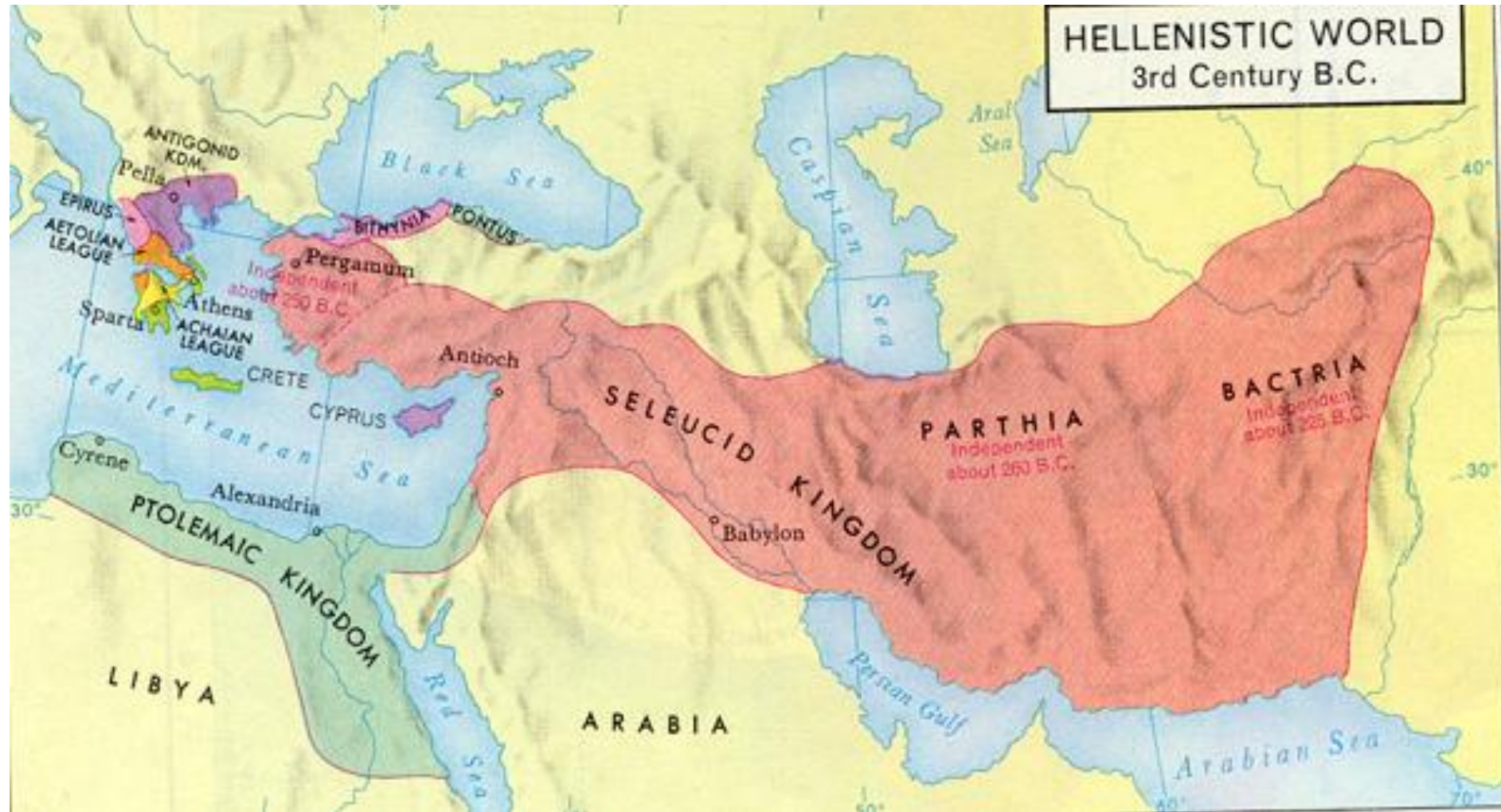








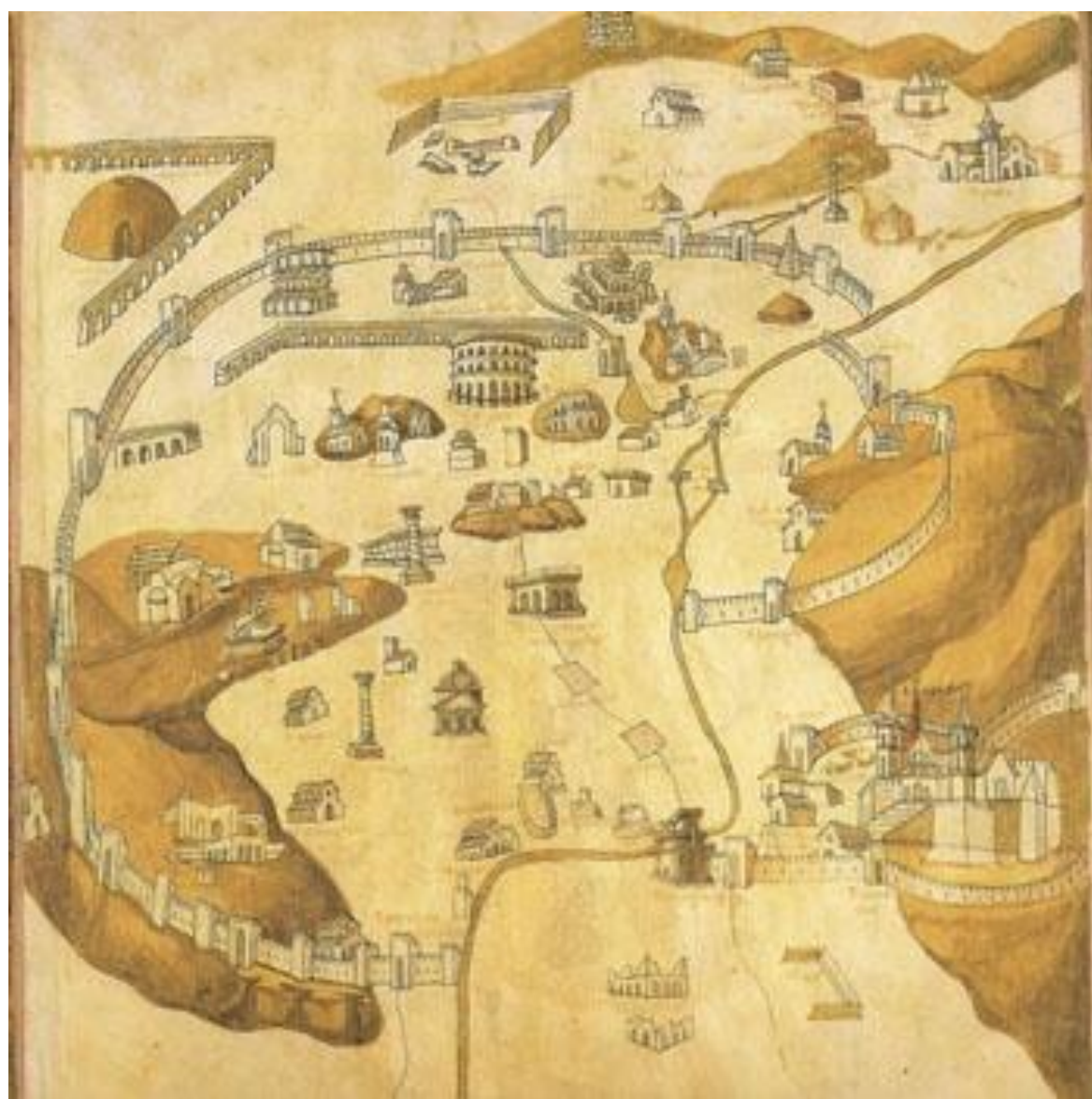
HELLENISTIC WORLD 3rd Century B.C.









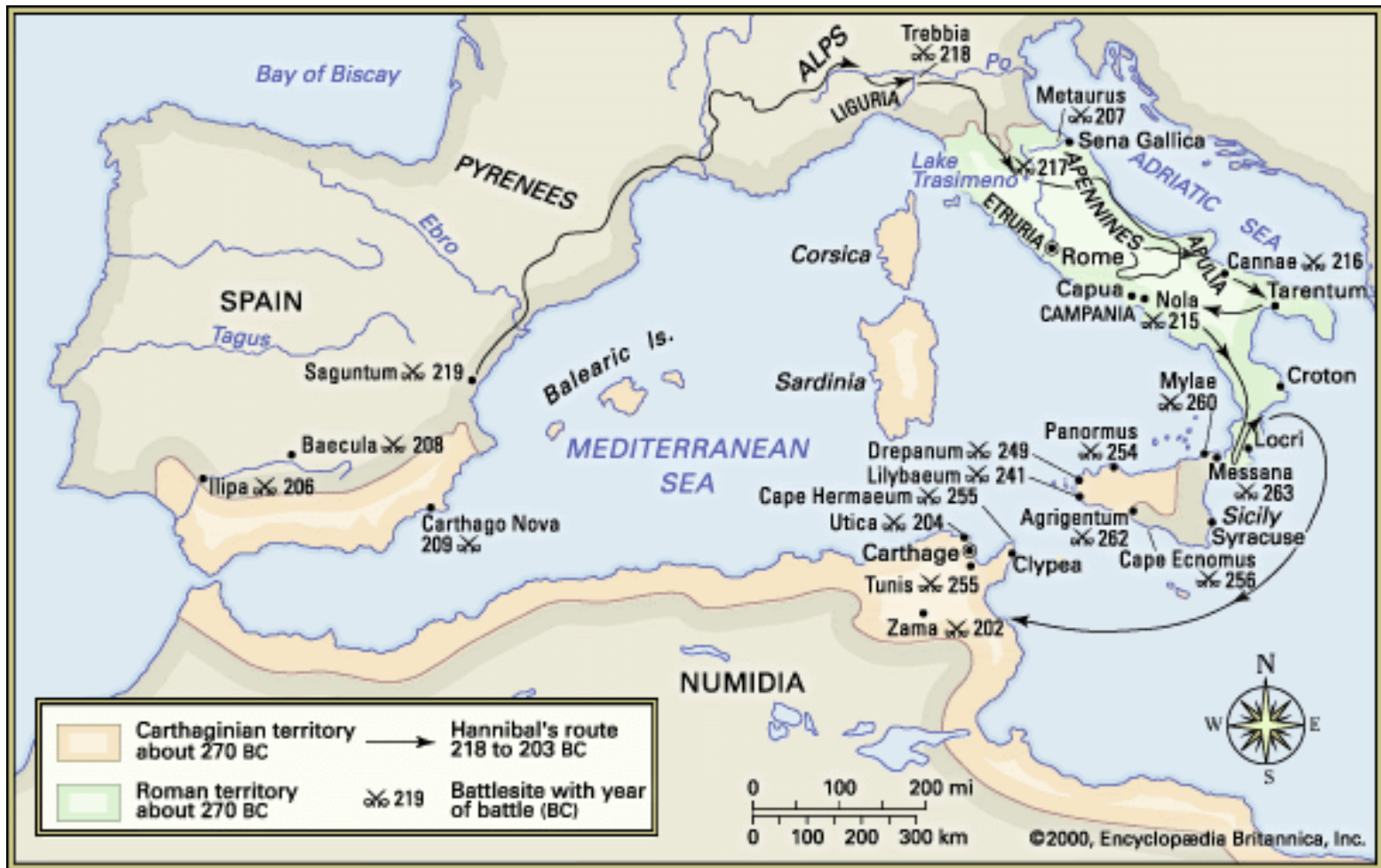


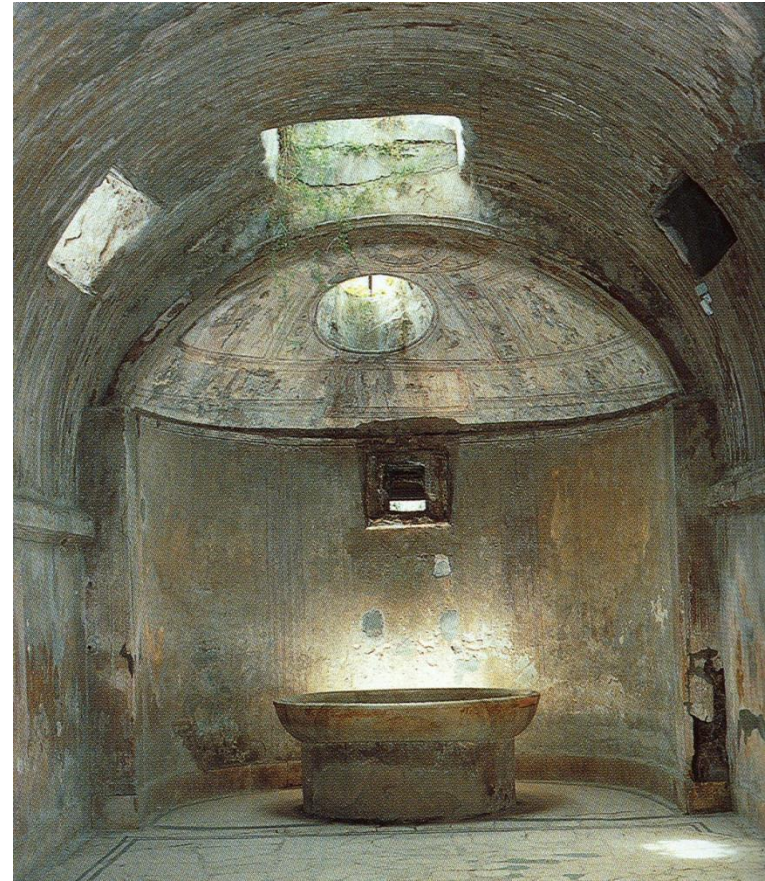
1561

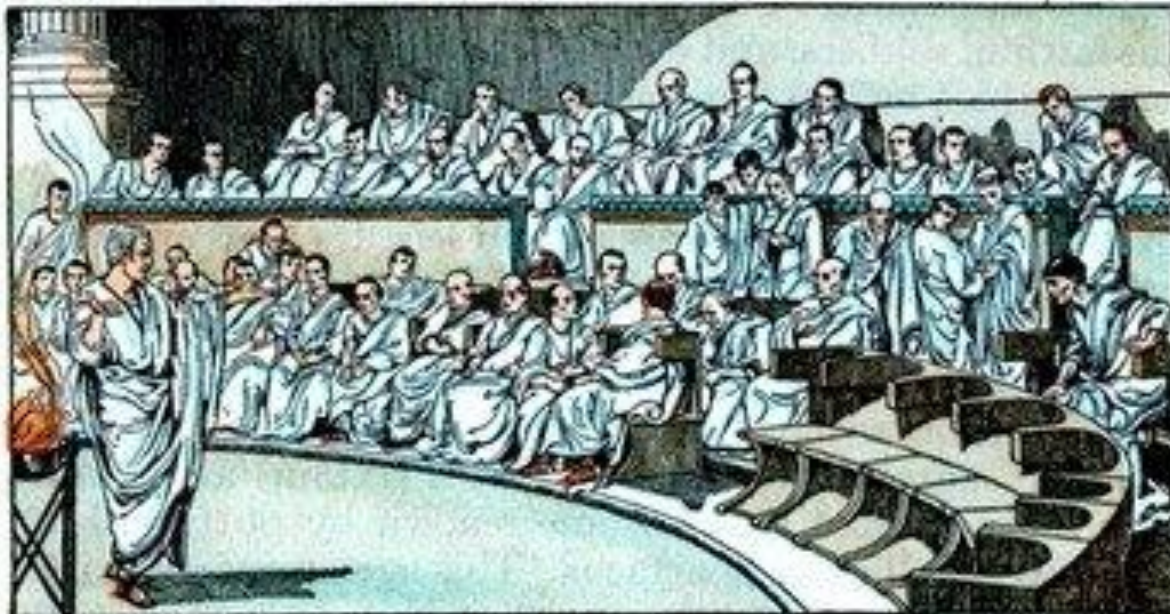


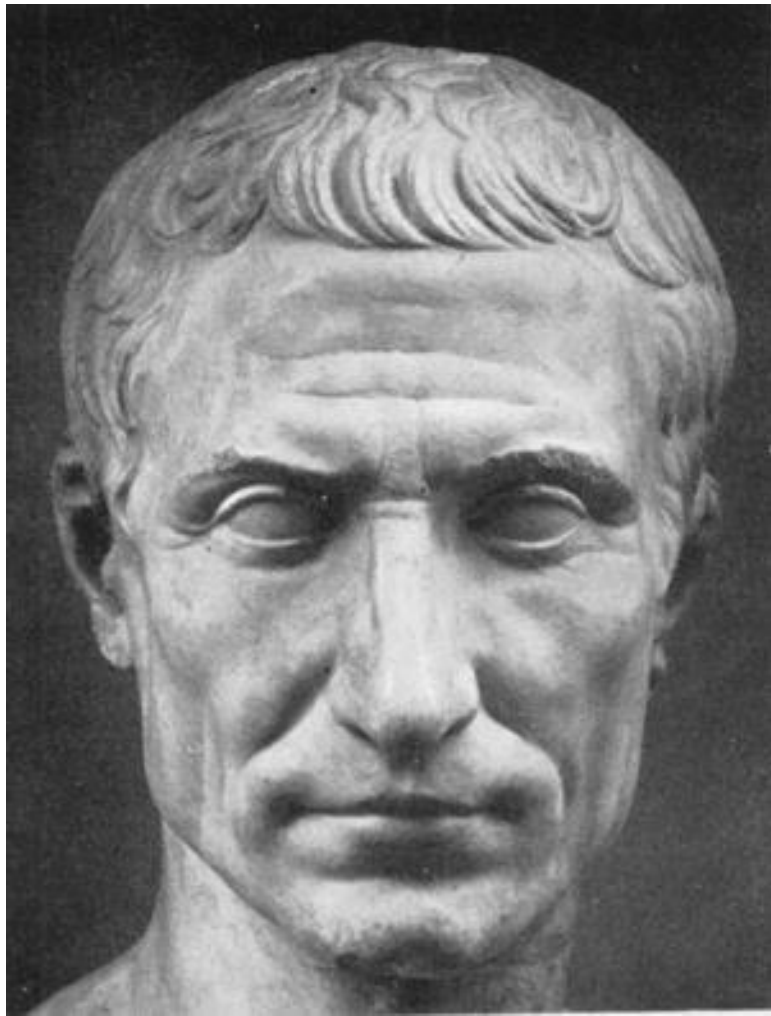




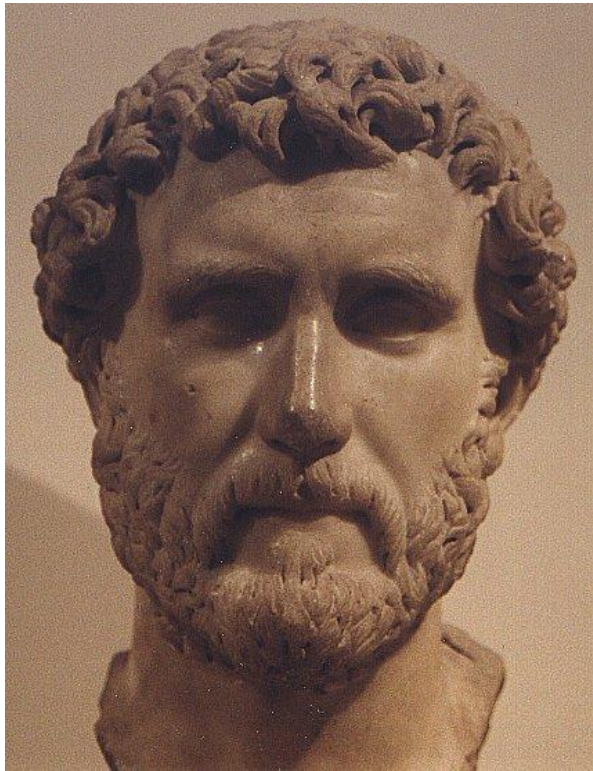
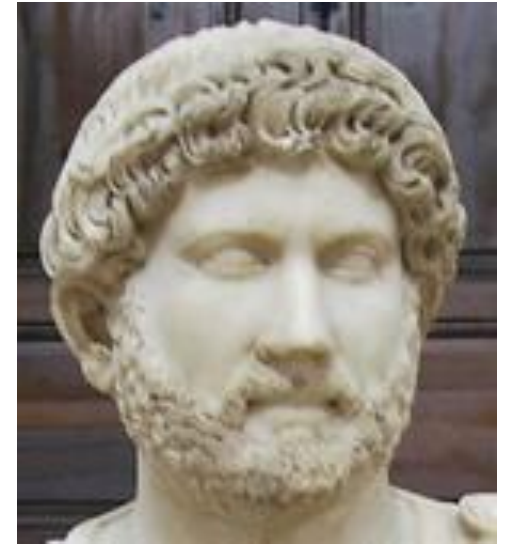
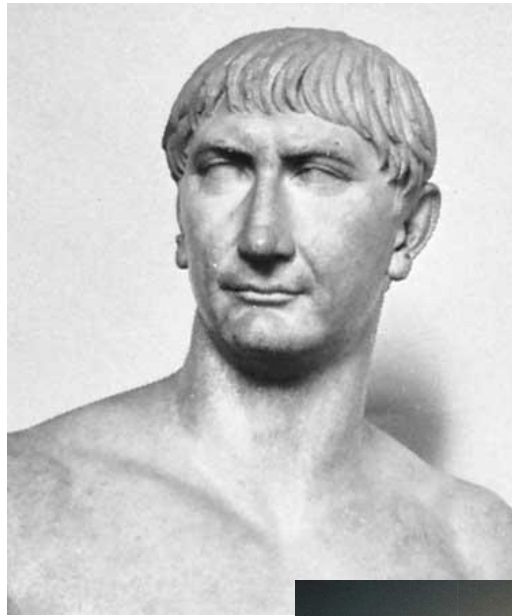
















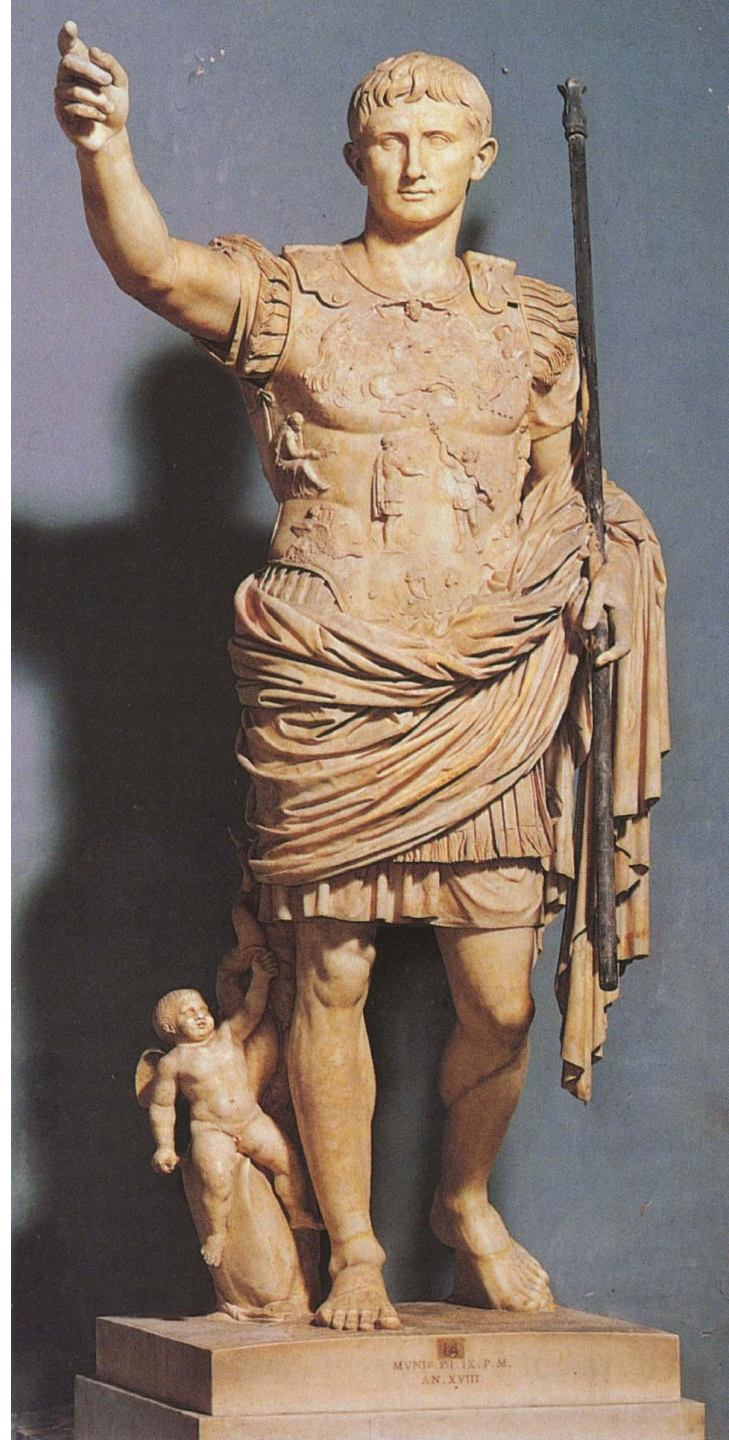




Two Famous Roman Artworks



Augustus



Looking Into The Detail

Pointed Hand
Gesture

Young Clean
Face

Decorated Armor
and Robe

Angel/Cherub
Representation

Walking
Motion



Marcus Aurelius



Looking Into The Detail

Pointed Hand
Gesture

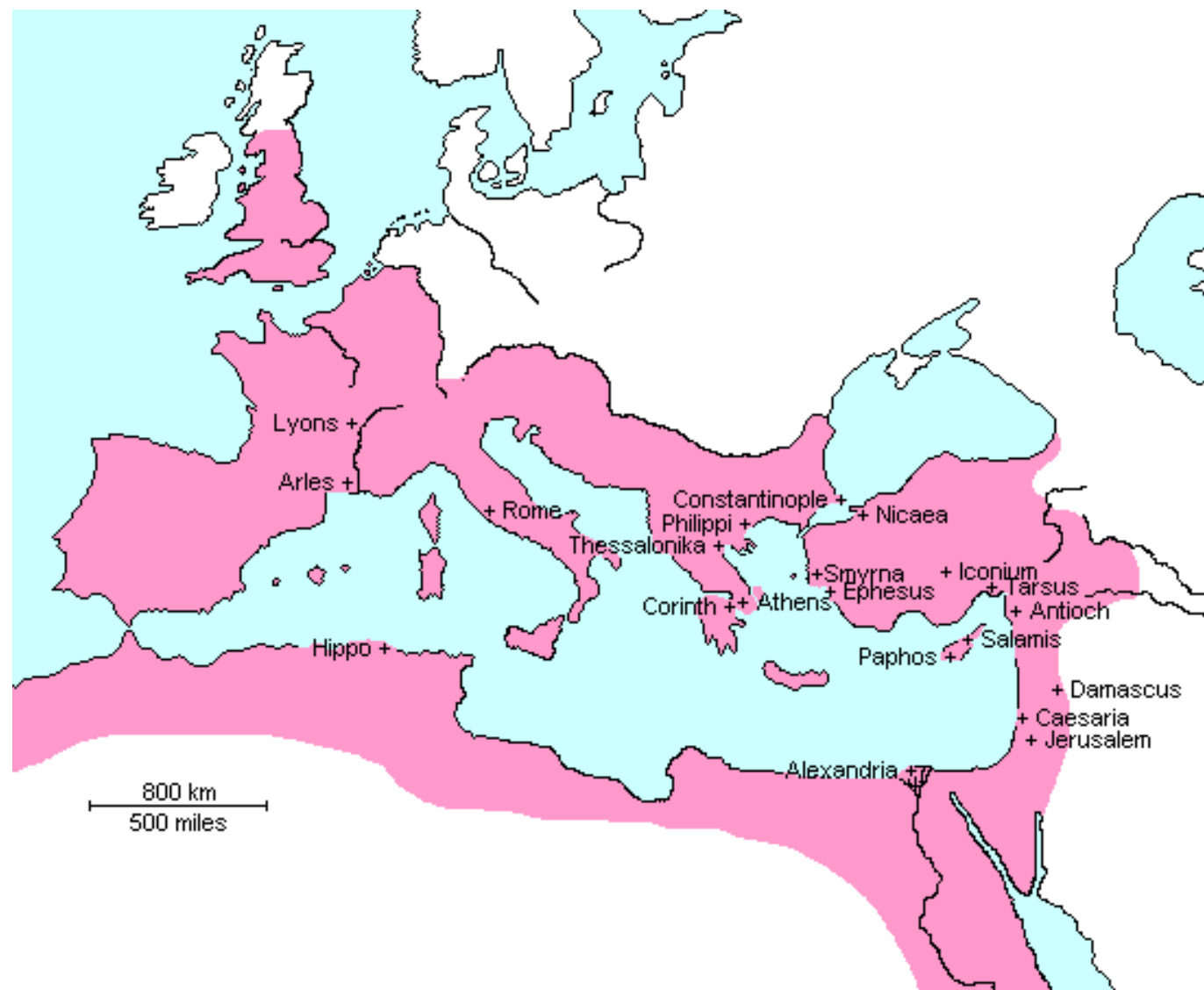
Walking
Motion



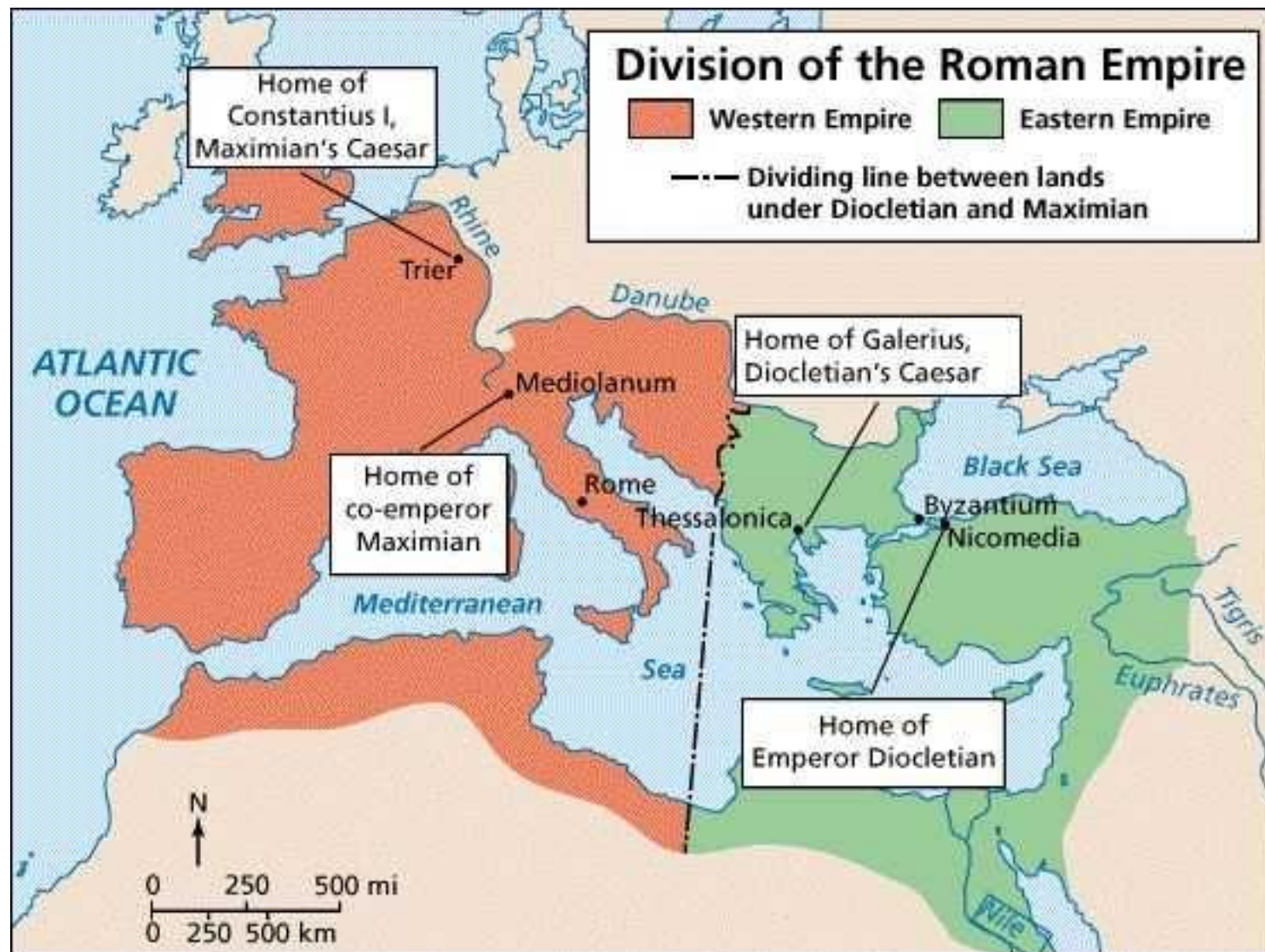
Missed
Proportional
Body

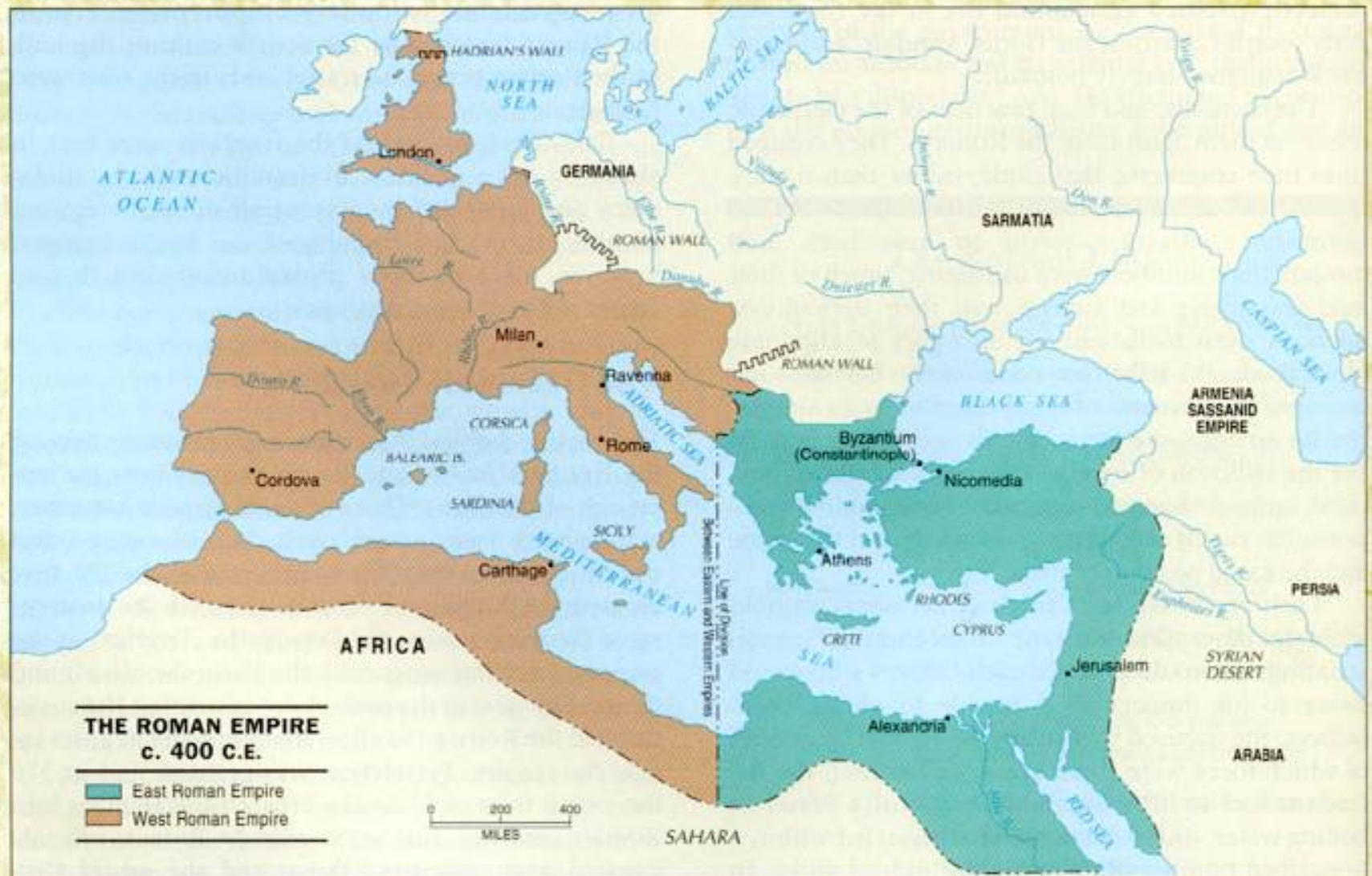
Civil Robe





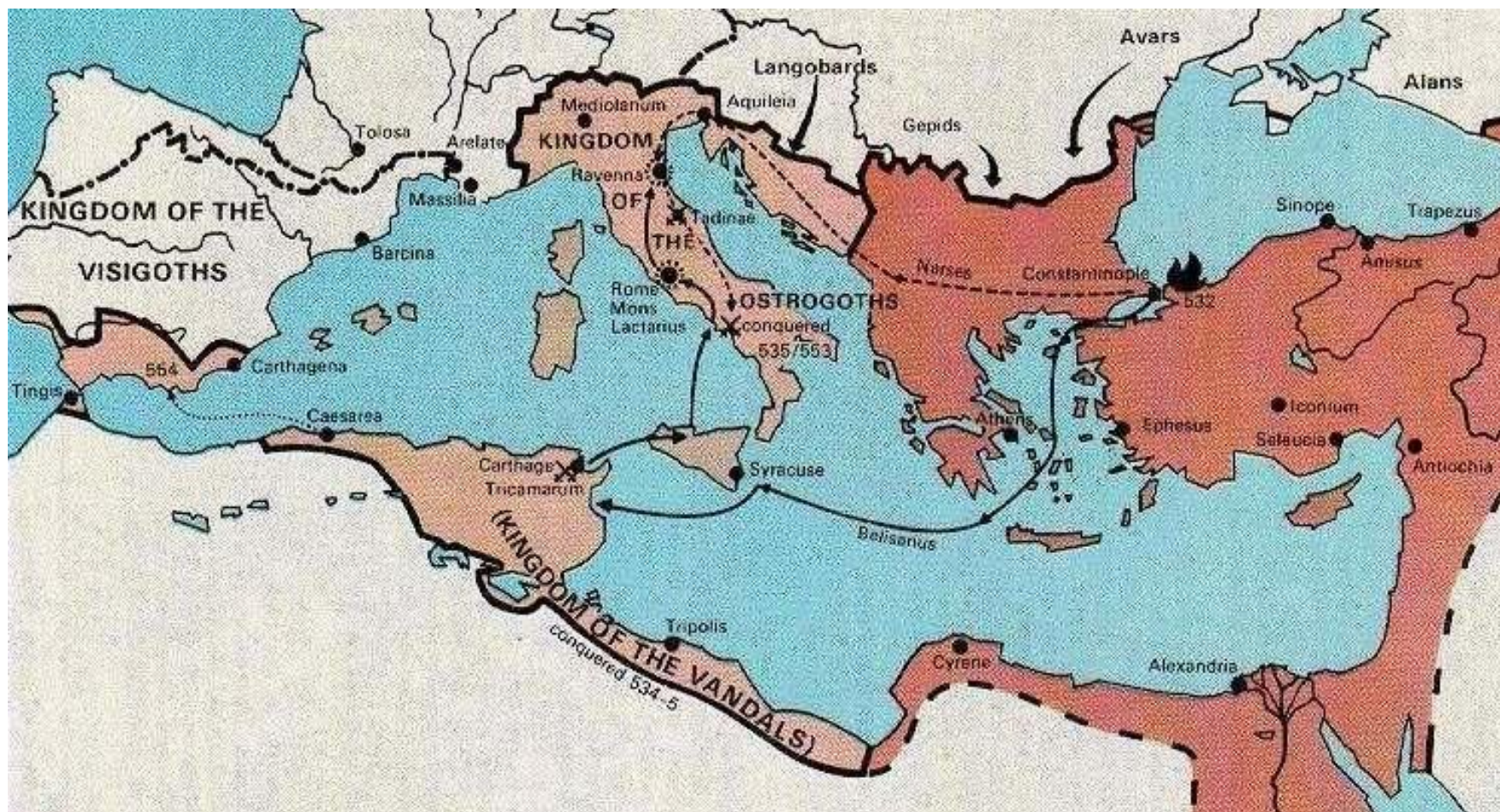


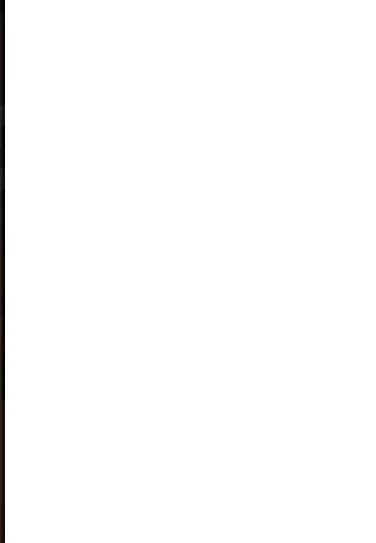
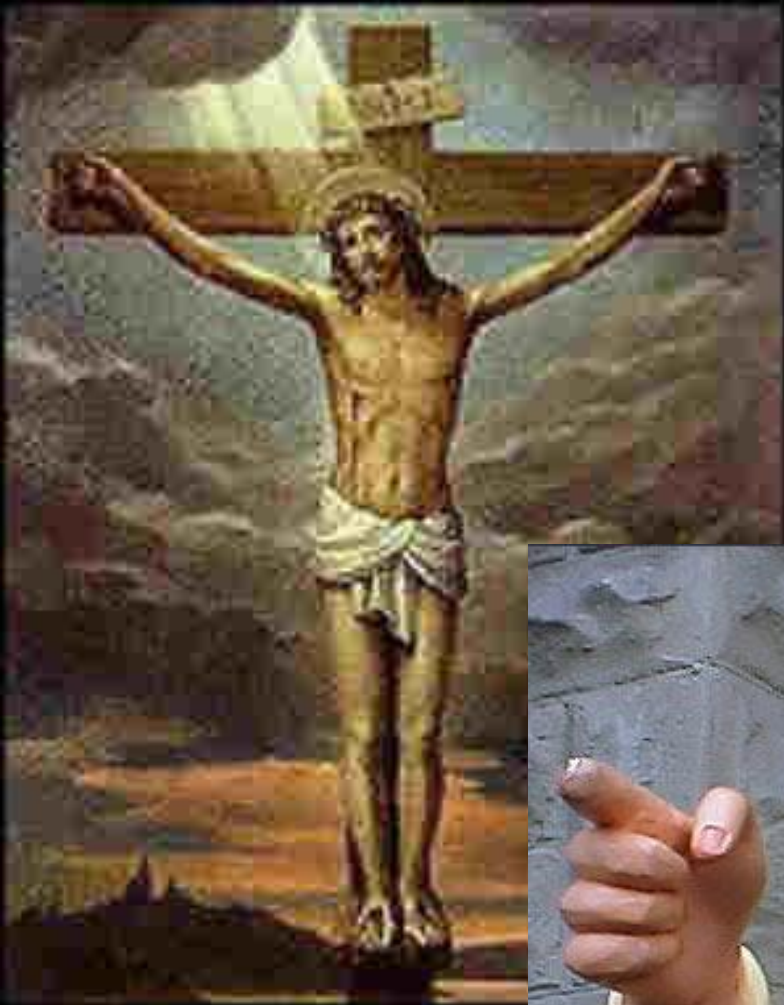


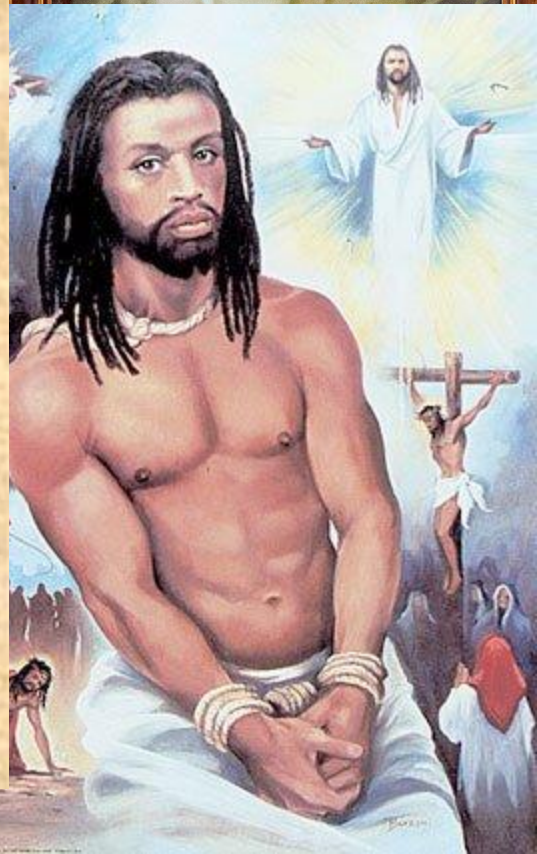
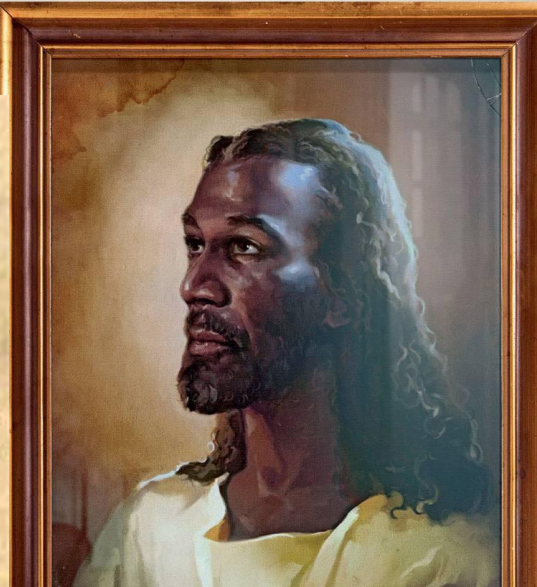
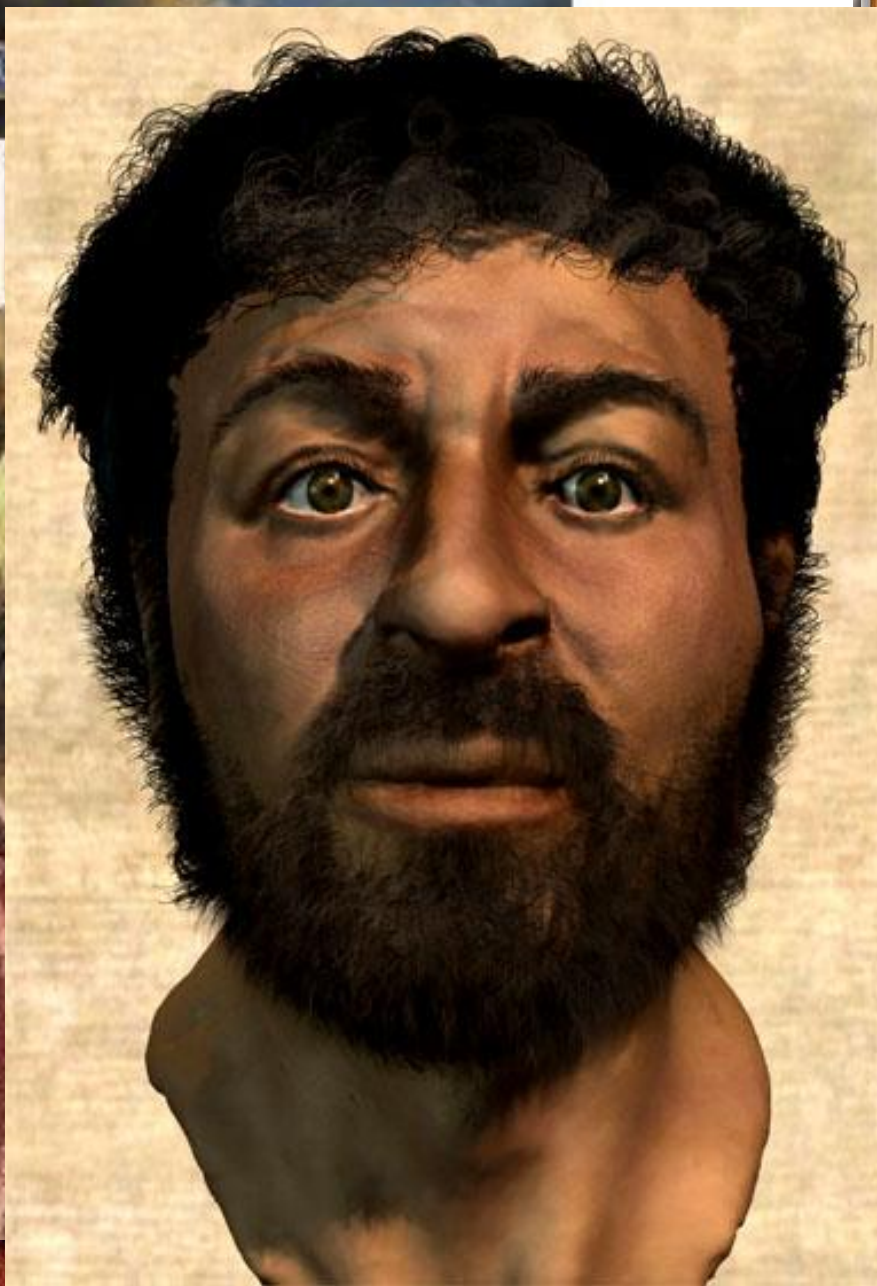


By 400 C.E. the separation of the eastern and western portions of the empire was gradually taking shape not only physically and politically but also economically and spiritually..





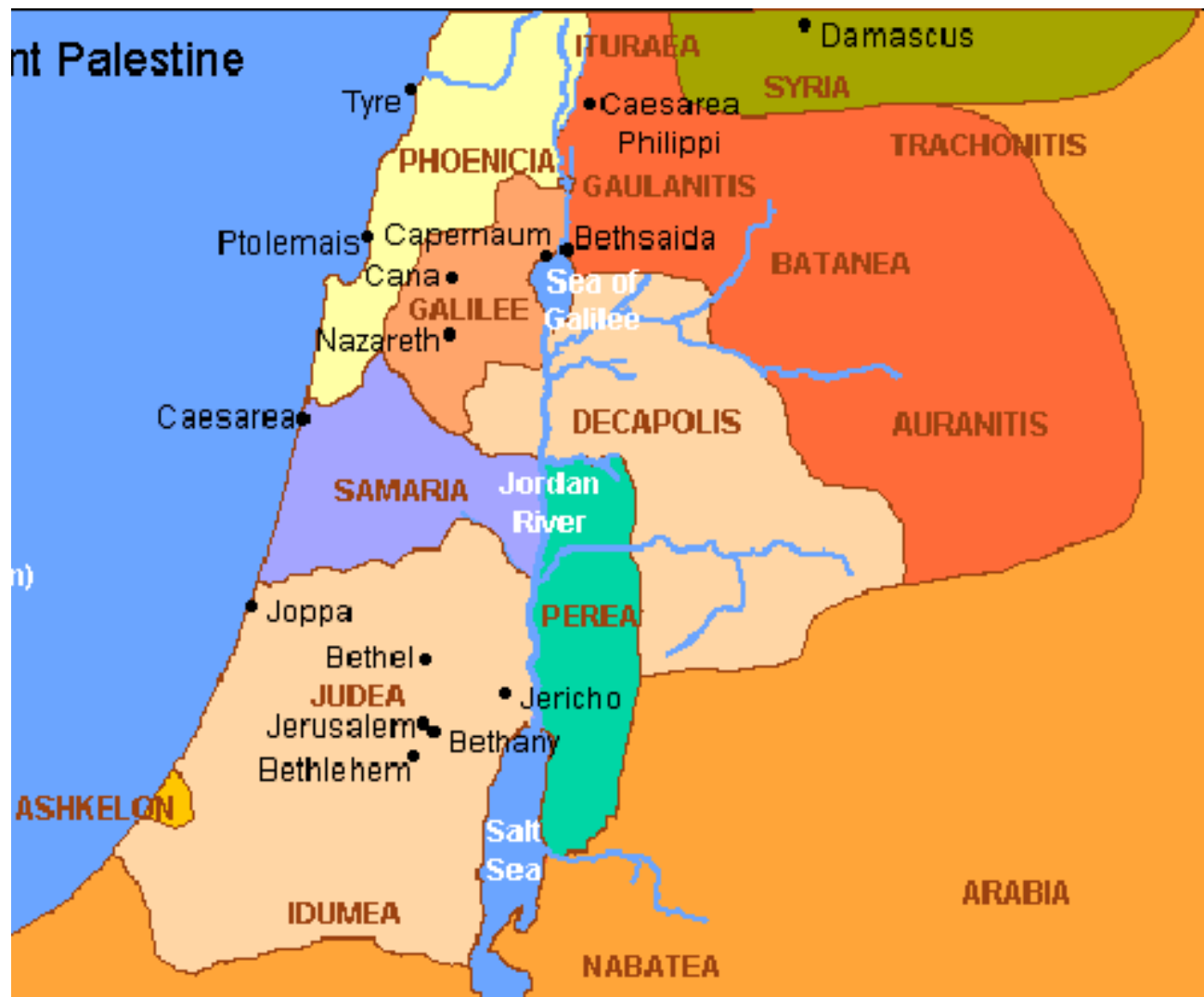


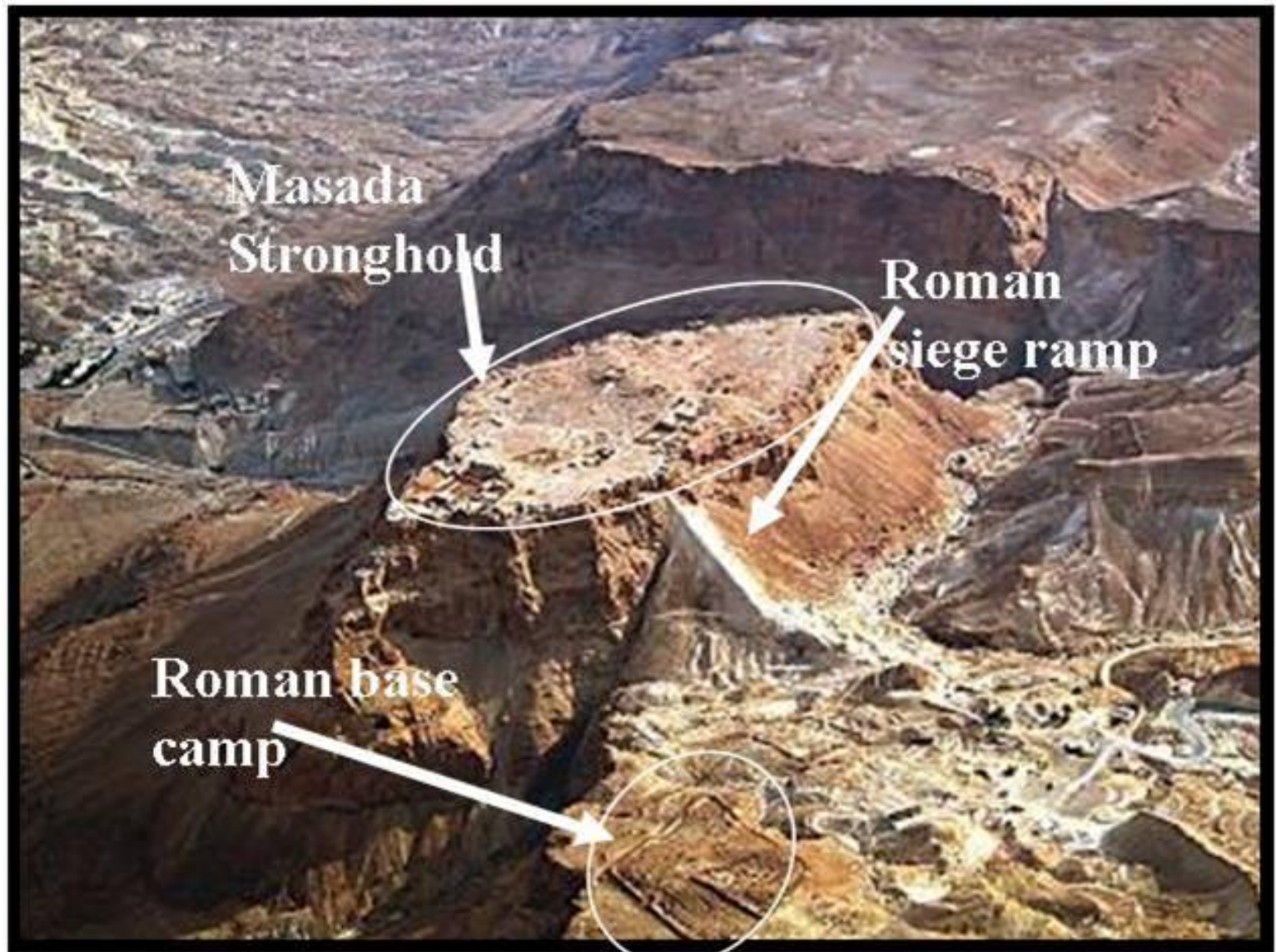




Copyright Fortean Picture Library







Monty Python's *Life of Brian*

Peoples front of Judea

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gb_qHP7VaZE&feature=related

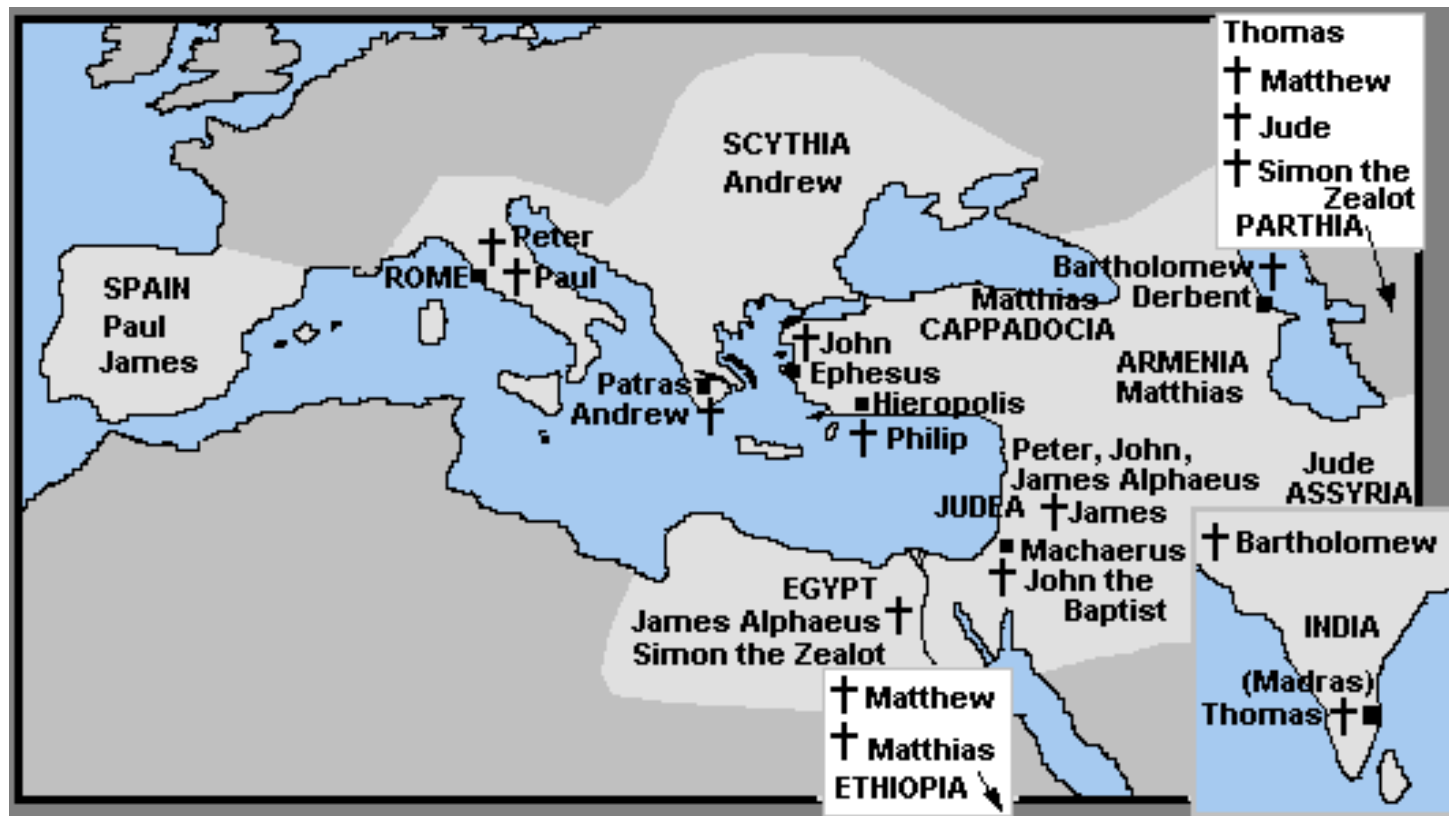
The Preachers

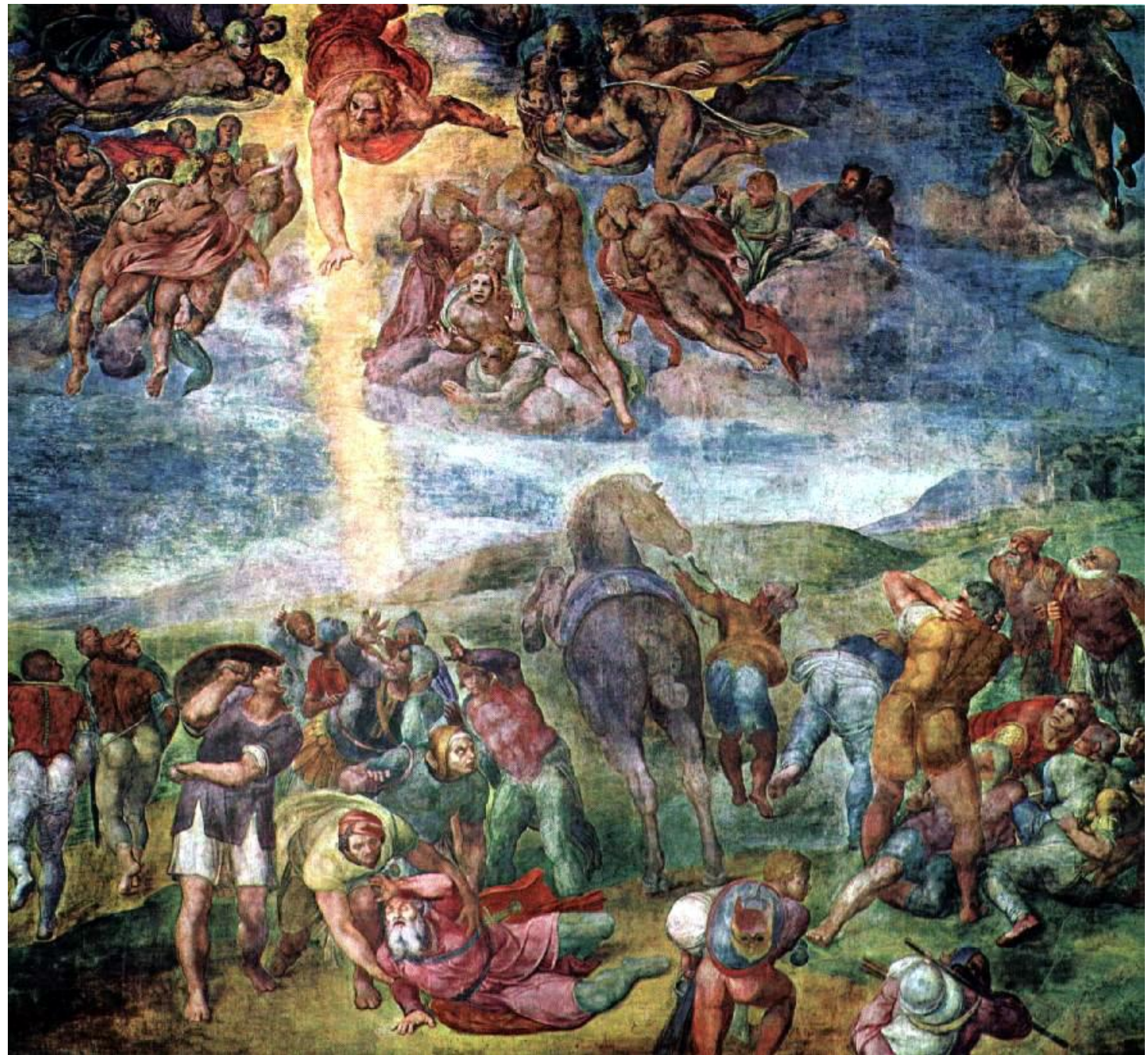
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LGgrDTcjBQs&feature=related>

The Messiah

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nf76lynPdZc&feature=related>

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=krb2OdQk>
cMc8NR_1



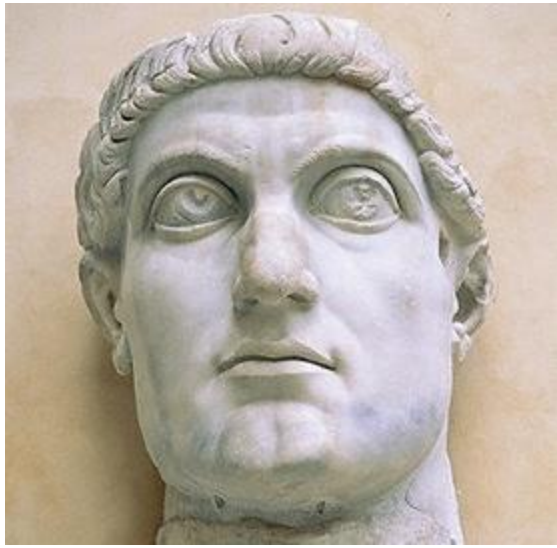


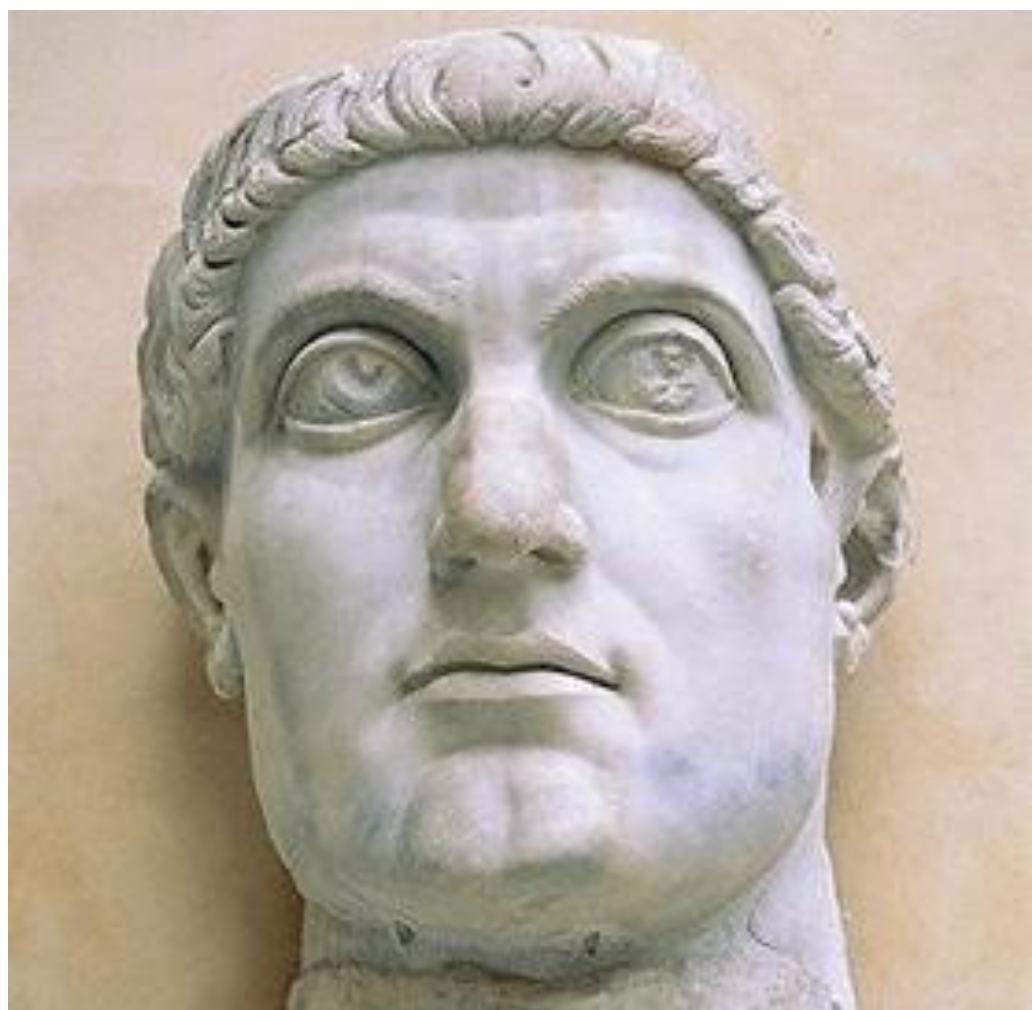


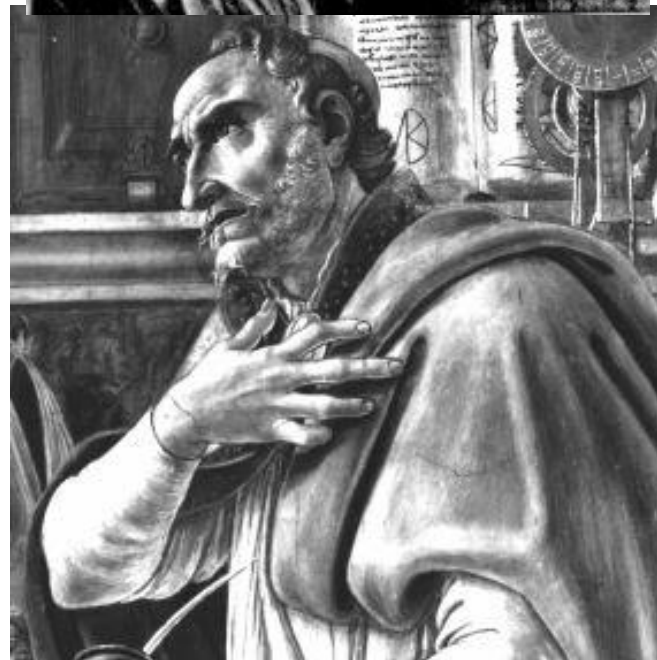


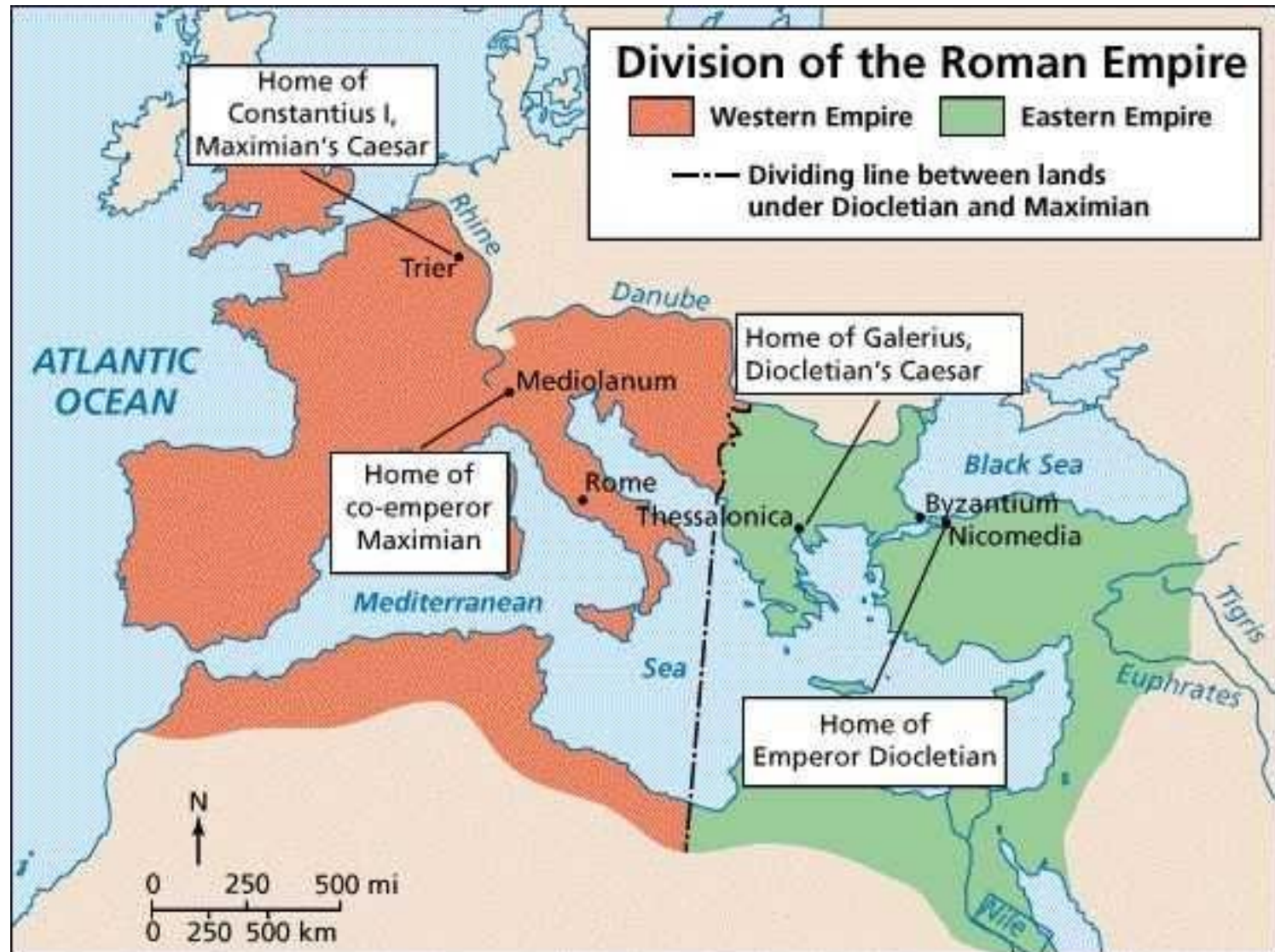


*In some cases part of the population remained pagan for some time thereafter.
 †Other cities Arian Christianity.





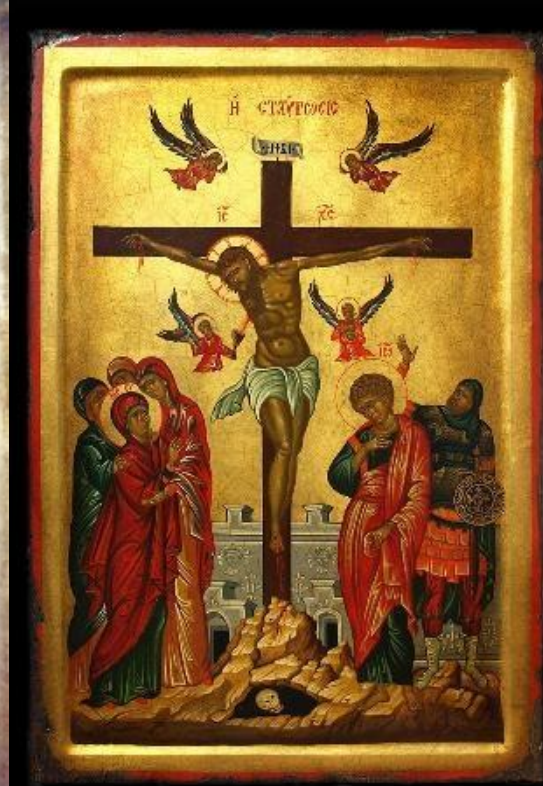
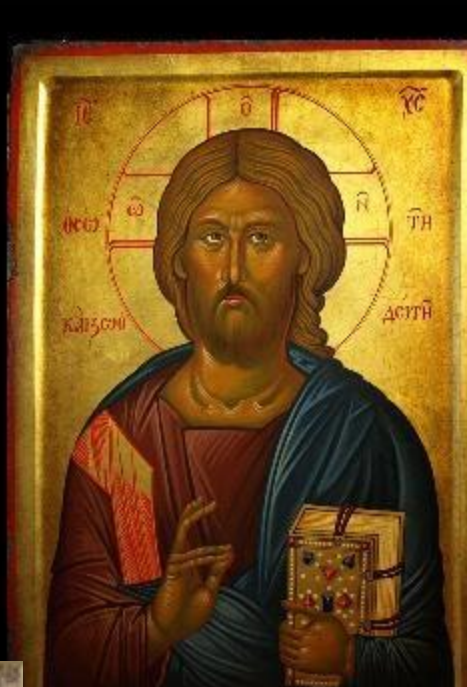


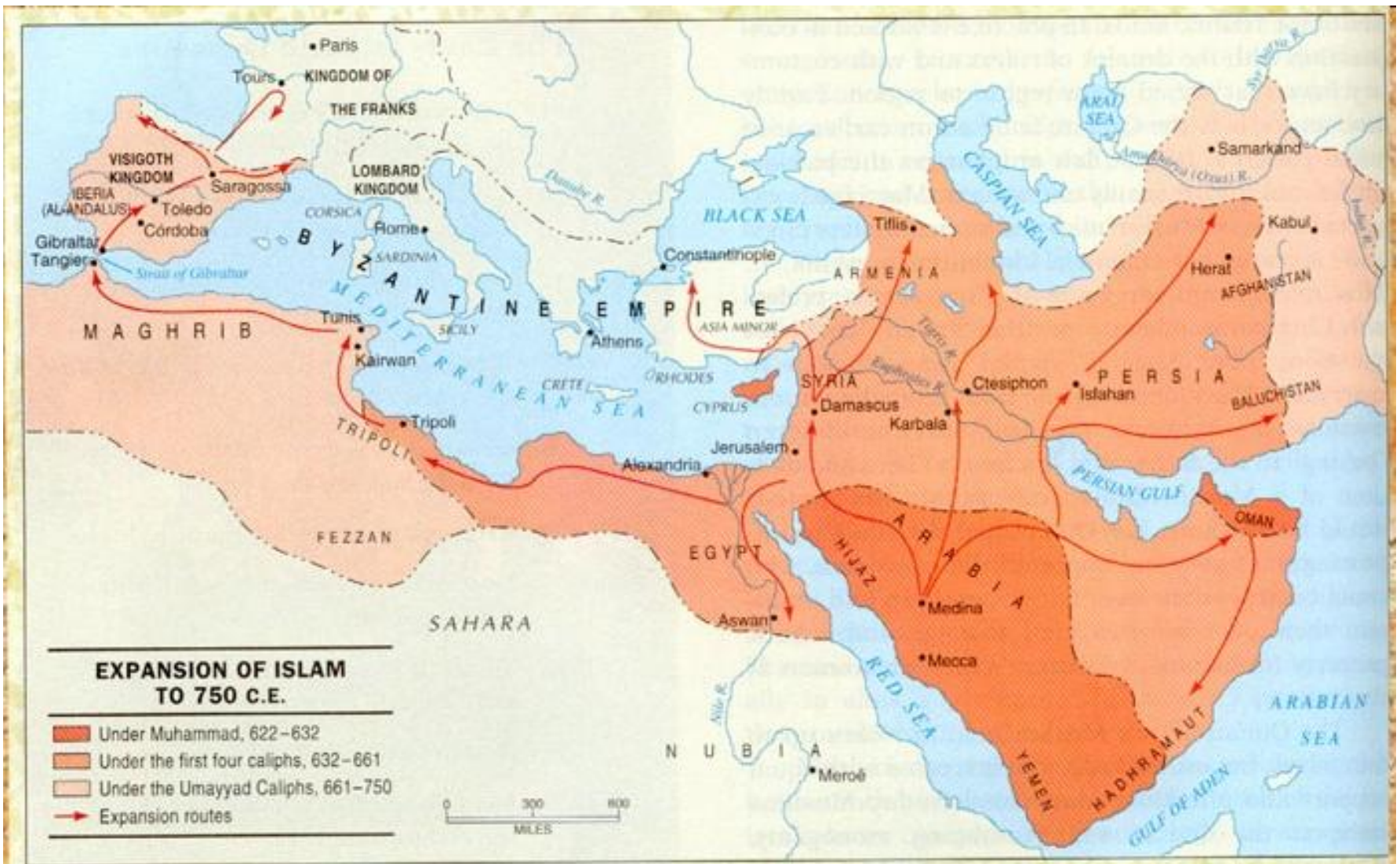






The Byzantine Empire went from a major to a minor power in the century and a half portrayed on this map. After the Turkish defeat at Manzikert in 1071, the Byzantines maintained effective control only a small fringe of Anatolia. In the Balkans, the new Serbian, Bulgarian, and Hungarian states grew to become powerful, even though the Byzantines claimed control over the region.





The Islamic conquests were rapid and far-reaching. By 750 Islamic monarchs controlled kingdoms stretching from central Asia to Spain.



*In some cases part of the population remained pagan for some time thereafter.
 †Other cities Arian Christians.





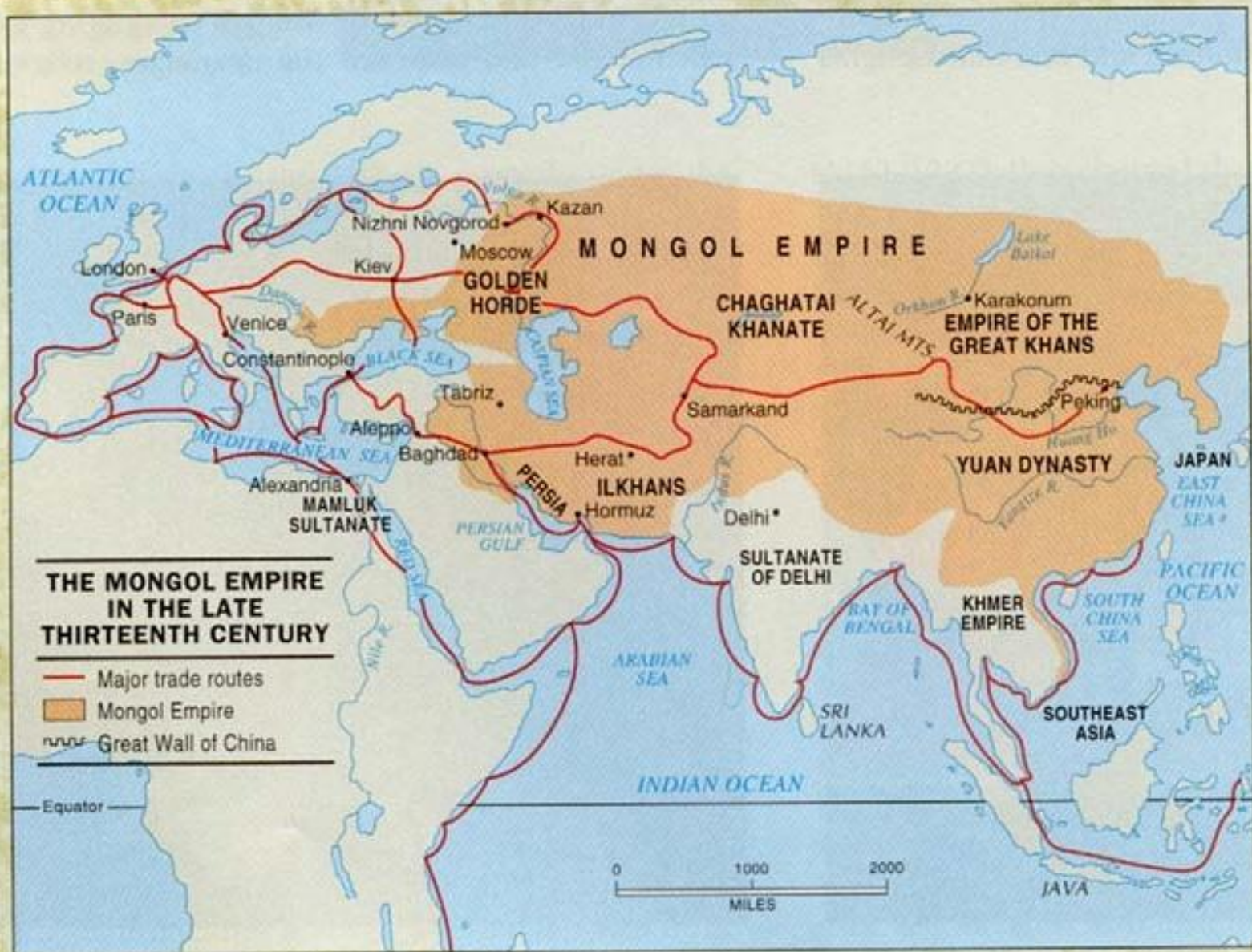
Cumulative question 15% of overall grade

3-4 pgs.

Typed! Due at start of exam!

Throughout this course we have examined the function of both religion and government institutions within numerous cultures. Devise an argument to explain the relationship between religion and government (the secular and religious world.) How did these two forms of authority compliment, conflict, and compromise over the span of Western Civilization.

Use at least 5 different weeks of the course and 4 different primary sources to fully answer the question. Because you may use your class materials, your **argument** should be highly detailed and well proven with specifics from lecture and the textbook.



The Mongols extended their hegemony over a major part of the Eurasian landmass, from the Danube to the Pacific for the better part of two centuries.



All the national borders of the Middle East have been drawn, since World War I.